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The Irish Times.

14 PAGES. PRICE 2D. DUBLIN, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1933. VOL. LXXV. NO. 23,897.

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ROLL OF HONOUR.
IN MEMORIAM.
(1914-1918)

ALGEO—In proud and loving memory of Captain Norman Algeo, Leinster Regiment, aged 23 years, died of wounds November 30th, 1917, younger son of the late Rev. Lewis and Mrs Algeo, Ardara Rectory, County Donegal, and grandson of the late Lewis Algeo D.L., Glenboy, Manorhamilton, County Leitrim.

THOMPSON—In loving memory of Robert Thompson (Machine Gun Corps), killed in action near Cambrai, 30th November, 1917, late Irish Land Commission.—Father.

WILSON—In loving memory of Willie, South Irish Horse, killed in action November 30th, 1917. "Hath he not heard the Master's sweet 'well done, Enter My rest, your crown of life is won.'"
—Mother and father.

WILSON—In remembrance of our brother, Willie, R.I.H., killed at Arras, November 30th, 1917.
—Eva, Cecil and Eric.

MARRIAGE.

IRELAND and MOOREHEAD—November 10, 1933, at St. Ann's Church, Dawson street, Dublin, by Rev. Canon Crozier, William Ireland, youngest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Ireland, of Newcastle, County Wicklow, to Elizabeth Maud, eldest daughter of the late George Moorehead and Mrs. H. Moorehead, 18 Upper Fitzwilliam street.

DEATHS.

BARTLEY—November 29, 1933, at her residence, 48 Malone avenue, Belfast, Isabella, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James Adrain, Templecorran House, Ballycorry, and wife of the Rev. Thomas Bartley. Funeral to-morrow (Friday), the 1st December, at 2 o'clock, by Dr. Dundee's, to Ballycarry Cemetery.

CUFFE—November 26, 1933, at 13 Brunswick Square, Camberwell, London, William Henry, dearly-loved husband of "Pat" Cuffe, and second son of the late Joseph and Louisa Cuffe, of this city. "In Thy presence is fulness of joy." Funeral in London yesterday (Wednesday).

DOYLE—November 29, 1933, at his residence, 363 North Circular road, Dublin, James Alfred Doyle, M.P.S.I., beloved husband of Mary H. Doyle, aged 67 years. Funeral private.

DUNLEA—November 28, 1933, at her residence, Ballycoe, Dungarvan, Ellen, relict of the late William Dunlea (senior). Office and High Mass to-day (Thursday) at Parish Church, Dungarvan, at 10.30. Interment immediately after.

EXON—November 28, 1933, at 12 Douglas road, Southbourne, Bournemouth, Charlotte A. K., wife of Charles Exon.

GERRARD—November 28, 1933, at her son-in-law's residence, Dublin, Jane, beloved wife of James Gerrard, late Kingstown. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing husband, daughters, sons-in-law, and grandchildren. "Come unto Me ye weary." Funeral arriving Dean's Grange Cemetery 10.30 a.m. to-morrow (Friday).

HEALY—November 29, 1933, at his residence, 6 Anglesea Buildings, Upper George's street, Kingstown, Thomas J., dearly-loved husband of Madeline Healy. "With Christ, which is far better." Funeral to Dean's Grange, after Service in the Mariners' Church at 10 o'clock to-morrow (Friday) morning.

JACOB—November 28, 1933, at St. Michael's, Aliesbury road, Dublin, very suddenly, Mary Ann, beloved wife of George N. Jacob. Funeral private.

KELLY—November 29, 1933, at 1 Alexandra terrace, Bray, Mary Kelly. Deeply regretted. Funeral arrangements later.

McBIRNEY—November 29, 1933, at 64 Garville avenue, Rathgar, Lucy McBirney, eldest daughter of the late Robert McBirney, of Nassau street, Dublin. "Until the day break and the shadows flee away."

McCULLOUGH—November 29, 1933, suddenly, A. M. McCullough, of 83 Merrion avenue, Blackrock. Funeral from Baggot street Hospital at 11 a.m. to-day (Thursday) to Dean's Grange.

McEVOY—November 29, 1933, at the residence of her daughter, 22 Foster terrace, Dublin, Bridget, relict of the late Nicholas McEvoy, Portlaoighise. R.I.P. Her remains will be removed this (Thursday) evening at 4 o'clock to Church of SS. Peter and Paul, Portlaoighise. Funeral to-morrow (Friday) morning.

MURPHY—November 29, 1933, at his residence, Coolkerry House, Rathdowney, Denis, second son of Mrs. and the late Patrick J. Murphy, R.I.P. Deeply regretted. Remains will be removed to Parish Church, Rathdowney, this (Thursday) evening at 4.30. Office and Requiem Mass at 10.30 to-morrow (Friday) morning. Funeral immediately afterwards to family burial ground at Knockaroo.

SEAMAN—November 28, 1933, at his residence, 21 Lower Baggot street, Dublin, Thomas Seaman, aged 81 years. Deeply regretted by his son and daughters. "Thy will be done." Funeral private.

SHERIDAN—November 27, 1933, at Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital, Sarah, eldest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sheridan, of Roebuck.

STEWART—November 29, 1933, at 67 Leinster road, Rathmines, Mabel Eldon, wife of Randolph Stewart. Funeral private.

TURNER—November 28, 1933, in hospital, Hilda, beloved child of Richard and Lena Turner, Knockanally, Donadea, County Kildare, aged 4 years 10 months. "Resting in His arms."

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this column will be found on Page 6.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mrs. O'Donnell and son, 41 South Richmond street, Dublin, wish to return sincere thanks to their many kind friends, who, by personal calls and letters, sympathised with them in their recent sad bereavement, and trust that this will be accepted by all as a grateful acknowledgment.

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TAKE NOTICE that all persons who have any claim against the estate of Mrs. Christina Maunsell, deceased, late of 49 Mespil road, Dublin, should forthwith send details of their accounts to the undernamed Solicitors for the Executors.
PEEBLES, KNOX and PIGOT, Solicitors,
24 Kildare street, Dublin.

BROADCASTING PROGRAMMES, HOME AND ABROAD. PAGE FOUR.

GIVEN GRATIS
With the CHRISTMAS NUMBER of the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES"
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NEED FOR WINTER DAIRYING—Page 3.

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OPTICIANS.

DIXON and Hempenstall Repair Spectacles same day as received in their works on the premises.—12 Suffolk street, Dublin. 8 22

SEE Yeecotts, and See Better—Georges Prescott and Sons, 13 Merrion Row, Dublin. Established 1875. 'Phone 62689 for appointments. T

FISHING, SPORTING, GAMES.

GARNETT'S for Guns, Rifles, Cartridges, Hare Nets, Rabbit Sundries, Gun Repairs. Catalogue free.—Parliament street, Dublin. T

GARNETT'S for Fishing Tackle, Rods, Flies, Baits.—Parliament street, Dublin. T

GUNS, Rifles, Cartridges, Accessories; Hare and Rabbit Nets, Fencing Sundries; Repair Specialist. Catalogues free.—Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin. 8 25

WIRELESS, BROADCASTING, ETC.

FOR Sale, 12 Valve Wireless Set, almost new, £34; original cost, £67 10/-.—1569, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 29 A

SINGLE Dial Super, Push Push Output P. M Speaker; offers; cheap.—X 876, this office. 29 A

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

THE TEA HOLLY.

Writing on this subject in the *Weekly Irish Times*, the Garden Correspondent says:—

Ilex Paraguemsis, the Tea Holly, a native of South America, where it is known as Yerbaa, or Perba de Maté, and which our friend, Captain S. Jones, formerly of Kilkenny, has under cultivation in the Argântine, is with us a greenhouse plant, and seldom seen outside botanic collections. It is generally regarded as a curiosity. Not so the very handsome and hardy Hodgins' Holly, remarkable for its large foliage, making perfect pyramids with but scant training. This Holly is conspicuous in the number of fine specimens to be seen in the spacious grounds of Lord Iveagh's Dublin residence. Of the various green Hollies, the Japanese Ilex latifolius is a distinct kind, which as a lawn specimen is much admired, but, after all, for brilliant berries our native Ilex aquifolium is supreme, and Golden Queen is Queen of the whole tribe.

AT DRUMMOND'S—We still have a few very attractive lots of Flowering Bulbs to clear, at special prices to clear; guaranteed top grade. Write or call for special list.—57 and 58 Dawson street, Dublin. T

A SPECIALIST in Garden Planning; rock gardens, crazy paving, rustic pergolas, hard tennis courts, colascrete, material supplied; R.H.S. medallist.—R. H. White, F.R.H.S., Whitechurch Nurseries, Rathfarnham, Terenure. 747. T

APPLE Trees—A special bargain to clear. Some strong roach shape trees, fruiting age, will treat as well as the best; 12 in 12 varieties, 12/-; 6 at 6/6; Bramley's same price.—Nash, Athlone. 16 13

APPLE Trees 12 in 12 best varieties, buy selection 12/-, 18/-, 20/- and 24/-; Bramley's same price.—Nash, Athlone. 16 13

APPLES—Bramleys and Eating Apples, 2/6 per stone; second pick, 12/- per cwt.; hand pulled, carefully packed; Motorway paid on 4 stone and upwards, cash with order (cases returned).—From H. J. Mabood, River View Orchards, Butlerbridge, Co. Cavan.

A MELIOSIS clings to everything, dried red leaves in autumn, strong plants, 1/6, 2/6, posting 6d.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 24 X

BULBS—Power's Unique Collection, 250 Flowering Bulbs, 10/-; 500 for 18/6, carriage paid, our selection, including Tulips, Daffodils, Irises, Grape Hyacinths, Jonquils, Scillas, Crocuses, Snowdrops, etc.—Wm. Power and Co., Waterford. 31 X

CUPRESSUS Macrocarpa, pot grown, bushy trees, 2-2½ ft., 12/- dozen; tree, 2½-3 ft., 18/-; dozen, carriage 1/6.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge, Dublin. 24 X

DARWIN Barberry—No better ornamental evergreen flowering shrub or hedge plant; 100, 9/12 inch, 10/-, 12-24 30/-, 12 4/-.—Nash, Athlone. 16 13

FRUIT Trees, Roses, Evergreens, Deciduous and Flowering Shrubs, Climbing and Bedding Plants, Alpine and Herbaceous Plants, Rhubarb, Seakale and Vegetables; large healthy stocks; lowest prices. Catalogues free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 24 X

GREENHOUSES, Frames, Lights; Greenhouses Repaired, Glazing, Painting; moderate.—Byrne, 7 Barrow street. 28 F

GOLDEN Privet

Up Mt. Washington in top

On June 30, two stock Essex Terraplanes, a Six and an Eight, both broke the former record for the run up the 6,000 foot peak of Mt. Washington in New Hampshire. In addition, the Terraplane Eight made this same run from base to summit with the gear-shift lever locked and sealed in high gear—the first time that any car has ever reached farther than the half-way house in high gear. We can supply Terraplanes from stock—the Six from £327, the Eight from £390. (Delivered.)

I.F.S. Distributors: 'Phone 61983/4

P. J. TRACY LTD, 18 STEPHEN'S GREEN

TERRAPLANE '8'

DERNIER CRI!

THE LAST WORD!

THE MARVELLOUS NEW 4 CYL.

70 M.P.H. **"VOGUE" 12** 30 M.P.G.

(Manufactured by Messrs. Humber, Ltd., of Coventry.)

Clutchless, Gear Change, Automatic Starting.

CHIC, QUALITY, AND ECONOMY COMBINED.

NOW ON VIEW AT THE AGENTS—

ROBERT E. GRADY & Co. Ltd.,

38 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN (4 DOORS FROM R.I.A.C.)

MODERN AS THE MINUTE

With their long, low sweeping lines and beautiful are as impressive as they are powerfully engined. Purchasable cash down or on Budget terms: immediate delivery from stock is offered.

inferiors, the new Morris-Cowleys They represent transcending value.

Sole I.F.S. Importers: G. A. Brittain, Ltd., Portobello, Dublin

Morris-Cowley "4" and "6"

Saloons - - 12 h.p. Cowley 4 Saloon, £265
15 h.p. Cowley 6 Saloon, £285

Delivered Dublin.

HUMBER CARS

for all purposes.

"Twelve" 16/60 Snipe 80 and Pullmans.

Wide range of body styles.

Sole I.F.S. Distributors:

BUCKLEYS MOTORS, LTD.,

34 LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.

'Phone 43909.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

SITUATIONS VACANT.

REFRIGERATION ENGINEER.

Important Refrigeration Firm in Free State REQUIRE experienced ENGINEER to take charge of Engineering and Service Department. Reply, stating age, experience, salary expected, to "Engineer," c/o McConnell's Advertising Service, Ltd., Publicity House, Dublin. 28 E

A BUSINESS Training at Skerry's College, 76 Stephen's Green, qualifies for the best posts. Prospectus free. T

ASSISTANT (Female) WANTED for Christmas Sales; must have had experience. Apply Lawrence and Son, 42 Lower O'Connell street.

A COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER REQUIRED, R.C. Male; provinces; state age, wage, references.—X 897, this office.

CUTTER MANAGERESS for Frock and Blouse Factory, to take full control and cut with assistant cutter for 15 power machines. Must be good copyist; liberal salary to competent person. Applications, strictly confidential, state full particulars, to X 851, this office. 28 E

DAIRY HELPER WANTED for few hours in house, Glasnevin district; state wages, etc.—X 881, this office.

FOREWOMAN WANTED for city Factory; knowledge of packing foodstuffs an advantage; state age, experience and wages expected.—X 770, this office. 27 E

FIVE Guineas offered for Correct Solutions of simple Picture Puzzle in the Christmas Number of the "Weekly Irish Times." Now on Sale. Price threepence.

GHOSTS and Goblins and other entrancing tales, one the Christmas Number of the "Weekly Irish Times." Now on Sale. Price threepence. 28 F

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED (Protestant), lady with knowledge of cooking; state salary, send reference. Address "Z 4720, Housekeeper," this office. 29 F

INTELLIGENT YOUTH REQUIRED, Customs' Clearance Work, City office.—X 817, this office.

INTELLIGENT BOY JUNIOR OFFICE ASSISTANT (Protestant), REQUIRED by city firm. Reply, stating age, experience, salary expected, X 902, this office.

NOTICE

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this paper great care should be taken to include the catch words, when same are given; after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope.

LADY in Bray WANTS LADY ACCOMPANIST, Classical Songs; state price per; must be moderate.—1005, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 26 D

SHORTHAND TYPISTS WANTED, some bookkeeping; good appearance, manner, and address; state age, references, indoor; Ivanhoe Hotel.—X 764, this office. 27 E

SALESWOMAN WANTED, Ladies' and Children's Outfitting. Apply 10 South George's street. 29 A

THE Romance of Old Dublin is one of the most interesting special features in the Christmas Number of the "Weekly Irish Times." Now on Sale. Price threepence. 28 F

WANTED, Protestant GIRL as MOTHER'S HELP; state salary.—Mrs. Clarke, Scartown House, Rosconmon. 28

WANTED, JUNIOR CLERK, with knowledge of customs clearance, for City firm; state age, experience and salary expected.—X 838, this office. 28 D

WANTED, a thoroughly experienced BOOKKEEPER for general trading concern in West. Address with copies references, stating salary (outdoor), to "Z 4718, Bookkeeper," this office. 29

YOUNG LADY, SHOP ASSISTANT, accustomed to bookkeeping; state age, experience.—X 702, this office. 25 D

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, INVESTMENTS, ETC.

BUSINESS Man prepared to invest £200 to open Factory in Dublin; great prospects; Partnership offered.—X 816, this office. 28 D

CASH Advances from £10 upwards. Apply 52 Fleet Exchequer street, Dublin.

ESTABLISHED and progressive Belfast Business requires £3,000 additional capital on well secured Debentures; state rate of interest required. Reply Box No. 1044, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

FOREIGN Traders starting in Ireland with new industry, seek Irish Capital, about £2,500 pounds; full security given.—X 840, this office.

LOANS guaranteed on moderate terms.—P. T. Daly, 34 Fownes's street.

LOANS Advanced on reduced terms, £10 upwards; strictly private.—Commercial Union Loan and Discount Co., 57 Mid. Abbey street. 'Phone 43069.

£5 TO £500 Advanced privately on approved personal security of borrowers at an extremely low rate of interest; loan can be repaid by small instalments to suit. Call or write for particulars.—S. Freeman and Co., 1 Garfield street, Belfast.

£5 AND Upwards Advanced.—31 Exchequer street, Dublin. Strictly private. Tel., 21567.

£10 TO £500 Cash Advanced. Post-dated Cheques cashed. Bills discounted. Special terms on Deeds, Shares and Policies. Apply Central Trust, Ltd., 17 Clare street, Dublin.

£1,400 REQUIRED, 5½ per cent., security splendid shop residence, important district.—X 746, this office. 27 E

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS, OFFICIALS, SERVANTS, ETC.

POSITIONS VACANT.

WANTED, experienced young COOK. Apply Royal St. George Yacht Club, Kingstown. 28 D

EMPLOYMENT WANTED

HOUSEMAID or Housemaid Waitress, experienced; hotel, restaurant, city; recommended.—X 884, this office.

HOTEL Housemaid or Housemaid Waitress, experienced; city; highly recommended.—X 863, this office.

PROTESTANT Housemaid Waitress, experienced, good references.—X 868, this office.

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED.

A WELL known company REQUIRES immediately a REFRIGERATOR SALES SUPERVISOR for Irish Free State; salary and commission; strictly confidential. Apply in first instance, giving full particulars age, etc., to X 775, this office. 27 E

CANVASSER REQUIRED; must have previous experience advertising.—X 911, this office. 29 A

RELIABLE energetic AGENTS, having entree Architects, Builders, offered good Lines, provinces; commission; full particulars.—X 820, this office. 28 F

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED for the Free State, on commission, to Represent an old established Tyre and Rubber Manufacturer. Only those carrying other lines, and who have a car, need apply.—X 886, this office. 29 A

WANTED, CANVASSER for Wireless Sets; live wire essential.—1570, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 29 A

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS.

LAW Clerk, 4 years' experience, desires post; good knowledge of High Court, competent Circuit and District Administration and Probates, expert shorthand typist; small salary.—X 822, this office. 27 E

MEDICAL NURSING AND APPOINTMENTS.

EXPERIENCED Nurse Attendant, hospital trained; town, country; recommended.—X 802, this office.

NURSE, with good practice and fitted nursing home, desires PARTNER with capital, with a view to open up business in a larger way; good investment for ambitious woman.—72, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

TRAINED Nurse requires post as Nurse Companion or Housekeeper to lady or gentleman; free now.—X 760, this office. 27 E

TUITIONS AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

ALL Professional and University Prelims., Oral and Correspondence Courses. Success lists free.—McGuire's College, Gardiner's Row, Dublin. T

ALL Exams.—French, English, Latin, Maths.; day, evening; moderate.—Miss Wallace, B.A., 6 Capel street. 23 E

DANCING—Private Lessons, any time; classes nightly. — Prof. Graham, 35 North George's street. 12 18

EDUCATED young Lady give daily Tuition, children, 5 to 10 years; experienced, willing; Rathgar-town district.—X 695, this office. 25 D

EMERSON'S College—Irish Classes, 7/6 monthly; Expert Individual Tuition.—30 Lower Abbey street. 27 F

TRINITY Undergraduate will Grind for Exams. or Tutor backward boys; terms very moderate.—X 903, this office. 29 A

THE Romance of Old Dublin is one of the most interesting special features in the Christmas Number of the "Weekly Irish Times." Now on Sale. Price threepence. 28 F

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

FULLY qualified GOVERNESS WANTED, fluent German and French; reside German-speaking city from February; three girls, 12, 9, and 8; terms and references.—Address "Z 4885, Governess," this office. 27 E

WANTED, for Rathmore School, Co. Longford, PRINCIPAL (FEMALE), L.C., musical; send testimonials.—Rector, Gowna, Cavan 26 D

WANTED, Grind: First Arts, Latin, Mathematics; near Bray; two 1½ hour periods weekly; state terms.—X 697, this office. 25 D

WANTED immediately, Grind, Logic; Senior Freshman examination.—X 900, this office.

WANTED, TRUMPETER, to Teach beginner Trumpet. Reply, stating fee, to X 891, this office.

A Rare Bargain

1933 CHRYSLER "Mortlake" Six Cylinder. Only done 12,000 miles, appearance and performance as new. Cost £475 just a year ago, and must now be sold for private reasons at bargain price £350. Trial gladly. On view at Showrooms of

F. M. SUMMERFIELD, LTD.

Chrysler Distributors,

133 LOWER BAGGOT STREET, DUBLIN.

USED CAR BARGAINS.

VAUXHALL Cadet 1932 Saloon, colour black and red, as new, small mileage, taxed until end of year £200

ARMSTRONG SIDDELEY 15 h.p. 2-Seater, particularly good order, taxed to end of year... £72 10/-

McCAIRNS MOTORS, LTD.,

2 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

EDUCATED Catholic Girl desires training, Mother's Help or Nurse; needlewoman; recommended. Address "Z 4708, Help," this office. 28 D

EXPERIENCED Housekeeper, where help given; city, suburbs; highly recommended. — X 870, this office.

GROCERY and Hardware—Young Man (Protestant), 8½ years' experience, good appearance and address Address "Z 4679, Man," this office. 27 F

HARDWARE, Ironmongery, and Seeds—Young Man, Protestant, 6 years' experience, desires change; excellent references. Address "Z 4717, Man," this office. 28 F

HOUSEKEEPER (Protestant), four years in last place, over five in present, disengaged end December.—X 890, this office.

LADY highly recommends, as Caretakers, mother and daughter; most respectable, reliable, strictly honest; do housework in return. Address "Z 4676, Caretakers," this office. 25 D

NO salary, Lady, useful, Companion. I.C., wishes situation. Address "Z 4731, Lady," this office. 29 F

SUPERIOR Widow, experienced in Grocery and Tobacconist Business, wants employment.—X 923, this office.

THOROUGHLY competent, well educated Lady, Shorthand Typist, Bookkeeper, capable taking charge office, seeks engagement; highest references; in last employment for years, lost owing to tariffs; salary less important than work. Address "Z 4681, Lady," this office. 25 D

YOUNG country Girl to train Drapery Business, or General; recommended.—X 883, this office.

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

COWMAN (Protestant), married, active, clean; small lodge. Copies, age, wages to Ballour, Townley Hall, Drogheda. 29 A

HELP, married, quiet country place; good milker and butter maker, generally useful; gate lodge, firing, milk; good references essential. Call 8 Leeson Park, or apply Mortimer, Lake View, Mullagh, Kells. 28

MALE COOK GENERAL (indoor) WANTED. Apply, stating age, salary, and send copies references, to Dr. J. A. Flannery, Springmount, Tubbercurry, Co. Sligo. 29 X

MILKER WANTED; cycle; clean habits, appearance; indoor, 10/-.—X 914, this office.

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS WANTED.

WORKING HEAD GARDENER, capable of taking charge of hothouses, peaches, etc.; house and usual allowances; state age, qualification and wages asked. Address "Z 4710, Gardener," this office. 28 D

WANTED, thoroughly experienced GARDENER, to live in; Co. Dublin; £1 per week. Reply X 879, this office. 29 F

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

BUTLER Valet, excellent servant, free; splendid references. Address "Z 4687, Butler," this office.

MALE Cook, experienced, General to single gentleman.—Michael O'Connell, Deesart, Valentia Island. 28 c

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

HEAD Working Gardener, Protestant, disengaged, thoroughly experienced all branches; highly recommended.—Quinn, Kilcoursey, Clara, Offaly. 27 F

DOMESTICS WANTED.

MARRIED COUPLE WANTED for country house after Xmas; Man, Butler, Valet; Wife, good Housemaid. Apply, with copies of references, to Mrs. Maher, Ballinakelly, Enniscorthy. 28 F

WANTED, respectable young GIRL for General Housework; Terenure, Dublin.—X 895, this office. 29 X

WANTED, DAILY MAID, experienced, 8.30 to 3 (no Sundays), Rathmines, 8/- weekly.—B O 796, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

"IRISH TIMES"

EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.

NO FEES CHARGED.

HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

The Matron has several vacancies on her books for recommended Unemployed, experienced and untrained; placed immediately.

31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.

'Phone: 23062.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

COOK GENERAL WANTED; must be young and clean; Lucan locality. Apply, with copies references, X 842, this office. 28 D

COOK GENERAL (R.C.) WANTED, London; two years' good personal references essential; £50. Reply house of Vice-Admiral and Mrs. Pilcher, 36 Queen's Gate terrace, London, S.W. 7. 29 A

PROTESTANT COOK and HOUSE PARLOURMAID REQUIRED for country house, 6 in family, 5 in kitchen, baking done; no dairy or washing; between maid and cook. Apply, by letter, stating wages and references, to Mrs. Brian Crichton, Carrowgarry, Ballisodare, Co. Sligo. Interviews can be arranged. 26 X

GENERALS WANTED.

CAPABLE GENERAL WANTED, town in Queen's County; family 3; send all particulars. Address "Z 4702, General," this office. 28 D

CAPABLE GENERAL WANTED, experienced girl; good plain cook, etc.; well recommended; good wages. Apply Dungriffin, 2 Sydney Parade, Ballsbridge.

FULLY trained GENERAL, under thirty; good cooking; no range; good outings; two family; Rathcoole.—X 756, this office 27 E

GENERAL WANTED. Call, with reference, to 53 Rathfarnham road, between 3 and 5 o'clock.

GENERAL WANTED; two in family; plain cooking, small washing; enclose copies.—1568, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

WANTED, experienced GENERAL, good cook; well recommended, family three.—Miss Irvine, Greystones 27 F

WANTED immediately, superior GENERAL MAID; good plain cook, early riser; no washing.—Cholcner, Rathenree, Foxrock. 28 D

WANTED, young country GIRL, GENERAL; well recommended; cleanliness essential; Donnybrook. X 896, this office.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID; good reference; state age and wages.—Mrs. V. Delany, Longford. 28 F

WANTED, young GIRL as UNDER HOUSEMAID, some experience.—D'Olier, Wingfield. Bray. 29 A

NURSES WANTED.

WANTED, 18th December, hospital trained CHILDREN'S NURSE, Protestant; one boy, age 4 years, baby expected later; good needlewoman. Address "Z 4700, Nurse," this office. 24 F

WANTED immediately, experienced NURSE (R.C.) to take complete charge of baby 14 months, also look after two boys 3½ and 5½ years, school going. Address, with copies references, "Z 4719, Nurse," this office. 29 F

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED immediately, a KITCHENMAID; some experience necessary. Apply, enclosing lady's reference and state age, religion and wages expected, to Lady Ashtown, Woodlawn, Co. Galway. 29 F

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

A NUMBER Cooks, Generals, H. P.'maids, Nurses.—Kennedy's, 68 Sackville street (over Purcell's).

ABOUT Reliable Cooks, Generals, Parlourmaids, Housemaids.—Brady's, 14 Suffolk st. (Grafton st.).

WORKING Housekeeper or General, small adult family; highest references.—X 885, this office.

YOUNG Woman requires five days weekly, from 10 to 5.—B O 797, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

"IRISH TIMES"

EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.

NO FEES CHARGED.

HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Matron can supply well recommended Domestics, experienced and untrained, all capacities.

31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.

'Phone: 23062.

Motor Matters, Cycles, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

AUSTIN Distributors: Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd., 57-58 Lower Baggot street. T

ARMENDRET, Williams and Co., Ltd., Talbot place, Dublin, are Sole Distributors for the famous Crossley Cars. The Crossley 10 is the finest 10 h.p. Car in the world. See us first.

AUSTIN 12 h.p. Coachbuilt Saloon, 1927 model; good tyres, Bedford cord upholstery; £75.—W. B. Crawford (Dublin), Ltd., Earlsfort Garage, Hatch street, Dublin. 28 F

AUSTIN 16/6 1931 Burnham Saloon de Luxe, little used, new condition; insured July, 1934; taxed; dark blue, blue leather; £225.—Martin, 28 Upper Pembroke street.

ARMSTRONG Siddeley Saloon, in perfect condition. Apply J. and P. Good, Sandwith street, Dublin. 29 A

ARMSTRONG Siddeley Six Cylinder saloon, in splendid condition, privately owned, very small mileage, 1928 model, 19.8 h.p.; any trial. Address "Z 4726, Saloon," this office. 29 F

FOR Sale, 9 s.p. Hupp saloon, 1928 model, sound mechanical condition; £45; seen by appointment. Write X 700, this office. 25 D

FOR Sale, 1927 Morris Cowley (4 seater), 11.9 h.p.; new tyres, good appearance; taxed. Can be seen between 6 and 8 p.m. at 25 Parnell place, Harold's Cross. 27 E

FORD Coupe, late 1929, excellent condition; price £255.—845, this office. 28 D

FOR Sale, Fiat 11.1 Saloon, 1930, first class condition (now in Galway), £125. Address "Z 4727, Fiat," this office. 29 A

MORRIS Cowley, late 1928, 2 seater, superb condition, taxed; £38 10/-.—25 Belgrave road, Rathmines.

ROVER 20 h.p. Meteor, 1930, perfect order; £180.—Rossmore, Silchester road, Glenageary. 28 F

ROVER Pilot, 13 h.p., 1932, sliding roof, perfect order, £160.—X 899, this office. 25 D

ROVER 1931 10 H.P. Weyman Fabric Saloon, as new; £110. Address "Z 4725, Motor," this office.

SECONDHAND Cars and Commercial Vehicles, large selection and keen prices; cash or easy terms. Interview us first.—Doyle's Motors, Ltd., 16 Bachelor's Walk.

STANDARD 2 seater, 1924, carefully driven, roomy body; £15.—W 888, this office. 29 A

THE world's cheapest, efficient Transport—passenger or commercial—is FORD. R. W. Archer and Co., Ford Main Dealer, 65 Lower Mount street, Dublin. T

VAUXHALL Cars, 1934 models in stock, for immediate delivery.—Official Agents: Doyle's Motors, Ltd., 16 Bachelor's Walk. Telephone 45161.

MORRIS Cowley, 1931, 4-Door Coachbuilt Saloon, fitted with bumpers, good tyres, taxed, nicely kept car, £125.—Morris Cowley, 1930 Coupe with 2 seater dickey, folding head, overhauled, taxed; £100. Ask for special list of Morris Cars.—Huet Motors.

MORRIS Cowley, 1928, 4-Door Saloon, good tyres, in excellent mech. condition; £85.—Huet Motors.

MORRIS Major Saloons, 1932, £165 and £195; 1931, £140; all in wonderful condition; 3 months' guarantee.—Huet Motors, Ltd., Lower Mount street, Dublin.

MORRIS Minor, 1932, 2-Seater, in very good order, taxed; £105.—Huet Motors.

RENAULT 14 4-Door Saloon, good tyres, in very good order, a large roomy car; a great bargain, £35.—Huet Motors.

RILEY Six, 1931, 14 Alpine Model Saloon, overhauled, an exceedingly nice car to drive, splendid condition and appearance; very low price (3 months' guarantee); £215.—Huet Motors, Ltd., Lower Mount street, Dublin.

ROVER, 1931, 20 Weymann saloon, small mileage, in excellent order, very fast, 3 months' guarantee, reduced price, £190.—Huet Motors.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

A COUNTRY Girl (Catholic) go as Cook General; wages £24; age 19. Address "Z 4723, Cook," this office.

COOK, excellent, very highly recommended; country preferred.—906, this office.

EXPERIENCED Cook General seeks situation; highly recommended; suburbs preferred.—1566, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 28 D

GENERALS DISENGAGED.

CAPABLE, experienced Outdoor General, disengaged, Rathmines, Rathgar; 10/- weekly.—X 915, this office.

EXPERIENCED General, young, all duties; city, suburbs; good references.—X 871, this office.

EXPERIENCED General, plain cooking; city or suburbs; good references.—X 869, this office.

EXPERIENCED General; city or suburbs; well recommended.—X 866, this office.

EXPERIENCED General; baker, dairy, fowl; suburbs preferred; good references.—X 865, this office.

EXPERIENCED General, all duties; city or suburbs; good references.—X 864, this office.

GENERAL, experienced, good references; city, suburbs.—X 887, this office.

GENERAL, experienced, good references; city or suburbs.—X 854, this office.

NOTICE

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RESPECTABLE country General; Dublin suburbs preferred; good references. Address "Z 4673, General," this office. 25 D

REFINED Country Girl desires post, General, adults; experienced; £30. Address "Z 4726, Girl," this office. 29 E

SUPERIOR Girl (27), good plain cook, experienced; nice home appreciated; immediately; interview Wednesday.—X 782, this office.

YOUNG General; city or suburbs; good references.—X 867, this office.

YOUNG Girl (country) wishes to be trained General or Housemaid. Interview this day, 3.30, Universal Bureau, Northumberland avenue, Dun Laoghaire.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

COUNTRY Girl, disengaged, wishes place temporarily, as House Parlourmaid or General; can be highly recommended. Address "Z 4722, Maid," this office. 29 E

HOUSE Parlourmaid, country Girl; some experience; excellent reference.—X 882, this office.

HOUSEMAID, some experience, good references; city.—X 862, this office.

HOUSE Parlourmaid, young (R.C.), well recommended.—E. Brennan, Farnans, Wolfhill, Leix.

NURSES DISENGAGED.

LADY highly recommends Children's Nurse; excellent testimonials.—X 688, this office. 26 D

POULTRY, FISH, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

FATTENING FOR MARKET.

Writing on this subject in the *Weekly Irish Times*, the Poultry Correspondent says:—

The fattening of all birds for the Christmas market should be taken in hands at once—that is, of course, the final finish; for it is presumed they have been really fattening for some months. It is useless to expect a few weeks' special feeding will put sufficient flesh on their frames if they are in poor condition. They should really be under fattening treatment all along, and then a few weeks before killing extra feeding of good quality will give them a plump finishing. Turkeys and geese need not be altogether confined. Indeed, it is better to let the turkeys have a run out each day. This will keep up their appetite. But they should be confined at night to open-fronted sheds. Chickens or fowl should have a few weeks' coop feeding.

ALWAYS Economical—Exchange Poultry Foods; quotations.—Williamson, 12 Burgh quay. Immediate personal attention. Telephone 43006. 16 18

AMERICAN Bronze Turkey Pullets for Sale; price 30/- each; bred from my Crystal Palace Champion.—A. M. Tanner, Greenfield, Killinick, Co. Wexford. 28 D

ABUNDANCE of Eggs—Pure Poultry Mustard, 8d. lb., 7lb. post paid, 5/-; Wheat, 8/6; Poultry Grain, 8/- cwt.; big stocks Fish Meal, Oystershell, Meat Meal.—Ravensdale Mills, 40 Wellington quay, Dublin. 28 F

BEAUTIFUL fat Geese, 5/- each; prime Turkeys, 10/-; excellent Roasting Chickens, Ducks, 5/- pair; trusses, carriage paid.—Miss Dempsey, Poultry Farmer, Rosecarbery. 25 D

BLACK Minorca Cockerels, February, from pedigree stock, Department ringed, from 6/- each; three 1932 pedigree Cocks, M.L., cheap.—Miss Phelan Farren, Ballacolla, Leix.

FAT Roasting Chickens, 4/- pair; fat Geese, 4/6 each; trussed, free.—Eileen Santry, Manor Farm, Rosscarbery, Cork.

GUARANTEED Singing Cock Canaries ideal Xmas present; must sell; 10/- each.—X 833, this office. 28 F

GHOSTS and Goblins and other entrancing tales, one the Christmas Number of the "Weekly Irish Times." Now on Sale. Price threepence. 28 F

NOTICE.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this paper great care should be taken to include the catch words, when same are given; after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope.

LUSCIOUS Table Chickens, 4/9 pair (Sussex 5/6); Geese, 5/6 each, plump Hen Turkeys, 10/6, delivered trussed.—Elizabeth Byrne, Aughrim, Wicklow 26 D

LIGHT Sussex, pedigree, bloodtested, Department ringed Cockerels, 15/- each.—Tyrrell, Grangeclare, Kilmeague. 28 D

MRS. Loughrey, Crusheen, Clare, owner winning pen, Munster Institute, '32-'33, offers pedigree F. and W. Runner Drakes; 7/6, free.

PURE bred American Bronze Turkeys, splendid stock birds, 15/-, 25/-; Sussex Cockerel, 6/-.—Keane, Poultry Farm, Kilkishen.

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

ABSOLUTELY Non-slipping "Imperator" Rubber Horse Shoes, designed for present roads, ideal for greasy, frosty, or icy roads.—Agents, Harris and Sons, City quay and 1 Upper Kevin street, Dublin. 28 F

FOR Sale, two Horses out of city 8cin, cheap.—4 Convent avenue, Richmond road, Fairview. 26 D

HUNTER for Sale, fast, bold jumper, hunted by owner to date; £20.—Berry, Gowrie, Kingstown.

RIDING Taught, adults and children; specially trained children's ponies, miniature jumps; Horses for Hire.—Brian Berry, Gowrie, Sallynoggin, Kingstown.

SET Secondhand Full Size Gig Harness; suit milk van or float.—Smith, 93 Marlborough street, Dublin. 29 E

BUSINESS, BUSINESS PREMISES, LANDS, ETC.

A STORE Wanted, 5,000 feet floor space; Dublin or suburbs.—Johnson Bros., Foxrock. 27 D

A MOST desirable large freehold fully Licensed Private Hotel, standing in 3 acres fine grounds; progressive country seaside, near Bristol; taking £3,000 yearly under management; equipment and furniture valued £1,600; hotel and grounds £6,500, sacrificed £5,500 complete; wet stock about £200; mortgage £3,500, if required. Write Sleightholme, South Shields. 28

A THREE Acre Market Garden to Let; large tomato house, also vinery; moderate rent. Apply Archer, 12 Lower Fitzwilliam street. 'Phone 62023. 29 A

BUSINESS Premises, suitable offices, club, factory, prominent central position; also Flats, living accommodation.—54 Lower Gardiner street. 28 D

CENTRAL City, price £1,100—Business Premises, consisting of Shop and House, with store at rear; upper portion let at £91 per annum.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27 E

CORK street (Number 123)—Extensive Premises, suit dairyman, builder, etc., for Auction next Tuesday. 29 A

CORK street—Number 123 has double gate entrance, out-offices and big sheds; also neat modern brick dwelling-house, now vacant.—Keys, Auctioneer, Albert MacArthur, "The Housefinder." 29

FACTORY, 116, 117 Lower Clanbrassil street, Dublin, to Let. 'Phone 52516. 24 D

FOR Sale, House and Shop in provincial town, in N. Ireland; particulars. Address "Z 4712, Business," this office. 28 F

FIRST class Ladies' Hairdressing Saloon, fully equipped, going concern; leading thoroughfare, city; owner going abroad.—X 898, this office. 29 E

OFFICES to Let, two rooms, well Furnished; central; new building; central heating, self operating electric lift, private dressingroom, hot and cold water and lavatory.—X 758, this office. 27 E

PROSPEROUS Tourist and General Hotel, licensed, West, for Sale. Apply R. G. Browne and Co., Auctioneers, Westport. 27 F

SOUTH City—Excellent position, spacious Premises, consisting of 24 rooms; price £2,050.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27

TO Let, large Shop, Dwellinghouse, with enclosed and extensive stores in Broughshane street, Ballymena.—James H. McKinney and Sons, Broadway, Ballymena. 28 F

19 LORD Edward street—Roomy Shop and Basement. Key at No. 2. 28 F

CONTINUED ON PAGE 14.

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

ANOTHER New Bedford, and a good one, the 12 Cwt. Delivery Van, with Synchro-Mesh gears, at £215, plus carr. Distributors: McCairns Motors, Ltd., 2 Dawson street. 'Phone, 44397-8. X

BEDFORD Trucks, Vans, Buses, immediate delivery from stock.—Official Agents: Doyle's Motors, Ltd., 16 Bachelor's Walk. Telephone 45161. T

FORD Van for Sale; £60.—T. J. Kavanagh, 149 Phibsboro' road. 'Phone 52681. 28 F

MOTOR CYCLES.

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern street (opposite Four Courts); new garage. X

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

AT Roberts, Talbot lane, Dublin—Guaranteed Second-hand Tyres, cheap; all sizes stocked. T

COOK'S for Tyres—Largest in Ireland. All makes, all sizes, new and clearance; Motor Oils, 5 gallon drums, 12/6.—Fenian street (Westland Row) and Hawkins street (Theatre Royal), Dublin. 'Phone 62618. T

BICYCLES.

ACCEPTABLE Christmas Presents—What could be better than a Bicycle for your little Boy or Girl. All models now in stock. Baby Machines with pneumatic tyres, £3 3/- cash only; or Junior Models from £4 10/- or 8 per month. No deposit. Avoid disappointment by leaving your order at once.—B. W. Stevens, the Cycle King, 8 Aston's Quay, Dublin. Est. 1896. 26 1

MAKE the Kiddies happy this Christmas—What could be more useful than a Rudge Whitworth Juvenile Bike? All sizes in stock. Prices from £3 10/- cash, or 10/- deposit and 6/2 monthly.—John Hanan (late of R. W. Stevens), 126 St. Stephen's Green (next to Turkish Baths). Open till 9 p.m. Fridays and Saturdays.

SHOP-SOILED Cycles—A limited supply of high grade Bicycles at Greatly reduced prices.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Motor Driver desires change, private or commercial; highest reference.—X 915, this office. 29 E

A PRIZE OF £1,521.

LIMERICK SWEEPSTAKE ACTION.

(BEFORE THE MASTER OF THE HIGH COURT.)

In an action in which Annie Delaney, 17 Upper William street, Limerick, is plaintiff, and May Richardson (a minor) and Nora Richardson (her mother), of The Hermitage, Castleconnell, Co. Limerick, and the Trustees of the Irish Hospitals' Sweepstakes are defendants,

An application was made on behalf of the plaintiff for discovery of documents against the defendants, May and Nora Richardson.

The plaintiff claims a declaration that she holds one-half share in a ticket No. XJ 34226 in the Irish Hospitals' Sweepstake on this year's Derby, the counterfoil of which was marked "May Richardson and Co." The ticket drew a prize of £1,521 14s. 6d. The defendants, May and Nora Richardson, contend that Edward Richardson, who had since died, purchased the whole ticket.

The Master remarked that it would be common-sense to presume that the words "and Co.," which the late Edward Richardson directed to be put on the counterfoil, meant that he intended that his children were to share the benefit of the ticket. He granted the plaintiff's application for discovery against the defendants, May and Nora Richardson, and he also granted a cross-order to the same defendants against the plaintiff.

Mr. Moriarty (instructed by Mr. John S. MacNeice) appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Cullinan (instructed by Mr. Dermot G. O'Donovan) for May and Nora Richardson.

DUBLIN DISTRICT COURT.

WATER IN THE MILK.

(BEFORE MR. O'SULLIVAN.)

Mary Doyle, 78 Lower Clanbrassil street, Dublin, was prosecuted at the instance of the Dublin Corporation for selling milk adulterated by the addition of 17.6 per cent. of water, and also with selling milk devoid of 33 per cent. of its fats.

Her defence was that, when milk was scarce, she sent out for two gallons of milk, but got no warranty with it. When the inspector called and got a sample she said she would go and get him some of the milk from her own cows, and she milked one of them and brought in the milk warm. It was in respect of this milk that the second charge was brought.

The Justice said he would like an undertaking that she would prosecute the party from whom she had bought the milk in question.

Mr. W. Corrigan, solicitor, defending, said, as there was no warranty, it would be impossible to give such an undertaking. In the second case the milk was the first of the supply taken from the cow.

Defendant, in respect of the first summons, was ordered to put 20s. in the poor box, and pay 15s. costs, and the second case was dismissed.

Mr. T. F. Burke, solicitor, appeared for the Dublin Corporation.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL.—Holy Communion in the Lady Chapel at 8 and 11 o'clock. Morning Service at 10 o'clock. St. Andrew. Psalm 146. Benedictus, 21. Hymn, 526. Evening Service at 4 o'clock. Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Brewer in B flat. Anthem, "How lovely are the messengers." Mendelssohn. 8 o'clock, Intercession for Foreign Missions. Preacher, Rev. W. H. Murray Walton, M.A.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL. — Morning Prayer at 10.45 o'clock. Benedictus, Hymn, 526. 11.30, Holy Communion in the Lady Chapel. Evening Prayer at 3 o'clock. Parry in D. Anthem, "Come and let us return." Goss.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Clyde road.—8, Holy Communion; 10.30, Matins. 11, Holy Communion 8.30, Choral Evensong (boys' voices).

TARIFFS HIT DUBLIN FIRM.

REDUCTION OF CAPITAL SOUGHT.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE JOHNSTON.)

An application was made by Mr. Frank FitzGibbon, K.C., with whom was Mr. Newett (instructed by Messrs. Edmundson and Parkes), on behalf of Messrs. John C. Parkes and Sons, Ltd., 40 and 41 Dame street and the Coombe, Dublin, for an order sanctioning a resolution to reduce the capital of the company, and confirming a scheme of arrangement pursuant to the resolution.

Mr. FitzGibbon said that the resolution for the reduction of the capital of the company had been carried at two extraordinary general meetings of the company by a great deal more than the necessary statutory majorities, and, so far as the separate class of Preference shareholders was concerned, the scheme was approved by over 50,000 share votes, against one shareholder who held 700 Preference shares, and who did not approve it.

The scheme was to reduce the capital from £110,000, divided into 75,000 Preference shares of £1 each, carrying 5½ per cent., and 35,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each, to £26,250, consisting of 35,000 Ordinary shares of 15s. each, the reduction to be effected by cancelling

The IRISH FARMERS' ENGINE
FOR PUMPING, TURNIP CUTTING, SAWING, THRESHING, etc.
COSTS LITTLE BUT SAVES A LOT
Unique Features—Totally enclosed engine, protected from grit and dust; works anywhere; no attention needed after starting. Fully guaranteed by world-famous engine-makers.
Sizes from 2 B.H.P.
PRICES from ... £18 10 0
Delivery from Stock.
PUMPS from £8.
Power-driven Pumps from £29 10 0
RUSTON & HORNSBY, Ltd
190 PEARSE STREET, DUBLIN.
Wires: RUSORNBY.

COUP D'ETAT IN CHINA.

MARSHAL CHANG MAY GO BACK TO EAST.

Sir John Simon, replying in the House of Commons to a request for information regarding the outbreak of a new Chinese rebellion in Fukien, said that a *coup d'état* unattended by loss of life took place at Fuchow on November 18th. The new Government was styled "The People's Revolutionary Government," and the country was entitled "The Chinese People's Republic."

The British Minister in China, the Commander-in-Chief of the China Squadron, and the Consular officers at Fuchow and Amoy were in touch with the situation, and would take such steps as might appear necessary to safeguard British interests in the event of their being endangered.

Reports that Marshal Chang Hsueh-Liang, the former Manchurian ruler, now in Europe, may return to China have caused much speculation in Tokyo, says Reuter's Correspondent.

Japanese Army circles express the opinion that the Marshal's return would only help to increase China's turmoil, and cause a halt in the recent improvement in Sino-Japanese relations.

Information which has reached the Japanese War Office in China indicates that, while the North China leaders affect indifference to the separationist movement in Fukien Province, they are inwardly excited at the prospect of Marshal Chang's return.

THE FAMILY IN ANCIENT ROME.

FATHER'S POWER OVER HIS CHILDREN.

In the Graduates' Memorial Building, Trinity College, Dublin, yesterday, Dr. W. A. Goligher, F.T.C.D., gave the second of his lectures on "The State and the Family in Ancient Rome."

The decline in population during the later period of the Roman Empire, he said, was the aftermath of the civil wars, which brought poverty and a general sense of insecurity. It was confined to the upper classes. Sons ranked much higher in Roman estimation than daughters, although this point of view had no foundation on reason. The father's relation to his children, whether sons or daughters, was one of absolute power, and he was even permitted to put them to death. There was no respect in which the laws of modern States differed so strikingly from those of Rome. A father could kill any child which he thought fit to or sell it into slavery.

The obligation for parents to support their children, or *vice versa*, was fully recognised, and the mother of an illegitimate child was compelled to support it.

As regards education, there was no interference by the State, and it was left entirely in the hands of the parents, who either sent the child to school or educated him at home. One of the most important items in the teaching was the keeping of accounts. The methods of education varied greatly and so did the number of subjects taught, many Romans being content with a very elementary course of studies. Most of the schoolmasters were Greeks, and the advanced subjects were usually taught in that language.

Slaves in the Roman household were at first considered as members of the family, though humble ones. Later, however, their position deteriorated, until finally they were mere chattels to be bought or sold. The average master treated his slaves fairly well, but even the most trivial faults were punished with great brutality. All the sufferings of negro slaves in America were trifling compared to those of the Roman slaves, who were exposed to the most revolting cruelty.

CHRYSANTHEMUM EXHIBITION.

FINEST DUBLIN SHOW FOR MANY YEARS.

What must be regarded as the finest exhibition of the "Winter Queen" shown for many years in Dublin was brought together by members of the Irish Gardeners' Association and Benevolent Society, Ltd., at their meeting in the Red Bank Restaurant, D'Olier street, Dublin, last evening.

Arranged in three classes—Singles, Decorative and Japanese—over 1,000 choice blooms were shown. Among the gigantic Japanese varieties some enormous blooms of Miss E. Sweet, Dee, General Petain, Kingsford Smith, etc., were shown, which, for substance, colouring and form, left nothing to be desired. In the decorative classes the variety and beauty of the sprays exceeded anything previously seen at any Dublin horticultural exhibition.

The judges were:—Mr. W. Baker, Mr. F. G. Bell and Mr. J. H. Orr. The steward was Mr. E. Kelly, Secretary, Royal Horticultural Society of Ireland.

The awards were as follow:—

Single-flowered (3 sprays to a vase)—1, Mr. Andrew Lee; 2, Mr. P. McCarthy; 3, Mr. W. Cox; highly commended, Mr. J. Doyle.

Decorative varieties (3 sprays to a vase)—1, Mr. M. J. Stringer; 2, Mr. J. Gillian; 3, Mr. Chilcott; highly commended, Mr. Tilson.

Japanese (single blooms)—1, Mr. W. Doyle; 2, Mr. P. McDonnell; 3, Mr. M. Smith; highly commended, Mr. C. Donnell.

TYRONE WEDDING.

THE REV. H. M. DAUNT AND MISS A. J. KEANE.

The wedding took place at St. Macartan's Cathedral, Clogher, Co. Tyrone, yesterday, of the Rev. Hugh Maurice Daunt, son of the late Rev. E. S. Daunt (formerly Rector of Greystones, Co. Wicklow), and the late Mrs. Daunt, and Miss Anna Janetta Keane, daughter of the late Rev. W. J. Keane and the late Mrs. Gowie, Lodi, California.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Canon Keane, Rector of Clogher, cousin of the bride, who was given away by her uncle, the Rev. C. E. Keane. Mr. E. Daunt, brother of the bridegroom, was best man, and Miss D. Keane, cousin of the bride, acted as bridesmaid. Among the music sung by the choir was the anthem, "Blessed are they that fear the Lord," which was specially composed for the occasion by Mrs. C. E. Keane. A reception was held at the Deanery, Clogher.

A MALAHIDE ACCIDENT.

In accordance with the medical testimony submitted by Dr. C. Grimes, the jury returned a verdict that death was due to fracture of the skull and laceration of the brain, at an inquest held yesterday evening by Dr. Mortimer Walters, Coroner for North County Dublin, on Patrick Murphy, aged 41, "St. Patrick's," The Hill, Malahide, who was killed on Tuesday morning, when a gate pier near his home collapsed and fell upon him.

Sergeant John Cartright, Malahide, said that it seemed that the dead man had been in the act of stepping over the gate when the pier collapsed. In the farmyard there was not a sound wall, every one of which should have been pulled down long ago.

The jury recommended the removal of other dangerous pieces of building on the land on which the accident occurred.

A NORTHERN TENDER.

COUNCILLOR ON GOVERNMENT CONSISTENCY

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

LONGFORD, Wednesday.

With reference to the provisional acceptance by Longford Urban Council of the tender of Messrs. Grainger Bros., a North of Ireland firm with a Dublin address, for the Longford waterworks improvement scheme at £11,859, a letter from the Free State Local Government Department was read at a special meeting of the Council that the lowest Saorstat tender—that of Mr. P. Cunningham, Dunleer, Co. Louth, at £11,938—should be accepted.

There were eight tenders originally received, in each case alternative prices being quoted according to materials used. In one instance Mr. Cunningham's was the lowest, but the consulting engineer, Mr. N. O'Dwyer, stated that for the material likely to be sanctioned Messrs. Grainger's tender on the above figures was the lowest, and the Council's acceptance of them was provisional on the sanction of the Department.

Mr. Dowd—It is laughable. They won't sanction this tender because it is supposed to come from the North, and yet the President of the Free State is going up to Northern Ireland looking for a seat in Parliament.

The tender of Mr. Cunningham was accepted, and on the suggestion of the local stationmaster he was asked to have the materials conveyed by rail.

DUKE OF ATHOLL'S APPEAL.

APPLICATION AT BOW STREET.

An application was made to the Bow street magistrate yesterday to state a case with a view to an appeal in the Duke of Atholl's case.

In these formal legal terms it is announced that the necessary steps to appeal against the Duke's conviction for an infringement of the Lotteries Act have now been made.

The Duke is expected to make an important speech in the House of Lords today in the debate arising from the Duke of Sutherland's question on the Government lotteries.

CASTLEKNOCK COLLEGE UNION DINNER.

TWO HUNDRED MEMBERS AND GUESTS.

Nearly two hundred members and guests attended the annual dinner of the Castleknock College Union, which was held last night at the College.

When the toast of "The Pope" had been formally proposed and honoured, that of "The College" was proposed by the President of the Union, Mr. Cecil Lavery, K.C., and responded to by the President of the College, the Very Rev. T. K. Donovan, C.M.

A musical entertainment was afterwards given in the Recreation Hall of the College by Messrs. C. Maguire, H. Valentine, the Reynolds brothers, P. Henry and G. Reddy, the accompanist being Mr. J. Cowle.

Among those present were:—The Lord Mayor of Dublin (Alderman A. Byrne, T.D.), Senator Barniville, Judge Davitt, Mr. Lorcan Sherlock, the Right Hon. James McMahon, Dr. J. B. Magennis, Dr. Murray Hayden, Colonel McKenna, Major Joyce, Mr. T. P. Early, Mr. W. Carey, Mr. S. Clarke, Dr. O'Sullivan, Mr. M. F. Egan, Mr. J. Keys, Mr. T. Brindley, Mr. P. F. Donovan, Dr. Burke, Dr. P. J. Keogh (Vice-President, Castleknock College Union), and representatives of Blackrock College Union, Clongowes Wood College Union, St. Mary's College Union, Terenure College Union, Cistercian College Union, Catholic University School Union, Rockwell College Union, and Knockbeg College Union.

The catering was by Messrs. Mills.

NEW ASSURANCE OFFICES IN DUN LAOGHAIRE.

Mr. B. R. Birchall, F.F.I., Inspector-General for Ireland, opened the new offices of the Pearl Assurance Co., Ltd., Upper George's street, Dun Laoghaire, Co. Dublin. The ceremony was performed with a special key, which was handed to Mr. Birchall by Mr. A. R. Pyper, district manager.

Later a tea was held in the Thistle Restaurant, and Mr. Birchall and Mr. J. J. McCammon, divisional manager, addressed the guests. Bouquets were presented by the staff to Mrs. Pyper, Mrs. Birchall and Miss Birchall, and a musical programme was given by members of the staff.

FRENCH SURTAX ON BRITISH IMPORTS.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Dr. Burgin (Parliamentary Secretary, Board of Trade) informed Captain Peter MacDonald that no communication had been received from the French Government on the subject of the surtax on British imports since Mr. Runciman made his statement of Thursday last.

Reuter's correspondent in Paris telegraphs that strong influence is being brought to bear on the French Government to persuade it to make a firm stand for British trade concessions in return for the abolition of the exchange compensation tax. The campaign is being carried on, despite the repeated declarations of the British Government that it considers abolition a prior condition to the opening of any commercial negotiations. The Finance Minister, M. Bonnet, seems convinced that abolition of the tax will pave the way to an advantageous commercial treaty.

If the Government falls next week the whole question is likely to be postponed until the new year.

WICKLOW WOMAN'S ESTATE.

Mrs. Adeline Ellen Joseph, of Knocklayde, Whitshed road, Greystones, County Wicklow, who died on August 31st last, left personal estate in England and the Irish Free State valued at £9,253.

JOURNALISTS' DANCE.

The Dublin branch of the National Union of Journalists will hold a dance on Saturday night in Mills's Hall, Merrion row. The President of the National Executive of the organisation, Mr. J. H. Aitken, has announced his intention of travelling from Glasgow to be present.

GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY.

The Dublin Players will give a performance of "The Truth Game," by Ivor Novello, in St. Bartholomew's Parochial Hall, this evening. The performance, which has been organised by Mrs. O'Hara Mease, is in aid of a fund to reduce the debt on the headquarters of the Girls' Friendly Society in Dublin.

Irish Farming Review

PREMISES OF THE NATIONAL FLOUR MILLING COMPANY IN CORK.—This concern is capable of handling large quantities of grain, and of meeting all the calls made upon its resources.

NEED FOR WINTER DAIRYING.

An extension of winter dairying was one of the matters urged by President de Valera after turning the first sod for the new beet sugar factory at Thurles. Efforts to develop winter dairying in Ireland have been made for over forty years, with very little success. When the co-operative creamery system was started, it was thought possible to develop winter dairying, so that fresh Irish butter would be on the market all through the year. A keen controversy took place between advocates of winter dairying and those who contended that the cost to the farmer would be too great. The outlay involved in producing roots and providing the necessary concentrated foodstuffs to ensure a regular milk supply during the winter months was shown to be more than the creameries could pay, and thus the question was settled for some time.

Silage Experiments.

Within the past eight or ten years the problem has been approached from another angle. Manurial experiments were made on pastures in order to show the possibility of providing milch cows and other stock with an early bite in the spring time and an extension of the grazing season in the autumn. Results indicated that pasture lands suitably treated could provide at least two months' additional grazing for the regular stock of the farm and leave a handsome profit. Dairy farmers who have done this have reaped a substantial benefit, but their number is limited.

There is now in progress throughout the country a series of experiments on the making of grass ensilage, which are being followed with great interest. There is no doubt that excellent silage can be made from young grass containing a high percentage of nourishment, but we still await the results of feeding experiments in this particular connection.

Now that the President of the Executive Council has expressed a desire to see an extension of winter dairying, it is possible that interest in the subject will be renewed. There is no reason why such a development should not take place as an outcome of the Government's tillage policy, if it can be shown to be worth the farmer's while, and if the country's chief export market is restored. More winter dairying would help to keep Irish butter on the export market all through the year and do away with the necessity for having to re-establish the market at the start of each season.

NATIONAL PLOUGHING CHAMPIONSHIPS.

ATHENRY, County Galway, has been selected by the National Ploughing Association as the venue for the 1934 Ploughing Championships. The Department of Agriculture has given a field on the College Farm, and Wednesday, 14th February, has been definitely fixed as the date. The field adjoins the bus road, Athenry-Galway, and is within half a mile of the former town.

In addition to the "David Frame" Perpetual Challenge Cup for the best team of three ploughmen, there is also the "Emsa" Cup for the best individual work in the field, and the winner will be declared champion ploughman of Ireland for 1934. Substantial money prizes go with the cups. For the best pair of horses of the Irish draught type at work at the championships there is the R.D.S. Perpetual Challenge Cup and medal.

A new feature of the 1934 prize schedule will be the inclusion of a Government trophy presented by the Minister for Agriculture, but the form of the trophy, nor the conditions, no purpose have yet been made known.

A joint committee, comprising ten persons nominated by the Galway County Committee of Agriculture, ten by the Galway Ploughing Association, and ten by the National Ploughing Association, will organise and carry out the contests. The Hon. Secretary is Mr. L. P. Lardner, Athenry.

NEW CORK FLOUR MILL.

TO-DAY we give an illustration of the new building which is being erected on the site of Messrs. Hall's former grain warehouse at Albert quay, Cork. This is being constructed by the National Flour Milling Company, with a view to keeping all the profits in the country. The partners in this company are:—Messrs. R. and H. Hall, of Cork, Waterford, Dublin and Belfast; Messrs. J. W. Green and Company, Ltd., one of the largest grain exporters in the South; and Messrs. Suttons, Ltd., Cork. The promoters of this undertaking believe that an all-Irish concern catering for the Southern flour milling industry is called for, and intend to do everything possible to satisfy the demand. Many of the existing mills are members of the Rank combine, but the National Milling Company will be independent.

PHOSPHATES FOR GRASS LAND.

An effort should be made at this time of year to improve pastures that are not in good condition. The application of phosphatic manures, the harrowing of the turf and the clearing of existing drains and watercourses to facilitate drainage can all be conveniently carried out now. Where the pastures have a thick mat of old grass, harrowing is essential before the manures are applied. Freshly sharpened, straight-tined harrows are suitable for this purpose. After the surface has been well torn up a dressing of high-grade basic slag, Semsol, or ground rock phosphates, at the rate of from 4 to 6 cwt. per statute acre should then be given. The addition of 1 cwt. 30 per cent. potash salts is beneficial on the lighter types of soils. The present prices of fertilisers and the results obtained from their application to pastures offer a sound investment for money spent in this manner.

MANX CATTLE IMPORTS.

THE Act passed by the Manx Legislature last session, prohibiting the import of live stock, dead meat, swine and poultry into the Isle of Man, except under licence, is to be put into effect on the understanding that the section relating to dead meat, swine and poultry will not be enforced. Farmers have been urging for years that cattle should not be allowed into the Isle of Man from other countries, particularly fat cattle from Ireland, so long as there is a sufficient home supply.

A WORD ON THE TURKEY MARKETS.

SELECTION OF BREEDING STOCK.

THE generally accepted opinion is that there will be a glut of turkeys this Christmas. At the moment turkeys are selling (retail) in Dublin at 1s. per lb., the lowest price, I think, for many years. The expectation is that they will be cheaper still in a few weeks, for the reason that producers, following the practice of recent years, when prices went up about Christmas, are holding supplies until then. In the light of present circumstances I do not think it is wise to wait for a rise in price this year. It looks as if the person who sells now and next week would do better than the one who is inclined to gamble on a waiting game. If everybody rushes in with their birds at the last minute, there can be only one result—a flop in prices and consequent loss and disappointment to sellers. But by maintaining a steady supply for the season, prices have a chance of remaining steady, too. So with this tip for the turkey fatteners, let us consider another important work—namely, the preparations for the breeding season.

An Immediate Task.

In view of the great importance of early hatching, poultry-keepers should not become so absorbed in the preparation of table birds for Christmas as to neglect the complete preparations for the selection of breeding stock. Most people will have already mated up their pens, but those who have not, should do so at once. Not a moment is to be lost, since for any measure of success hatching, where it is not carried out during the winter, should begin in January. Even when autumn hatching is done with a view to providing early spring chickens, it will be necessary to start the ordinary hatching operations at the beginning of the new year, so as to ensure early laying pullets. As well as this you must be satisfied that your stock is being selected with a view to building up and maintaining a strain of good layers of large eggs. The only way to achieve this is to breed from tested hens and cockerels, selected on the results of trapnesting the pullets during the autumn and winter months.

Since the laying qualities of a hen are transmitted through her sons to her "grand-daughters," it follows that only male birds that have been bred from good layers of large eggs should be used in the breeding pen. In addition to being the progeny of hens with high winter records in size and number during their pullet year, the male birds should be true to type. They should possess the characteristics of breed and variety. Vitality is an essential quality and is shown by ruddy comb and wattles, and in yellow-shanked breeds, by red colouring in the shanks. Selected male birds should be in sound, hard condition, never over-fat or flabby. They should treat the hens kindly, and, where quarrelling takes place, the aggressor should be removed for a time to a separate coop or run. When released he will generally have become subdued.

The Hens.

Vigour and vitality are the two most important factors in the perpetuation of a strain of good layers. Good pullet year winter records come second. If, however, high records are only obtained at the expense of body weight and good health, such birds should not be put in the breeding pen. It is wisest to first select the birds on the basis of appearance, size, vigour and quality. These should be preferably hens in their second laying season or very early hatched, well matured pullets. Like the male birds, they must be true to type, sound in health, in good condition, not over-fat, and, as well, they should have fine bone and fine heads, with bright, prominent eyes. Coarseness is never a good sign. Having got these requisites, next select from the possessors of them the birds with the best egg records. This is only possible where trap nesting of pullets has been carefully done during the three winter months, which are, for poultry purposes, October, November and December. In other words, the coming season's breeders are mainly picked from last year's pullets, and the pullets that you are now trap-nesting will give you the breeders for 1935.

To ensure the health of your flock and its immunity from B.W.D., that plague of poultry farms, the birds selected for the breeding pen should all have successfully passed the blood test. The local poultry instructor, if she has been notified in time, will have done these tests long before you come to select your breeding pens.

Points to Remember.

Constitutional vigour and stamina are to a large extent dependent on the proper selection of the breeding stock. Where closely related birds are mated, degeneration sets in, and thus constitutional stamina is impaired.

Birds that mature early and begin laying before their flock mates almost invariably lay small eggs, and, if used in the breeding pen, transmit this failing to their offspring.

A good cockerel over ten months is the most satisfactory bird to use with hens. When pullets have to be resorted to for breeding, use a cock in his second year. Avoid over-mating. One male bird to seven hens of the heavier breeds and one to ten of the light breeds is usually satisfactory.

Transmissible faults include double-yolked or mis-shapen eggs and defective shells; therefore, exclude producers of these from the breeding pens.

Tonics, spices and the excessive use of starchy foods should be avoided. Provide ample supplies of green food or substitutes, such as turnips, mangels, etc. Give a well-balanced diet, not a forcing one, and keep up a constant supply of grit, oyster shell, and fresh, clean water. If possible, keep the birds on free range, and see that they have a comfortable, well-ventilated house, including plenty of scratching space. These are the essentials for fertile eggs and hardy, healthy chicks.

Meantime, do not forget to get going about the disposal of your table birds.

WYANDOTTE.

FEWER PIGS SOLD.

DURING the 47 weeks ended 23rd November there were 771,479 pigs bought for curing in the Saorstat, as against 668,273 for the same period last year. The number of live pigs exported by sea, however, fell from 194,073 to 49,104.

In Northern Ireland the number of pigs bought for curing was 335,268, as against 338,032 last year, but the number of pigs exported by sea was 57,667, against 23,298 last year.

The total number of pigs bought for curing and exported by sea alive as returned for all Ireland up to date was 1,213,518, as against 1,223,646 last year.

WINTER FEEDING OF DAIRY CATTLE.

THOUGH grass may be fairly plentiful on the pastures during autumn and winter, it has not the nutritive value of summer herbage, and dairy cattle must be given extra food in the form of meals or cakes if their milk yield is to be maintained.

On the mixed farms, however, where only a few cows are kept, and butter is made or the milk sent to the creamery, comparatively few have adopted the system of giving "balanced rations" to their dairy cows for winter production. The idea commonly held is that it does not pay to feed for winter milk. Unless the farmer has a retail milk trade it probably would not pay to have even as many as half the herd calving in autumn. But in nearly all herds there will be a certain number of cows calving in the autumn or winter. As irregularity in breeding is very common, it is not always possible to have the cows calving just at the time when milk can be produced most cheaply.

Will It Pay?

On farms all over the country, therefore, there are numbers of cows lately calved, and the question is whether it will pay during the winter to feed them well on properly-balanced rations so as to keep their milk yield up to the full. One thing is certain—that whether producing milk or not, the cow must receive a bulky ration of hay, or of straw and turnips, for her maintenance needs. In practice, the only extra feeding required if the cow is producing milk would be in the form of grain, meal or cake. It is, therefore, the cost of these concentrates, in relation to the amount of milk produced and its selling price, which chiefly determines whether it will pay to feed the cows up to their maximum yielding capacity.

Now, it has been proved many times over that 3-3½lb. of a properly balanced concentrate feed is sufficient to produce one gallon of milk after the cow's maintenance needs have been satisfied. A balanced mixture such as 2 cwt. decorticated cotton cake, earthnut cake or soya bean cake, 1 cwt. bran, 2 cwt. maize (or barley) meal, and 2 cwt. crushed oats can be made up at a cost of about 9s.-10s. per cwt. At any rate, the mixture should not cost more than a penny a pound. If by feeding 7lb. of such a mixture per day two gallons of milk can be obtained, then its cost in extra feeding will be somewhere about 3d. a gallon.

Allowing something for labour, the business seems well worth while, even if the milk fetches only 4½d. or 5d. a gallon. But the most which many farmers do is to give a few pounds of maize meal or oats to their cows in addition to the maintenance feed.

Maize meal and oats, however, are mainly starchy foods, and deficient in the protein required for the production of milk. Consequently, cows so fed soon go dry or become very poor condition. If they keep up their yield, they do so only by drawing on their body reserves which often has serious effects on their constitution. They fail to breed regularly or may develop tuberculosis.

Need for a Balanced Ration.

In arranging a production ration of concentrates, extra to the hay and turnips ration for maintenance, it is necessary to balance foodstuffs that are high in protein—as cakes or bean meal—with starchy foods, such as oats or maize. The proportions should be, roughly, one part by weight of the high protein feed to two parts by weight of the starchy food. Palmnut cake, bran, and good middlings or pollards are, however, practically balanced foods in themselves. Linseed cake is not so good for milk production as decorticated cotton cake or earthnut cake, but is richer in protein than palmnut cake.

The cakes or meals, given in two lots each day, are better fed before the hay or straw and turnips. If the cow is a heavy milker, she will be getting a good quantity of cake or meal, and, as the stomach capacity is limited, she will consume less hay than a cow giving a small quantity of milk and receiving very little meal. For heavy-yielding cows, in fact, it is best to limit the quantity of hay to not more than 24lb. If more than this is given, with a heavy ration of concentrates as well, it puts too great a strain on the digestion, the energies are depressed, and the milk yield is apt to fall off. Regularity in the times of feeding is important if the maximum milk yield is to be obtained from the food supplied.

B.

SEASONAL WORK ON THE FARM.

ATTENTION given now to potatoes and mangels in storage may prevent serious damage and loss when severe weather conditions set in later. Potatoes stored in pits should be protected from frost by thatching the pits on the outsides with straw or rushes, while mangel clamps should be covered with a good depth of rushes or dry grass cut from ditch banks.

The sorting of potatoes, if not done at digging time, should, if possible, be carried out now. The separation of the sound ware potatoes from the seed, chats and diseased tubers not only prevents the spread of rot and disease during storage, but also affords an opportunity of boxing the seed and of utilising the chats and refuse for feeding purposes.

Farmers are strongly advised to box the seed tubers now which are intended for next year's planting. It is well known that heavier yields and cleaner crops are obtained as a result of having the seed at planting time well sprouted in boxes. The initial cost of the boxes is comparatively small, and, provided reasonable care is taken, they will remain serviceable for many seasons.

This is a suitable time to obtain seed from selected stocks of potatoes. Experiments have shown that selected stocks of potatoes, showing a high degree of freedom from mosaic and leaf-roll diseases, produced greater yields than were obtained from commercial stocks.

FEEDING TURKEYS AND GEESE.

TURKEYS and geese intended for the Christmas market should be fed liberally from now onwards. Foods, such as barley meal, pollards, potatoes and oats, made up in mash form and wet with separated milk or butter-milk, are very suitable for fattening turkeys. Turkeys intended for breeding or for sale for breeding should not be fattened, but kept apart from the others and maintained in hard, fit condition. Geese should now be confined in a small area and fed on a soft mash consisting of maize meal, potatoes and buttermilk. The quantity of water supplied should be limited.

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FREE STATE EGG-LAYING.

VERY HIGH STANDARD.

THE first four-weekly report issued by the Free State Department of Agriculture in connection with the current Egg-laying Competition at the Munster Institute, Cork, covers the period 10th October to 6th November. It states that from the points of type, size and appearance generally, the birds accepted for the competition attained a very high standard of quality. Splendid body-size was exhibited by many of the entries, while good average size was maintained throughout the majority of the pens.

There were 94 entries accepted for the heavy breed sections, and these comprised, on the whole, well-developed promising birds. Unevenness as to maturity was, however a marked fault in many of the pens, the inclusion of one or more backward birds spoiling an otherwise good entry. This fault is one of the greatest handicaps to success at a laying test, and breeders are advised to pay greater attention to this point of pen uniformity when selecting their birds for the test.

In the section for light breeds there were only seven entries of White Leghorns. This is to be regretted, as the improvement noted in the 1932-33 test was well maintained, the birds accepted being very satisfactory as regards type and size. It would be a pity if this breed were to become less popular, as the results of the previous test showed that breeders had made great headway in the betterment of their stock.

Moulting was not so prevalent as in previous years, only about 9 per cent. of the birds being in moult on arrival.

About 75 per cent. of the birds were in production at the commencement of the test, but by the end of the period there was a considerable increase in the egg yield. Averages would have been far higher were it not for the number of backward birds which have not yet come on to lay.

The size of egg was satisfactory, the percentage of second-grade eggs not being excessively high for the period of the year, and very few ungraded eggs were recorded.

It is encouraging to note a big improvement in the quality of egg produced, shape, texture and colour being good in the majority of cases. This fault is not, however, completely eradicated, and every breeder should consider good quality of egg an essential characteristic in their stock birds.

Excluding eggs which were under the weight prescribed for second grade, the average egg yield per pullet for each of the competing breeds was as follows:—

White Wyandotte (370 Pullets) ...	15.3
Rhode Island Red (186 Pullets) ...	11.4
White Leghorn (42 Pullets)	10.6
Buff Rock (36 Pullets)	12.6
Barred Rock (36 Pullets)	8.9
Light Sussex (36 Pullets)	13.7

Pen No. 70 (White Wyandotte), owned by Miss M. Mulcahy, Abbey View, Clonmel, leads with a score of 139 eggs, value £1 0/11.

GIRL "GANGSTER" EXPOSED.

"BELLE OF VILLAGE" ARRESTED.

The belle of the village of Bihtel, Czechoslovakia, a beautiful Moslem girl, who has refused dozens of offers of marriage, has been revealed as the "lieutenant" of a desperate gang of bandits, with more than 200 robberies and several murders to their credit.

Pretty 20 years old Shefka Hadji-Pashitch was noted for her modesty and old-fashioned ways, writes Reuter from Belgrade. Long after all her girl friends had abandoned the national dress, Shefka kept to the traditional veil and voluminous cloak of her people. To all the suitors who besieged her door, she said: "No, I have a secret reason for not wishing to marry you."

Now her secret is out.

A notorious brigand chief, Jusuf Ruzhitch, who has long been the terror of the countryside, has been caught red-handed by the police. After prolonged questioning, he broke down and confessed that his chief confederate was none other than the beautiful veiled Shefka. "She loves me," he explained. She has been acting as his spy, warning him of the movements of the police, and acting as liaison officer to the widely-scattered gang. And for years she had been disposing of the results of their robberies in distant towns, carrying them hidden under her old-fashioned cloak, which she pretended to wear out of modesty.

In her house the police have discovered quantities of stolen goods and a small fortune in gold and jewels.

LECTURE ON "TANNHAUSER."

Richard Wagner's opera, "Tannhauser," was the subject of an interesting lecture given last night in the Unitarian Church, St. Stephen's Green, by the Rev. E. Savell Hicks, M.A., who related to a large congregation the old Venusberg legend, the elaboration of which furnished the great German composer with the theme of, what many people consider to be, his greatest opera. Extracts from the opera were rendered in illustration of the Rev. Mr. Savell Hicks' remarks by an excellent group of singers, which consisted of Miss Edith Mortier, Miss Kathleen Moore, Miss Eva Tomsohn, Mr. Robert Harrison, and Mr. Donald Beaven. Mr. Arthur J. Thornton was at the organ.

"IRISH INSULARITY."

The motion "That this house deplores Irish insularity" was defeated at an inter-debate between Dublin University Elizabethan Literary Debating Society and the College Gaelic Society. Dr. Trench occupied the chair and the speakers included Miss M. Gore-Grimes, B.A.; Mr. O'Kelly, Miss Parker, Miss Fry and others.

DONATIONS TO DUBLIN HOSPITALS.

The employés of the Hammond Lane Foundry Co., Ltd., have been pleased to send this year to the various hospitals in the city the sum of £67 4s.

VIKINGS' BURIAL GROUND DISCOVERED.

A Viking burial ground has been discovered in the area laid out for Stockholm's new flying field.

One grave contained the skeleton of a Viking and ornaments of bronze that suggest he was a chieftain, states Reuter. In others were funeral urns. Altogether about fifteen graves have been unearthed—six of them in a condition to warrant their removal to the museum.

GREAT SOUTHERN R'ys
CHRISTMAS FAT STOCK SHOW
Dublin, Wednesday, 6th Dec.
On TUESDAY, 5th December, a Special Train will leave Edenderry at 9.30 a.m. for the conveyance of Stock for this Show.
For further particulars apply to P. J. Floyd, Traffic Manager, Kingsbridge.
W. H. MORTON, General Manager.

METHODIST CHURCH.

PROPOSED NEW BUILDINGS IN THE NORTH.

At the last Conference of the Methodist Church a special committee was appointed to explore ways and means for providing Services and churches in the new areas of Belfast and the adjacent towns. This committee met on November 24th in the Boardroom of Grosvenor Hall, Belfast. The President of the Church, the Rev. R. Lee Cole, M.A., B.D., presided. Business was introduced by the secretaries, the Rev. Albert Holland and Professor Bradbury, B.Sc. The Rev. W. L. Northridge, M.A., B.D., Ph.D., and the Rev. R. J. J. Teasey were co-opted members of the committee. Careful consideration was given to the claims of a number of new areas, and it was decided to inaugurate an extension fund in order to put up the necessary buildings. It is also hoped that from some of the Connexional funds a yearly grant may be made to help to meet the necessary outlay.

Twenty of the students of Edgehill Theological College presented a striking missionary play entitled "The Strait Gate" in the Irish-American Memorial Hall, Donegall square, Belfast, on last Friday evening. The play was written by Mr. A. Raymond Hynes, Assistant Games Master at Methodist College, and son of the Rev. J. Arthur Hynes, of Maryborough. So successful was the effort that it is being repeated again this week.

The President of the Church, the Rev. R. Lee Cole, M.A., B.D., preached in the Methodist Church, Mountpottinger, last Sunday morning, and in Grosvenor Hall in the afternoon and evening. On Monday evening he addressed the Home Missionary Anniversary Meeting in High street, Lurgan, Mr. Hugh Ross, of Lurgan and Belfast, presiding. Last Tuesday night Mr. Cole took part in a missionary gathering at Fintona, Co. Tyrone, held in the Methodist Church. Captain Verschoyle, M.C., presided. The local rector, the Rev. W. B. Naylor; the local Presbyterian minister, the Rev. H. H. Irvine, M.A., B.D., and the Rev. G. A. Joynt, M.A., Chairman of the Enniskillen district of the Methodist Church, each gave a seven minutes' address on the home mission work of their respective Churches. The President of the Methodist Church followed with an able address on "The Place of Protestantism in Ireland."

A successful sale of work in aid of Foreign Mission was held last week in the Irish-American Memorial Hall, Belfast. The sale was opened by Mrs. Watson, who is 95 years of age, and is the mother of the Rev. H. M. Watson, M.A.

The tenth Dublin District Girls' League annual conference has just been held at the Trearren Hotel, Greystones, forty Girl Leaguers being present. The guests of the conference were Miss Gladys Cook, secretary from headquarters, and Miss Northridge, from Ceylon.

NEW IRISH COMPANIES.

The following new Irish companies have been registered:—

J. Hill, Ltd.—16th November, 1933—Registered office, Bayview Warehouse, Londonderry. Capital, 1,000 shares of £1 each. Principal objects of business—General drapery, boots and shoes, funeral furnishers, etc. Names of subscribers to memorandum and articles and first directors:—John George Hill, Bayview House, Asylum road, Londonderry; John James Hill, 7 Bayview terrace, Londonderry.

McBride and Williams (1933), Ltd.—21st November, 1933—Registered office, 17 Ormeau avenue, Belfast. Capital, 10,000 Preference shares of £1 each and 5,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each. Principal objects of business—Handkerchiefs, linen and cotton manufacturers. Names of subscribers to memorandum and articles and first directors:—Arthur H. McBride, Shandon, Beechlands, Malone road, Belfast; R. D. Williams, 2 Malone avenue, Belfast.

Old Bleach Linen Co., Ltd.—22nd November, 1933. Registered office, Randalstown, County Antrim. Capital—300,000 shares of £1 each. Names of subscribers to memorandum and articles:—William Hubert Webb, Randalstown, County Antrim; James Porter Corry Gotto, Briarfield, Randalstown, County Antrim; Patrick Brooke Webb, Barney's Brae, Randalstown, County Antrim; George Frederick Shaw, Randalstown, County Antrim; Robert Wallace, Riddel's Buildings, Donegall place, Belfast. Names of first directors—William Hubert Webb, James Porter Corry Gotto, Norman Fitzroy Webb, Charles James Webb and Patrick Brooke Webb.

Standard Supply Co., Ltd.—17th November, 1933. Registered office, Albert Chambers, 82 Royal avenue, Belfast. Capital—500 shares of £1 each. Principal objects of business—Drapers and furniture dealers. Names of subscribers to memorandum and articles and first directors—C. W. Wilson, 54 Cliftonville road, Belfast, and 12 Ardee road, Rathmines, Dublin; Miss Mary D. Wilson, 12 Ardee road, Rathmines, Dublin; Miss Elsie V. Wilson, 12 Ardee road, Rathmines, Dublin.

WEAK HEARTS ON THE STAIRS.

NOVEL TEST IN U.S. SANATORIUM.

The hearts of young patients at Irvington House, New York, the first heart sanatorium in the United States, are literally developed step by step, for stair climbing is used to strengthen the children's heart muscles.

"A stair climbing test," a member of the advisory board of the institution explained to Reuter, "gives after the child's first week's rest in bed, determines the load his heart can safely carry. Stairs also are used to teach the small patients how to take up this load bit by bit. The child, counting ten between every two steps, at first is allowed to climb a few steps. Eventually, as he mounts a flight, he learns that with sufficient rest and gradual effort he can 'make the grade.'"

Accidents will Happen
FIRES WILL OCCUR.
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IRISHMAN'S DIARY.

An African Race-horse Owner : Birrell and Borrow : The Humboldt Foundation : The Moon in the Yellow River.

A German Scholarship.

As a result of the efforts of Dr. von Dehn, German Minister to the Free State, ably seconded by Dr. Liddell, Professor of German in Trinity, a travelling scholarship will be awarded by the Alexander von Humboldt Foundation of Berlin to a suitably qualified Trinity graduate next year. The lucky man—for women graduates are excluded—will be given a monthly allowance of 110 German marks—more than eight pounds—and free tuition at any German university or institution of similar rank. He will be allowed to pursue his studies at any subject and in any manner which he may desire. The scholar must be domiciled, or intend to be domiciled, in the Irish Free State, and will be required to supplement his scholarship allowance by forty marks a month in order to give him a minimum stipend of 150 marks. This sum, roughly twelve pounds, means very much more in Germany than it means in this country. Dr. von Dehn is taking a keen interest in our Irish universities, and already has done a great deal to promote the study of the German language in the Free State.

The A.P.A.

Sir Philip Hanson, C.B., will be in the chair in the Shelbourne Hotel this evening, when there will be a meeting of the "All Peoples' Association." This body was founded in 1930 by Sir Evelyn Wrench, the Dublin-born Chairman of the *Spectator*, and the founder both of the Overseas League and the English-Speaking Union. It is an international association, whose object is to bring about better understanding between all peoples, irrespective of race, class, creed, colour or political party. Already branches have been formed, or are in process of formation, in Berlin, Bonn, Budapest, Cambridge, Copenhagen, Edinburgh, Frankfort, Glasgow, Hamburg, Leipzig, Oxford, Prague, Rugby, Stockholm, The Hague, Vienna and Zagreb, and I am sure that a club will be founded in Dublin. Much useful work is being done by the A.P.A., and the London branch, for instance, has inaugurated weekly language evenings at which members interested in the study of foreign languages may gain valuable practice. Already the London branch has had German, French, Hungarian, Czechoslovak, Egyptian, Indian, Swedish, Polish and Irish national evenings, and the movement is spreading rapidly throughout the world.

The Moon in the Yellow River.

A friend writes: The Repertory Theatre in Birmingham, where Mr. E. W. Tocher's play, "The Moon in the Yellow River," was produced on Saturday night last, is constructed on the model of the theatre of ancient Rome, the seats rising in tiers to a height of twenty or thirty feet at the back. No dramatist could have desired a more discriminating or appreciative audience than that which greeted the first presentation of the play in England. The real interest of the occasion, however—to anyone, at any rate, who had seen the play in Dublin—was the disclosure of the point of view from which the English producer approached Mr. Tocher's puzzling work. In the Abbey Theatre the problems were viewed through the eyes of Dobelle, the dreamer. In Birmingham it was Tausch, the German engineer, from whom the solution of the problem was sought. It is hard to say which of the two conceptions—each of great interest in its own way—is the nearer to what the author had in his mind.

The Last Straw.

I must reproach some of my correspondents who, in their efforts to complete my collection of "multitude nouns," have descended to such examples as "a packet of cigarettes" and "a box of matches." This sort of thing really will not do. Furthermore, I must claim privilege in the matter of explanations. One lady writes: "Please explain what 'a pace of asses' consists of or means. Shall look out for it in the 'Diary.'" The only answer I can suggest is (a) a lemon, or (b) two blood oranges, because I have just as little idea of the number of asses that make a "pace" as I have of the number of anonymous correspondents that make themselves a nuisance. However, I have received a goodly number of fresh additions, some serious, some ribald, of which I append a selection:—

A knot of widgeon.
A suite of mallard.
An unkindness of ravens.
A coterie of orchids.
A wilderness of tigers (Shakespeare).
A wilderness of sweets (Milton).
A cotillion of bears (Dickens).
A spat of suds
A charm of goldfinches.
A drift of trawlers.
A surplus of parsons.
A cackle of wives.
A raft of kangaroos.
A scratch of fleas.
A slide of eels.
A catch of husbands.
A flight of debtors.
A shake of Lord Mayors.
A ladder of stockings.
A bucket of stockbrokers.
A brace of shakes.
A jabber of tea-parties.
A rake of railway-wagons.
A tile of cats.

I like the "bucket of stockbrokers"; but have rejected, with some indignation, an envious reader's suggestion of "a racket of reporters." I have just opened a letter which brazenly suggests "a bottle of stout." So, in the circumstances, "this correspondence is now closed."

Sir Joseph Robinson.

Sir Joseph Robinson, who intends to race in Ireland next season, was to have returned to the Cape last week. At the last moment he found that this was impossible, and he will leave London on December 15th. The second baronet, Sir Joseph is a member of the South African Parliament, and is intensely interested in racehorses. His racing colours at the Cape are old gold and purple (quartered), gold sleeves and cap, and, if these colours are available here, he will probably adhere to them for his Irish-trained horses. Mr. P. J. Lenehan has charge of these, and while they are engaged in Ireland they are also entered in most of the English Classics as well.

Birrell and Borrow.

One of the late Mr. Augustine Birrell's favourite anecdotes was concerned with the observance of Sunday in the very strict Nonconformist household in which he spent his childhood. To be seen engaged in any form of activity, or to be found reading a book other than a strictly religious one on the Sabbath, was to invite immediate and drastic punishment. The young Augustine, who had developed a catholic taste in literature at an early age, used to read secular works on the sly during the prohibited period, and suffered several castigations on being found out. One Sunday afternoon, however, he was curled up in an armchair with a book, when an irate parent pounced on him and demanded to see what he was reading. There was no option but to hand over the volume, "The Bible in Spain," and the inquisitor, on seeing the title, immediately handed it back, with a word of commendation on the reader's choice. It was with some regret that young Birrell finished Borrow's lively volume, since he felt certain that he could not find another in which the title so effectually camouflaged the contents.

"As Mad as a Hatter."

I was assured the other day by a Northern friend that it is only in Ulster that toads are to be found. My Free State gorge at once arose, and I was delighted to be able to tell him that, though ordinary toads may inhabit Northern Ireland, there is only one spot in the whole island where the famous Natterjack Toad is to be found, and that is in the Kingdom of Kerry. This toad is very like its frog brethren in looks, but its hopping powers are poor. It is, however, in spring that the Natterjack Toad comes into its own. It then behaves in such a peculiar and fantastic manner that another friend solemnly assured me that the expression we are all so familiar with—*i.e.*, as mad as a hatter—really owes its origin to the madness of the Natterjack Toad in spring, and we should say "As mad as a Natter."

QUIDNUNC.

FOREIGN MISSION SUPPLY ASSOCIATION.

The annual meeting of the Foreign Mission Supply Association was held yesterday afternoon in the C.M.S. Hall, Molesworth street, Dublin. The annual report, which was presented to the meeting, stated that a great deal of valuable work had been done during the year, but that there was an urgent need of new workers.

The Very Rev. J. J. Macaulay, D.D., who presided, said that the mission services provided work in which all the Churches could co-operate, without distinction of creed, and the service was one in which all could find an equal place. Having appealed for more support, he spoke of the work which had been done for the Association by Canon and Mrs. Somerville. Their thanks were also due, he said, to Miss Lister, for having undertaken the post of secretary, which was rendered vacant by the retirement of Mrs. Somerville. Speeches were then delivered by the Rev. H. K. Woodward, the Rev. H. MacCartney, and the Rev. A. Norton.

PARISH OF ST. PETER AND ST. AUDOEN.

As announced in our advertising columns, a sale of work for parochial and missionary objects will be held in Camden Row Schoolhouse, Dublin, on to-morrow and Saturday, opening each day at 3 o'clock. This sale is the principal effort made by the parish in furtherance of foreign missions; and a proportion of the money realised is a most necessary addition to the Sustentation Fund of a parish which has suffered much loss of income through the changed conditions of the city. It is hoped that there will be a good attendance at Camden row on the days of the sale.

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PRESERVATION OF SWEDEN'S GYPSIES.

YOUNG LEADER ADVOCATES EDUCATION.

Excitement has been caused in conservative gypsy circles in Sweden by the revolutionary proposals of one of the "younger set," Dimitri Taikon. He has petitioned the Swedish Government to give gypsy children facilities for education in the winter months, when it is too cold to go roaming with their parents.

This idea in itself, states Reuter from Stockholm, is hard enough for the gypsy "die-hards" to swallow. But what is worse, they suspect Taikon of being a publicity seeker, who aims at setting himself up as their "king."

Unlike the gypsies of most other countries, Sweden's gypsies have never had a king, and they argue that having a king would mean paying "taxes" to maintain him in royal state. Taikon himself has never been to school, but he can read and write. That gives him a great pull over his fellows. He has a strong following.

His case is that the gypsies must move with the times or perish. He points out that their traditional occupations are gone. Horse-dealing has disappeared, housewives prefer aluminium ware to tinkers' goods, fair grounds are deserted, and a flippant generation scoffs at fortune telling.

Therefore, says Taikon, gypsy children must be educated to compete for posts as commercial travellers, business men, clerks, and even diplomats.

CHARACTER AND THE HAIR.

A NEW METHOD OF DIAGNOSIS.

Character can be read from the formation and condition of the hair, according to the theory of one of the leading hair specialists of Nice.

Bald men are inclined to be irritable, he says, according to Reuter, and thick, abundant hair denotes a nervous, excitable temperament.

Curly and naturally waving hair is to be found principally in warm and dry climates, he adds, while in wet countries the hair is stiff and straight.

COLLEGE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

"That this House deplores the modern tendency to hunt in packs" was discussed at a meeting of Trinity College Historical Society last night. The speakers in the affirmative included Messrs. E. W. Jones, Harold Gwynn and Michael Farrell, and in the negative Messrs. D. G. Neil and J. G. McClintock.

The chair was occupied by Mr. P. S. O'Hegarty, Secretary to the Post Office.

The Soviet Government has decided to sell more Old Masters from the Leningrad and Moscow Galleries, according to reports from Moscow. Representatives from American art museums, it is stated, have been invited to Moscow in order that negotiations might be entered into on the spot.

THE DECEMBER SKIES.

VIEWS OF VENUS.

A DOUBLE OCCULTATION.

FROM OUR ASTRONOMICAL CORRESPONDENT.

THE PLANETS.

Mercury is a morning star, at his greatest Western elongation on the 6th. He rises before 6 a.m. up to the 10th, and will be readily visible to those who are abroad while it is still dark before that date. He will be above the S.E. horizon, 7 to 7.30 a.m. being about the best time to look for him. Venus needs no looking for. She is at her greatest brightness on the last day of the year, and attracts the eye at once in the evening twilight. She is due South at 2.50 p.m. on the 31st, and will be easily visible to the naked eye in clear weather about that hour, though the Sun is still above the horizon. After sunset she cannot be overlooked. She passed the half-moon phase during November, and is now a crescent of increasing slimness. She forms a beautiful telescopic object, though her altitude is still small, and the tremulous atmosphere at low elevations will make it difficult to get distinct vision. Mid-winter, too, is a bad time of the year for telescopic work, on account of the liability to unsteadiness of air.

A curious phenomenon connected with telescopic views of Venus is the occasional visibility of the dark portion of her disc when she is in the crescent phase. We are familiar with the similar phenomenon in the case of the Moon, known as the "Old Moon in the New Moon's arms"; but this is the result of light reflected from the earth, or "earth-shine" on the Moon. Sixteen times as bright as full moonlight, it is quite easily visible to us after two reflections. Venus, however, has no Moon to send back sunlight to illuminate her nights. Whence, then, comes the faint light which sometimes shows up her dark hemisphere? The question has never been satisfactorily answered. One suggestion is that the light comes from an aurora borealis, such as illuminates Polar nights on the earth. Venus, being so much closer to the Sun, would probably have much more active and brilliant auroras than we have.

Mars is almost, if not quite, invisible. He sets within a few minutes of 5.50 p.m., all the month. Jupiter is conspicuous in the morning sky, rising at 2 a.m., in the middle of the month. He is in Virgo, and is a little way North of the bright star Spica on the last day of the year. Saturn, in Capricornus, is steadily improving his position for the Northern observer. The great spot has ceased to be a conspicuous object. It has been drawn out into a belt encircling the planet, and has been so much diluted in the process as to be hardly noticeable in moderate telescopes. The rings are closing, but are still open enough for all their principal features to be seen. The shadow of the planet on the ring is easily seen at present, as a dark gap between the planet's limb and the ring at the lower left-hand side of the system, in an inverting telescope. Uranus is still well placed for observation in the evening sky. He is nearly midway between the 5th mag. stars Zeta and Omicron Piscium. The stars, though small, are easily visible to the naked eye. A star atlas will locate them at once, and, when identified, the finding of the planet is easy. In a small telescope there is little to distinguish him from a star, except that his colour is an unusual shade of blue. The spectra of Uranus and Neptune seem to show that ammonia and carbon dioxide are abundant in their atmospheres.

THE MOON.

Full Moon on the 2nd, at 1.31 a.m.
Last Quarter on the 10th, at 6.24 a.m.
New Moon on the 17th, at 2.53 a.m.
First Quarter on the 23rd, at 8.9 p.m.
Full Moon on the 31st, at 8.54 p.m.

The Moon will be in conjunction with Jupiter on the 12th, with Mercury on the 15th, with Mars on the 18th, with Venus and Saturn on the 20th, with Uranus on the 25th. Venus and Saturn also will be in conjunction with each other on the 21st.

A truly remarkable occurrence is a double occultation of Venus and Saturn on the 20th. Unfortunately, it will not be visible at Greenwich, the times of conjunction being between 7 and 9 a.m., G.M.T. It will, however, be visible in the Far East, and we must hope that among the many keen astronomers of the Japanese Empire it will be well observed. The two planets will be little more than the diameter of the Moon apart, and the disappearance of Saturn will take place about 10 minutes after the reappearance of Venus. A planetary occultation is a rare phenomenon at the best of times. It is safe to say that such a double occultation does not occur once in 1,000 years. Curiously enough, no mention is made of it in any of the scientific papers. Even the *Nautical Almanac* merely gives the figures, leaving the reader to draw the conclusion for himself. The Moon will be three days old at the time, and although no occultation will be visible here, the close approach of the crescent Moon to the two planets will make a very striking spectacle. The other approaches of the Moon to planets this month will not be close.

THE SUN.

At 7 a.m. on the 22nd the Sun enters the Sign of Capricornus. He then reaches his furthest South, and the days are shortest in the Northern Hemisphere. The "Shortest Day" theoretically is, of course, the date mentioned, the 22nd of December; but, as a matter of fact, there is little difference, merely a question of seconds, between the length of the interval between sunrise and sunset for a week or more. It is a matter of common observation that the evenings begin to lengthen quite a long time before the mornings cease to shorten. This is really only an effect of the "Equation of Time." The clock is gaining on the Sun rapidly at this time of year, the gain amounting to half an hour between November 5th and February 11th. The cause is that the Earth's speed in her orbit is greatest at this time of year. The Sun's apparent speed along the Ecliptic is governed by the Earth's real speed; and this speed is against the time, or counter-clockwise; so, when it quickens up, the Sun loses on the clock.

The sun-spot minimum seems to be near. The Sun has been unusually quiescent for some months, and there is little evidence of a revival of activity. Spots have been almost entirely absent since the early months of the present year.

THE STARS.

At midnight on December 1st, 11 p.m. on the 15th, and 10 p.m. on the 30th, Taurus lies fully astride the meridian, the bright star Aldebaran being almost due South. West of the meridian are Perseus, Andromeda, Pegasus, Pisces and Aries. Cetus lies along the S.W. horizon. Nearer the South point its place is taken by Eridanus, another long straggling constellation, which winds in and out from the Equator down to low Southern latitudes, where the bright star Achernar, the only 1st magnitude star in all its length, marks its ending in 58° South. Immediately East of the meridian the most brilliant region of the heavens is now in full view. Orion and Auriga are an hour from the meridian; Canis Major, Canis Minor and Gemini one to two hours. Hydra and Leo are rising. The Great Bear is sitting on his tail in the North-East. The Little Bear is hanging from the Pole by his. West of North, Vega and Deneb shine just over the horizon. Ten first magnitude stars are in sight, eight of them in the S.E. quarter. Aldebaran in Taurus, and Betelgeuse in Orion, both red stars, look very much alike, and on most nights it would be difficult to say which of the two was the brighter; but Betelgeuse is a "Red Giant," and is variable. An attentive eye will rate him sometimes above, and sometimes below, Aldebaran. The latter is much the nearer of the two, being only about 55 light years distant, while Betelgeuse is over 200. Of the bright stars in sight, Rigel and Deneb are by far the greatest. Their distance is uncertain, but must be at least 600 light years, consequently, considering their brightness, they must be of colossal size. The same is true of Canopus, which unfortunately lies too far South to be reached by the Mount Wilson interferometer. A measurement of its size, such as has been obtained in the cases of Betelgeuse and Antares, would be of great interest. Sirius is near, and a comparative pigmy, only 2½ times the size of our own Sun; but Canopus, Rigel and Deneb are white giants, and none of these has so far given results to the interferometer. The red giants are stars of enormous size and low temperature and density. The white giants are enormously hot, as well as of colossal size. All of them are at great distances. If Canopus had been where Sirius is, he would have been some 6,000 times as bright, and would have given as much light as the Full Moon.

METEORS.

Alas, it is to be feared that both the Leonids and the Andromedids have left us for good—at least, until in long, distant ages the slow processes of planetary perturbation bring their tracks again across the path of the Earth. November has, to all appearances, fallen from its place as the chief meteor month of the year. Not only were the two great showers absent on the dates of their usual return, but the sky was actually blank of any sign of meteoric activity on those dates; and it happened that this year the weather was unusually kind to meteor-watchers. The nights of November 15, 16 and 17 were brilliantly clear, but not a solitary meteor was seen in watches of several hours—and there are few nights in the year when one can watch for an hour and not see a meteor or two. We must pin our hopes for the immediate future on October 9th, and Giacobini's Comet, since Tempel's and Biela's have deserted us.

W. F. A. ELLISON.

Armagh Observatory.

Astronomical Telescopes.—Dixon and Hempenstall, State Opticians, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—[Advt.]

IRISH WEDDINGS IN LONDON.

CAPTAIN RICHMOND-BROWN AND MISS A. BARING.

The marriage took place at the Church of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, Trafalgar square, London, of Captain Charles Richmond-Brown, of the Welsh Guards, eldest son of the late Mr. F. Richmond-Brown and of Mrs. Richmond-Brown, of Astrop, Northamptonshire, and Miss Audrey Baring, second daughter of the late Brigadier-General the Hon. Everard Baring and of Lady Ulrica Baring, of Sleightholme Dale, Kirby Moorside, Yorkshire.

The church was decorated with chrysanthemum blooms in colours of pale gold and white. The Rev. Hugh Johnston, Rector of Cranleigh, Surrey, officiated. The band of the Welsh Guards provided music for the ceremony, and also played the guests into the church.

Owing to the indisposition of Lord Revelstoke, uncle of the bride, who was to have given her away, Major the Hon. Hugo Baring undertook this duty. The bride was attractively gowned in apricot-tinted velvet, made on the long, simple princesse lines, with a train in one with the dress. The bodice had a high neckline and long, tight-fitting sleeves. Viscountess D'Abernon, aunt of the bride, lent the veil of Brussels lace, which fell over the train, and was held by a narrow gold bandeau, with a cluster of orange blossoms at either side. Instead of a bouquet, the bride held a prayer-book, bound in velvet and embroidered in gold.

There were two bridesmaids—Miss Elizabeth Baring, the bride's sister, and Miss Diana Richmond-Brown, sister of the bridegroom. Their dresses were made in a style to match that of the bride, and were of velvet in a slightly paler apricot tine. They wore caps of the like material, and carried bouquets of tea roses.

Mr. Ralph Richmond-Brown, brother of the bridegroom, acted as best man.

After the ceremony Lady Ulrica Baring held a reception at 1 Hyde Park Gardens, lent by General Sir Ian and Lady Hamilton.

Later in the day the bride and bridegroom left London. The honeymoon will be spent in Egypt.

MR. W. BONAPARTE-WYSE AND MISS B. CHICHESTER.

The marriage of Mr. William Bonaparte-Wyse, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bonaparte-Wyse, of Herbert Lodge, Blackrock, County Dublin, and Miss Benedicta (Mimosa) Chichester, of Barbizon, Blackrock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Chichester, of Woodville, St. Peter's, Jersey, took place yesterday at St. James's Church, Spanish place, London. The bridegroom's father is Permanent Chief of the Ministry of Education in Northern Ireland. Mr. Nugent Chichester, a cousin of the bride, acted as best man.

Miss Chichester was given away by her cousin, Colonel Raleigh Chichester-Constable, of Burton-Constable, Yorkshire. Her gown was of dawn pink velvet, made on long flowing lines, with the skirt extending to form a train. Over this fell a veil of ivory tulle, held by a head-dress of orange buds and pearls, tinted pink to match her dress. She held a bouquet of crimson carnations and a jewelled handbag.

Miss Anne MacDermot, a cousin of the bride, held the train. There were two other bridesmaids—Miss Mary and Miss Lavender Chichester—cousins of the bride, in attractive dresses reminiscent of the "nineties."

The church was decorated with mixed chrysanthemum blooms. The Rev. Father Scanlan officiated.

After the ceremony a reception took place at the Dorchester Hotel, Park lane.

Among those present were: Mr. Bonaparte-Wyse, Mr. Arthur Chichester, Mr. C. Chichester, Mrs. Edward Chichester, Mrs. Robert Chichester, Miss Chichester, Mrs. Claude Chichester, Mrs. Chichester-Constable, Mrs. Percy MacDermot, Colonel McCarthy-O'Leary, Mrs. Raleigh Chichester, the Earl of Belmore, Lady Arundell of Wardour, Mrs. V. J. Kelly, Miss Amy Hungerford, Miss K. Nixon, the Hon. Isabella Arundell, Captain and Mrs. J. F. Sanderson, Mr. Wilfred Bowring, Captain E. D. Hanly, Miss Barbara and Miss Sheila Pike, Mrs. Castle, Mrs. Atkinson, Mrs. Thornhill, Mr. Kevill Davies, Colonel and Mrs. Eddis, and Mrs. Orton.

ELEVENTH CENTURY VEIL RESTORED.

BELIEVED TO BE SACRED RELIC.

A sacred veil which was made in 1096, thirty years after William the Conqueror landed in England, has just been restored in the famous Gobelins tapestry works, states Reuter from Paris. Tradition has it that the veil was used as a shroud when the reputed remains of Saint Anne, mother of the Virgin Mary, and patron saint of married women, were brought to Europe from the East.

Woven in the early middle ages in the Nile delta, the veil measures 10 feet by 5, but it is of such fine texture that its volume is very small, and until last year it was kept sealed in a bottle for greater safety.

The work of restoration has been so perfectly carried out that it has now been possible for M. Wiet, the head of the Arab museum in Cairo, to decipher inscriptions on the veil, and thus confirm its great age. He has been able to read not only the name of the Calif Abdul Kassim Mourtali, who reigned from 1094 to 1101 A.D., but also another inscription, which reads: "Made in the private weaving establishments of Damietta in the year 489" (1096 of the Christian era).

The veil will be shown for a while in the Cluny museum before being returned to the Cathedral of Apt, of which it has been one of the chief treasures for many years.

THE STATE AND THE CITIZEN.

CARE THROUGHOUT LIFE.

HELPED TO LIVE HEALTHILY.

BY A MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

It may well be said that the well-being of each citizen is the active concern of the British Public Health Department throughout that citizen's entire life.

Indeed, before the infant is born, the mother is invited to attend at the Ante-Natal Centre, where she will be medically examined, advised and assisted, should she so desire, to obtain hospital accommodation for her confinement. In this connection it may be observed that the Borough Council has a small maternity home of twelve beds, the applicants for admission to which are assessed to their family circumstances, no case being refused through lack of means.

From birth until school age the infant may be taken to one of the infant welfare centres, where the child is weighed and the mother advised as to feeding, clothing, etc.

While at school the child passes under the supervision of the school medical department of the education authority, but the local health department is still actively interested in his health. The schools are informed as to any child suffering from infectious disease in order that "contacts" may be kept under supervision. Enquiries are made at the homes, arrangements are made for the removal of patients, and disinfection is carried out. Children returning from hospital with ear or nose discharges are kept under observation in order to ensure that proper treatment is given.

Throughout his entire life the citizen has recourse to the Public Health Department to assist him to live healthily. All complaints regarding insanitary conditions, whether anonymous or otherwise, are very carefully investigated, and the fullest use is made of existing powers to ameliorate such conditions. By house-to-house inspection carried out by the staff of sanitary inspectors, many insanitary conditions are detected and remedied after the service of notices upon the person by whose act, default, or sufferance the nuisance exists.

The purity of the citizen's food is also a matter of concern to the Public Health Department. Samples are purchased and analysed, legal proceedings being taken in respect of any article so purchased which is not of the nature, substance or quality of the article demanded. Premises where food is prepared for sale or stored, receive the special attention of an Inspector appointed for that purpose.

MONAGHAN SWORN INQUIRY.

DR. DEERY AND HOTEL VISIT.

The sworn inquiry into the charges of corruption brought against Mr. Patrick Conlon, County Councillor, was continued in the Courthouse, Castleblayney, yesterday, where it was transferred from the Boardroom of the County Home, which had proved inadequate to accommodate the large attendance of interested spectators.

The cross-examination of Dr. P. J. Deery was continued by Mr. C. Lavery, K.C., in reply to whom witness said that any board would, on the merits, prefer his qualifications to those of Dr. O'Connell.

Regarding the interview at the Clermont Hotel, Blackrock, Co. Louth, Dr. Deery said that he went to get Conlon's vote. There was no plan to bribe him, as he had been convinced that Conlon's vote could be got legitimately.

Mr. Rice, T.D., had accompanied him to Blackrock with the intention of using his influence, as a member of the Government Party, to help Conlon in a smuggling charge which had been brought against him, if Conlon agreed to vote for witness. If not, Mr. Rice would remain inactive. Witness added that Mr. Rice was convinced that Conlon was absolutely innocent of the smuggling charge.

Michael Deery, shopkeeper, Carrickmacross, a brother of the previous witness, said that Mr. Conlon had always promised to vote for Dr. Deery. Dealing with the interview in the Clermont Hotel, witness said that Conlon agreed to vote for Dr. Deery for £100. He refused to take a cheque, and it was agreed that the money should be left in notes at Conlon's house on the following morning.

"Conlon told me to get his wife to advance arguments in my brother's favour, so that his change over should be explained to the rest of the party," added witness, "and this was done."

"Before I left Carrickmacross for the Board meeting," said Mr. Deery, "I got a telephone message from Mrs. Marron that the 'other party' had been in the Blackrock Hotel all the morning with Pat Conlon, and that he had changed his mind as to how he would vote. I went to Conlon's residence. None of the Conlons was there. I stayed for about an hour, but Mr. Conlon did not come to the house until after the election. Before the meeting Edward Kelly asked me for £200, which he gave back again."

INQUIRY WELCOMED.

Mr. McGuckian (for Messrs. Rice, McGee and Kelly) said that they welcomed this inquiry as affording an opportunity of showing their honesty in connection with the filling of this position. Mr. Kelly has been for over a quarter of a century Vice-Chairman of Monaghan County Council. Philip McGee is also a County Councillor, while Mr. Rice is a member for the constituency in the Dail.

Counsel said that Mr. Kelly obtained the £200 from Dr. Deery to see if Mr. Conlon's vote was to be bought.

He said to Conlon: "£200 is the figure," and Conlon replied: "I am going in to the meeting now; keep it till I come out." That satisfied Mr. Kelly that Conlon's vote was for sale.

Mr. Eamonn Rice, T.D., a national teacher at Inniskeen, Co. Monaghan, said that he supported Dr. Deery because of his qualifications and the fact that he was a Monaghan man, and the people of the county wanted him for the position. Referring to the interview with Mr. Conlon at Blackrock, witness said that it was suggested that he should help the latter in the smuggling charge and in the County Council elections.

"I told him I would do everything I could for him, apart from his attitude in this election," said Mr. Rice; "and that it was no compliment on my part. Mr. Conlon told me he wanted no assistance in the smuggling charge, and that he would 'knock spots off the Revenue Commissioners,' but that he would like to get on the Council again. I replied that he was an innocent man in that case, and that I would present the case and sign a petition to the Revenue Commissioners. I was not trying to stifle the law proceedings.

"I asked him to say definitely whether he would vote for Dr. Deery next day, and Conlon replied: 'I will give you the answer at 12.30 in Castleblayney to-morrow.'

"He again mentioned the smuggling charge, and I told him that I would try and have a *nolle prosequi* entered. Conlon finished the interview by saying: 'I'll vote for Dr. Deery to-morrow.'

"I had no knowledge of money being in question until when going from Carrickmacross to Castleblayney on Monday morning in my car, with Dr. Deery, he told me Conlon wanted £100 for his vote, and that he was going to expose him.

"I told him to get legal advice and to report the matter to the L.G.B., and he agreed to do so.

"I saw Mr. Conlon voting for Dr. O'Connell, and that explains my whole connection with the appointment."

The inquiry was adjourned till 11 a.m., when the cross-examination of Mr. Rice will be begun this morning.

"FEUDALISTIC" JAPANESE MISTRESSES.

Tokio is suffering from a shortage of maid-servants due to what is described here as the "feudalistic" ideas of housewives.

According to a well-known employment agency, states Reuter, young girls coming from the country to find jobs in the capital have heard that maid-servants are treated like "slaves," and, therefore, they prefer to be waitresses or shop assistants.

ON THE WIRELESS

Daily Programme Review.

(CONDUCTED BY OBBLIGATO.)

DUBLIN: Irish Music (Dr. A. Patterson), 7.30.

BELFAST: Musical Comedy Concert, 9.40.

B.B.C. NATIONAL AND SCOTTISH REGIONAL: St. Andrew's Day Programme, 8.

NORTH REGIONAL: Hallé Concert, Wagner Programme, 7.30.

VIENNA: Opera, "Aïda" (Verdi), 5.55.

ROME: Symphony Concert, 7.45.

THERE are many arresting items in to-day's programmes, including Verdi's Opera, "Aida," which Vienna is contributing at 5.55; a Hallé Concert, featuring a Wagner programme, at 7.30, which will be broadcast from the North Regional Station; a musical comedy concert at the Belfast Station, beginning at 9.40; a symphony concert from Rome at 7.45; and also "Scots Wha Hae," a St. Andrew's Day programme, which the Scottish Regional Station will give at 8. Robert Burnett is the baritone, and appropriate recitations will be given by Andrew Stewart. Robert Burnett's Choir and the Scottish Orchestra will lend variety to attractive fare.

In addition, John Armstrong (tenor) will interpret songs by Berlioz in the Foundations of Music series from the National at 6.30, while at 9.40 the B.B.C. Orchestra will hold sway. At 11.5 boxing fans can listen to an eye-witness's account of the Petersen-Harvey boxing match.

The North Regional also will give at 6.30 Reginald King and his orchestra, and Olive Kavann (contralto) in popular numbers.

The Heather Sextet, at the Scottish Regional (9 o'clock), should be worth hearing.

Dr. A. Patterson, in a programme of her own compositions, holds pride of place in the Dublin programme. The composer will give an explanatory talk between items.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMMES.

ATHLONE, DUBLIN and CORK—413 Metres.

1.30-2.30—Time, Stock Exchnge List, Weather, and Gramaphone. 6.0—Children's Hour. Denis Carey, with Kip, discover Dublin. Molly Phillips: Songs at the Piano. Tomas Luibheid: Sgeal. 6.40—News. 7.0—French. 7.15—Talk: "The Modern Architecture of Amsterdam." Mainie H. Jellett. 7.30—Time. Dr. A. Patterson conducting a programme of her compositions. 8.0—G. F. Walsh (bass). 8.10—Mollie Flynn (piccolo). 8.25—Station Orchestra: Sea Shells (E. Fogg): Merok (E. Fogg). 8.40—Cecily Kenny (mezzo-soprano). Songs by Dr. V. O'Brien, including The Fairy Tree, The Fairy Fiddler, and My Love is Dark. 8.55—William Reidy ('cello). 9.10—Station Orchestra: Two Movements from New World (Dvorak). 9.30—Sponsored Programme. 10.30—Time, News, Weather. 10.40—Traditional Trio. 11.0—Close Down.

BELFAST—242.3 Metres (1,238 Kc.) (1 Kw.).

10.15—The Daily Service. 10.30-11.20—Daventry National Programme. 12.0—Cecil Chadwick: At the Organ of the Classic Cinema. 1.0—Daventry National Programme. 4.5—The Belfast Wireless Orchestra. 5.15—The Children's Hour. 5.55—Agricultural Market Prices for Northern Ireland. 6.0—Weather Forecast. First General News Bulletin and Bulletin for Farmers, followed by Regional News. 6.30—Daventry National Programme. 8.0—Daventry National Programme. 8.0—Weather Forecast, Second General News Bulletin. 9.20—Daventry National Programme. 9.40—Musical Comedy. Mary Johnston (soprano), the Belfast Wireless Orchestra. 10.30—A Short Mid-Week Service. (Daventry National Programme). 10.45—Dance Music. (Daventry National Programme).

NATIONAL—1,554.4 Metres (193 Kc.) (30 Kw.).

10.15—The Daily Service. 10.30—Weather Forecast for Farmers and Shipping. 10.45—"The Week in Westminster": Mr. Ronald Cross, M.P. 11.0-12.0—"Events at Home and Abroad"—IX. 12.0—The Rutland Square and New Victoria Orchestra. 1.0—Gramaphone Records. 2.0—For the Schools. 2.5—2.25—Tracing History Backwards—XI. 2.30-2.50—King's English. 3.0-3.45—Evensong. 3.50—For the Schools. 4.5—The Midland Studio Orchestra. Dorothy Richards (contralto) (from Birmingham). 5.15—The Children's Hour. 6.0—Weather Forecast, First General News Bulletin and Bulletin for Farmers. 6.25—Interlude. 6.30—The Foundations of Music: Berlioz's Songs. Sung by John Armstrong (tenor). 6.50-7.20—Spanish Talk. 7.30—Rural Britain.

8.0—"Scots Wha Hae"—A St. Andrew's Day Programme (Scottish Regional Programme). 9.0—Weather Forecast, Second General News Bulletin. 9.20—"The Debate Continues"—VIII.: The Hon. Sir Stafford Cripps, K.C., M.P. 9.40—The B.B.C. Orchestra. 10.30—A Short Mid-Week Service. 10.45—Dance Music. 11.5—Jack Petersen v. Len Harvey. 11.15-12.0—Dance Music (continued).

NORTH REGIONAL—480 Metres (625 Kc.) (50 Kw.).

10.15—The Daily Service. 10.30-11.20—Daventry National Programme. 12.0—Sydney Gustard: At the Organ of the Gaumont Palace Cinema, Chester. 12.30—The Northern Studio Orchestra. 1.20—The Leeds University Midday Concert. 2.0-2.30—The Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra. (Midland Regional Programme). 3.5—Broadcast to Schools in Wales (West Regional Programme). 3.25 — Gramaphone Records. 4.5—Daventry National Programme. 5.15—The Children's Hour. 6.0—Weather Forecast, First General News Bulletin and Bulletin for Farmers, followed by Regional Announcements and Bulletin for Northern English Farmers. 6.30—Reginald King and his Orchestra, Olive Kavann (contralto). (London Regional Programme). 7.25—A Short Introductory Announcement to the Hallé Concert. 7.30—Hallé Concert. 8.20 app.—Interval, including "Programme Reflections," by Dr. J. E. Wallace. 8.35 app.—Hallé Concert (contd.). 9.35—Newcastle Programme. 10.15—Weather Forecast. Second General News. 10.30—Dance Music. (London Regional Programme). 11.5—Daventry National Programme. 11.15-12.0—Dance Music (continued) (London Regional Programme).

SCOTTISH REGIONAL — 376.4 Metres (797 Kc.) (50 Kw.).

10.15—The Daily Service. 10.30-11.20—Daventry National Programme. 12.0—North Regional Programme. 2.0—For the Schools. 2.5-2.25—Daventry National Programme. 2.30—Music. (from Edinburgh). 3.0-3.20—Gramaphone Records. 3.25—Mid-Week Service. (from Glasgow). 3.50—Daventry National Programme. 5.15—The Children's Hour (from Edinburgh). 5.50—Birthdays (from Edinburgh). 6.0—Weather Forecast, First General News Bulletin, followed by Scottish Announcements and Scottish Market Prices for Farmers (from Edinburgh). 6.30—Reginald King and his Orchestra. (London Regional Programme). 7.25—Aberdeen Programme. 8.0—"Scots Wha Hae" (from Edinburgh). 9.0—The Heather Sextet. (from Glasgow). 9.35—Gramaphone Records. (London Regional Programme). 10.15—Weather Forecast, Second News Bulletin. 10.30—Dance Music. (London Regional Programme). (At 10.45 there will be a quarter of an hour's item for Scottish listeners). 11.5—Daventry National Programme. 11.15-12.0—Dance Music (continued).

ON THE CONTINENT.

BERLIN (Deutschlandsender)—1,635 Metres (60 Kw.).

4.20—Gramaphone. 6—Transmission for all German Stations from Berlin (Funkstunde). "The Young Beethoven." by the Station Orchestra, with Piano Solos. 7.5—Choral Concert. 10—Folk Music from Leipzig.

**BUDAPEST—550.

HORSE-BREEDING AND SEA FISHING.

MEASURES DISCUSSED BY THE DAIL.

ADDITIONAL POWERS TO CHECK THE POACHING TRAWLER.

THE Horse Breeding Bill and the Sea Fisheries Bill were the principal measures discussed by the Dail yesterday. The former bill was amended in some respects, and its final stage will be taken to-day.

In moving the second reading of the Sea Fisheries Bill, the Minister for Agriculture stated that its object was to obtain powers to protect more fully the fisheries along the coasts. The measure imposes heavier penalties on offending boats, and gives special powers to officers whose duty it will be to detect offences, while every member of the Civic Guard will be a sea fishery officer.

When the House sat Mr. de Valera said that it was hoped to finish all the business this week, and to adjourn until January 31st.

HOUSE TO ADJOURN UNTIL JANUARY.

Mr. DE VALERA, at the outset, announced that it was hoped to complete the business this week, and the House would then adjourn to January 31.

Leave was given to withdraw the Local Services (Temporary Economies) Bill. Mr. S. T. O'Kelly, Minister for Local Government and Public Health, announced that another bill in substitution of it was being introduced. The first stage of the new bill, entitled the Local Authorities (Temporary Economies No. 2) Bill was passed, and the second stage was fixed for January 31.

The Dail gave leave to introduce supplementary estimates of £30,250 for forestry, and £75,089 for agriculture. The latter sum was necessary under the Cereals Act, 1933, and the Regulation of Exports Act, 1933.

Financial Resolutions in connection with the Oireachtas (Payment of Members) Bill and the Dangerous Drugs Bill were passed, and Standing Orders being suspended, the bills finally passed.

Approval was given to the Rules of Procedure as to compensation for injury to property under the Criminal Injuries Act and the Damage to Property (Compensation) (Amendment) Act.

THE PRISONS BILL.

The Prisons Bill finally passed, an amendment being agreed to that the State Lands Act, 1924, shall not apply to a prison, or part of a prison, retained by the Minister under the Act.

Mr. DILLON (U.I., Donegal) drew attention to the detention of convicted persons, and said they fell under two heads, juvenile and adult offenders. Two Departments were responsible for the detention of offenders. Juveniles were detained under the control of the Minister for Education, and it was difficult to find opportunity to raise the question of the adequacy of the accommodation for juveniles. He suggested that the Departments concerned might jointly consider the matter, and decide on the expediency of setting up a Committee of the House or such other Commission as they might consider desirable to review the matter.

The MINISTER FOR JUSTICE said that he had had consultations with the Minister for Education, and would make further inquiries. If there were any grounds for setting up a Commission it would be done.

GAELTACHT SCHOOLS.

The Parliamentary Secretary for Local Government (Dr. WARD) moved that the Schools Meals (Gaeltacht) Bill, 1933, do finally pass.

Mr. DILLON said that he formally objected as the bill had not received adequate consideration. It was a measure to facilitate the Parliamentary Secretary in directing the expenditure on school meals in various counties, and to expend in certain counties that had not raised their share of £10,000 for the provision of meals. Having carefully perused the principal Act it was obvious that it was permissive for local authorities to do certain things in certain prescribed electoral divisions, in the schedule of the Act. He suggested to the Parliamentary Secretary that he ought to review the section of the principal Act—introduce a short bill on the lines of his amendment, giving permission to local authorities in Donegal, Mayo, Galway, Kerry and Cork to use a wider discretion in the privision of school meals.

Dr. WARD (Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Local Government), said that it was not the intention of the Government to introduce legislation on the lines suggested by Deputy Dillon. Until there was a disposition on the part of the local authorities to raise more funds locally he did not think that they could make a case for the Minister for Finance to get a larger sum than £10,000.

The bill passed its final stage.

The Harbours (Regulation of Rates) Bill, 1933, passed its fifth stage.

HORSE-BREEDING.

MR. COSGRAVE AND THE BILL.

On the Report stage of the Horse-Breeding Bill, 1933, an amendment stood in the name of Messrs. George Bennett, The O'Mahony and William Desmond (U.I.) defining the word stallion as an entire horse used or intended to be used for stud purposes.

Dr. RYAN (Minister for Agriculture) indicated that he would accept the amendment.

Mr. COSGRAVE (U.I., Cork) asked when did a colt become a stallion. The proper answer was, of course, when it was at the stud for that purpose. Anyone with any experience of racing knew that no horse in training could be used for stud purposes.

Dr. RYAN said that as far as he could see, Mr. Bennett, who had a number of other amendments on the Order Paper, wanted to have certain stallions excluded from the licensing provisions of the bill. Under an amendment, he (the Minister) had exempted blood horses exclusively used for racing purposes.

Mr. COSGRAVE asked the Minister if he was aware that some of the best horses that Ireland had ever produced were not entered in the Stud Book because of a technical defect in their pedigree. The May Day family was ineligible for the Stud Book. Lord Derby had a filly in England to-day that was not entered in the Stud Book. Solenoid, one of the best two-year-olds in Ireland, was not eligible, and Mr. John Gubbins, who was able to win the Derby twice, had adopted a strain of blood which was not entered in any stud book at all. Was this, he asked, a Department arrangement made by somebody who knew nothing at all about it?

The amendment was withdrawn.

THE PRESCRIBED AGE.

Arising out of another amendment, which was withdrawn, Mr. Cosgrave asked what was intended to be the prescribed age.

Dr. RYAN (Minister for Agriculture)—Two years old.

Mr. COSGRAVE—That is too young. I suggest three years of age.

Mr. BENNETT said that the number of stallions under three years old in Ireland or England must be very small.

Mr. BENNETT moved an amendment to exempt thoroughbred horses in recognised racing stables and under the charge of a trainer holding a licence to train under the Irish Turf Rules from the Act. If young racing horses were to be subject to the licensing provision and other such disabilities, there would, he said, be a considerable amount of opposition to the bill when it became an Act.

Mr. V. RICE (U.I., Dublin) said that the amendment would not go far enough, as it did not include horses which might be unfit for a year and be left at home.

THREE NEW SECTIONS.

Mr. BENNETT withdrew his amendment in view of one moved by the Minister, which provided for the insertion of three new sections giving the Minister power to receive and grant applications for the exemption of stallions entered in a prescribed stud book, and which were used for the service of no mares other than those entered in the stud book in which such stallion was entered, and a stallion of or over the prescribed age which was used exclusively for racing. Such certificates would be granted for a year, and could be renewed from year to year. Every such certificate would determine if and when the right to the possession of the stallion to which it related passed by any means from the person to whom the certificate was issued. The amendment also gave the Minister absolute discretion to revoke or suspend for any period any certificate of exemption under the Act.

Dr. RYAN (Minister for Agriculture) said that it was not a hardship for owners of stallions to have to apply for an exemption stallions to have to apply for an exemption when compared with the fact that when the owner of a racehorse wanted to submit his horse for racing he had to fill in five or six forms. The suggestions contained in the amendment were first made by experts, but he did not know exactly if the amendments did what they advised or what they wanted. They were trying to include in the Act the horses mentioned by the deputies opposite, and horses with good racing records. He had been told by experts that two years old was the most advisable age.

Mr. COSGRAVE—Is the Minister going to license them?

Dr. RYAN—To prescribe for a licence—yes.

Mr. COSGRAVE—Answer the question.

Dr. RYAN—The deputy is getting cross because he came in here as an expert and he wants to keep up his reputation.

Mr. BENNETT said that several Irish-bred horses and famous strains, such as the May Day, would be excluded by the amendment.

Mr. COSGRAVE (U.I., Cork) asked if the Minister desired to exclude the May Day and Prospector strains. If he intended to keep out certain strains they knew where they were. The Minister had spoken of filling up forms, but the trainer of this year's Irish Derby winner had told him (Mr. Cosgrave) that he had to write 20 letters before he could get his horse across. Was it intended to exempt all horses that were in racing, or was it intended to make it still more difficult for people to sell horses in training. Everybody knew that there was no great money in racing horses, and why should the Government come along deliberately to make it more difficult for people to race horses or to sell horses.

Dr. RYAN (Minister) said that Deputy Cosgrave apparently did not know what his own Minister for Agriculture had been doing for the last ten years. The Government were simply doing what the last Government had been doing for ten years. The question of whether horses in racing would be exempt was one for consideration.

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT ACCEPTED.

Mr. BENNETT (U.I., Limerick) moved an amendment to delete from Sub-section 1 of Section 17 of the bill as drafted the provision which enabled the Minister to serve notice ordering castration of a stallion where the application for a licence or permit under the Act was not made within a specified time.

Mr. COSGRAVE contended that unsuitability of the animal as a stallion should be the only grounds for castretion. It was nonsense to impose the penalty of castration simply because the licence was not applied for. The offender should be fined, but by ordering castration they were penalising him in prepetuity. The horse should not be cast simply for th reason that the owner, for one reason or another, did not apply for a licence to have him registered as a sire. For instance, the owner migh refuse to recognise the court and not apply for the licence; and why, then, for that reason should the animal be castrated.

Mr. DILLON (U.I., Donegal) said that instead of destroying the animal the Minister could have a day-to-day fine imposed on the owner. It was surely bad in principle to take power under the bill that the Minister himself knew no rational man could use.

Mr. V. RICE (U.I., Dublin, N.) said that a day-to-day fine would be a complete remedy and prevent the destruction of valuable property.

Dr. RYAN accepted the amendment.

The fifth stage will be taken to-day.

SEA FISHERIES.

PROTECTING COAST WATERS.

The MINISTER for AGRICULTURE moved the second reading of the Sea Fisheries Protection Bill, 1933, and said that its object was to obtain fuller powers than existed under the present laws to protect fully from external exploitation the fisheries in the waters along the coasts in which, according to the accepted principle of international law, the citizens of the State had the exclusive right of fishing. It was also proposed to inflict heavy punishment for certain methods of fishing which, when carried on in inshore waters and bays, whether by externally owned or by Saorstat fishing vessels had an injurious effect on the stock of fish in those waters, upon which the small inshore fisheries depended. Powers were sought to prevent foreign fishing vessels from not only fishing in these waters, but also from hovering there. Under the generally accepted principles of international law the vessels of one nation were permitted to enter the territorial waters of another nation for certain purposes, as shelter in stress of weather, to procure food supplies, and to obtain assistance in case of breakdown or of illness among the passengers or crew. For any of these purposes a fishing vessel which was not registered or owned in the Saorstat might enter our waters, but as soon as its requirements were fulfilled that vessel must put to sea. The penalty which it was proposed to inflict for not doing so was £50 for the first offence, £100 for subsequent offences and the fishing gear aboard the boat was liable to forfeiture. The same penalty was proposed in the case of non-Saorstat sea-fishing boats which entered the exclusive fishery area without valid reason.

The existing laws for the protection of inshore waters for trawlers had become inadequate, and it was proposed to inflict heavy penalties for infringement of the existing by-laws. The present penalties were limited to a fine of £100, with confiscation of the fishing gear. In the bill he was asking for a penalty of £200 for a first offence against new by-laws and the maximum penalties for subsequent offences would be £500. In the case of a third offence, in addition to the fine, the vessel itself might be confiscated, if there was continuity of ownership from the time the first offence was committed.

NEW DUTIES OF CIVIC GUARDS.

In all cases power was to be given to confiscate all fishing gear found on board the vessel. It was difficult to identify fishing vessels operating in prohibited waters, because they frequently carried on their operations without lights, and during the day, in order to avoid identification, they obliterated the name and official number of the vessel. The bill provided severe penalties for those offences which were also contraventions of the National Shipping Acts. The master of any sea-fishing boat found inside the exclusive fishery limits without its proper lights and identification marks, even though not actually fishing at the time of detection, might be fined up to £100. A similar penalty was proposed in the case of boats not regulated by the Merchant Shipping Acts, which boats entered our waters without official papers.

Dealing with the classes of officers who would be entrusted with the duty of detecting these offences and of the special powers proposed to be given them for carrying out that duty, the Minister said that it was intended to make every member of the Garda Siochana a sea-fishery officer. In addition, certain officers of the Department of Defence, Industry and Commerce, and Customs and Excise, as well as his own Department, would be given the special powers of sea-fishery officers.

POWER OF ARREST.

These powers were very wide. The officers might stop and board any fishing vessel found in the exclusive fishery limits, or even outside them, if the vessel had been pursued from within those limits. They might search the boat and all persons on board, examine all official papers and log books, and, where they had reasonable grounds for suspecting an infringement of the law as laid down in the bill, they could arrest the boat and all on board and bring them to the nearest port for trial. If the boat failed to stop when ordered the protection officers had power to compel them by gun-fire to do so. It was proposed to make the obstruction of a sea-fishery protection officer while exercising these powers a special offence, the maximum penalty for which was a fine of £50 or three months' imprisonment.

When a vessel had been arrested and brought into port it might be detained there pending the hearing of the charge by the District Justice. If fines and costs were imposed the vessel might be detained until these were paid. Should the convicted party desire to appeal against the decision of the Court the boat would be detained until satisfactory security had been given for the payment of the penalty. In the event of the penalty not being paid within the time allowed, power was to be given to sell the boat and meet the final costs out of the proceeds.

A COASTAL PATROL.

Mr. F. LYNCH (U.I.P., Kerry) said that the bill, without any indication of the intentions of the Government that there would be a strengthened coastal patrol, was not worth the paper it was printed on. The bill did not contain anything very novel or revolutionary, except to increase the maximum penalties for certain offences. In his opinion, the Minister might also have considered whether there should be minimum penalties. The bill left the question of our exclusive fishery limits exactly as it found them. In that respect he appreciated the difficulty. Under Section 4, Sub-section 6 there was an attempt to take advantage of some extra-territorial by-laws which existed under the British *régime*, but he could not see what the effect would be. He did not think it was possible to carry out these by-laws against British fishermen unless some convention could be made between the Saorstat and the British Government. While the present strained relations existed he did not think it likely that the British Government would come to any agreement.

FISHING A LOST ART.

Mr. E. O'NEILL (U.I., West Cork) said that the fisheries were in a parlous condition. Speaking for the largest maritime constituency, West Cork, he would say that some of the best spawning beds had been absolutely scraped off by foreign trawlers, and no efforts had been made to protect these beds. The result was that fishing was practically a lost art on that coast. The three-mile limit should be extended to six miles. It was evident, however, that the Government had made up its mind to do nothing that would lead to reciprocal arrangements with the governments of other countries for the betterment of fishing. The big British trawlers were the greatest fishery pirates suffered by this country.

"The poor Muirchu has captured nothing except a few French lobstermen with 20 to 30 feet boats. I have never heard of her capturing an English trawler, complete with wireless, and half as big as herself. That shows the inadequacy of the protection," said the deputy.

"ALL EYE-WASH."

Mr. DILLON (U.I., Donegal) said that the bill was "all eye-wash." There was not the slightest intention of doing anything by it. The only way in which the Minister for Fisheries could fulfil his statutory obligations was to maintain adequate patrols. If that was not done, they could keep passing such bills, and would never save a herring's tail. He could not see why there was not a reciprocal arrangement with great Britain and Continental countries whereby penalties imposed in the courts of this country could be recovered in the other countries.

"What good is the power to fire into a boat," asked Mr. Dillon, "when you have not power to approach within twenty miles of it? Foreign boats do anything they damn well please on the coast of Donegal."

There were only two ways to give effect to the bill. One way was to provide patrol boats enough to sink any trawler that defied the law, and the other to make reciprocal arrangements with Great Britain and France, that judgments and penalties inflicted by Irish Courts would be enforcable in these countries.

MINISTER'S REPLY.

Dr. RYAN (Minister for Agriculture and Fisheries) said that the by-laws under this bill would be introduced in another bill. The Government had been urged to extend the three-mile limit, but that would be rather difficult, as it could only be done by force or agreement. There would be no inducement for the British or French to enter into any such agreement, owing to the fact that Irish trawlers did not poach on their shores. They had not lost hope, however, of reciprocal agreements, and provision had been made in the bill for such agreements.

They could under this bill exclude British trawlers. It was true that no British trawler had ever been arrested by the Muirchu, as the officers of that vessel had no authority to make such arrests. Whether they would carry out their authority under this bill remained to be seen. It had been suggested that the Government should proceed to provide a fleet of patrol boats, but it would be ridiculous to spend £50,000 or £100,000 on patrol boats when they had not statutory authority to use them. It was quite likely that they might have to look for more patrol boats.

It was true that the herring and mackerel fisheries had suffered in recent years as a result of the Russians, the Germans and the Americans supplying their own markets, but it was hoped to develop the home market for white fish.

The second stage of the bill was agreed to, and the Committee stage fixed for to-day.

FINANCE BILL.

NEW DUTIES CRITICISED.

On the second stage of the Finance (Customs and Excise Duties) Bill, 1933.

Mr. MacENTEE (Minister for Finance) explained that the bill was necessary to confirm Financial Resolutions 1-8, which were recently reported to the Dail. Advantage had been taken of the opportunity afforded by the introduction of the bill to make certain minor changes in the administration of the Customs laws which experience had shown to be desirable. The various sections in the bill confirmed the financial resolutions imposing duties on women's clothing, certain classes of bottles, rose bushes, grass seeds, electric wires, bicycle hubs, lamp shades and other articles.

Mr. DILLON (U.I., Donegal) asked if it was consistent with good Governmental practice that the Emergency Duties Act, which was got on the representation that it was to meet day-to-day emergencies, should be habitually used to make changes in duties. It was becoming the practice to impose a duty under that Act, and then get a confirmatory Act passed in the Dáil subsequently. Duties were now imposed under the original Act without relation to the international complications in which the Government was involved. He protested against the dictatorial powers which the Minister for Industry and Commerce had taken.

Mr. LEMASS—You will be getting yourself expelled from the Party.

Mr. MacDERMOT—Are not you going to expel England from the Commonwealth? (Laughter.)

Mr. DILLON, continuing, said that members of Fianna Fáil did not know or care how these duties were imposed or how things were done.

Mr. LEMASS said that the duties were imposed by the Oireachtas by way of resolution.

Mr. DILLON—I quite know that in most cases the Minister prefers to do these little trifles himself, and rather resents interference from the Oireachtas.

Mr. LEMASS—I have been reading General O'Duffy's speeches.

Mr. DILLON, continuing, said that the duties which had been imposed on hosiery were going to be borne exclusively by the poor, and were going to do the Irish factories very little good, because the Irish people would have to forego the cheap cotton hose and underwear.

Mr. BELTON (U.I., Dublin) complained of the duty on rose bushes, and also of the two shillings a cwt. on all descriptions of grass seed.

SECONDHAND CLOTHING.

Mr. T. J. MURPHY (Labour, East Cork) asked the Minister to reconsider the question of duty of secondhand clothing. There was a large number of people who would find it impossible to clothe themselves any way decently but for this trade in secondhand clothes.

STATEMENT BY MINISTER.

Mr. LEMASS (Minister for Industry and Commerce) said that Deputy Dillon had suggested that the Emergency Imposition of Duties Act should not be used except for the purpose of imposing duties in connection with the economic war. As a matter of fact, an Emergency Imposition of Duties Act was introduced long before there was any dispute with Great Britain. Such an Act was absolutely necessary because of the size of the country. There were many articles which if imported in a decent-sized ship would supply the country for a couple of years and close down local industries of the same description. The majority of the articles mentioned in that bill had not been dealt with by the emergency powers, but it was necessary that they should have powers to act quickly and prevent industrial damage. He agreed that wherever it was feasible they should wait for the assembly of the Dail and deal with these matters by means of financial resolutions.

With regard to the licensing of imports, the powers taken by the Government were less than any other country in the world, with the possible exception of Great Britain, which, in some respects, had gone much farther than we had. At the present time they had no power to license imports, except the goods to be imported were not produced in this country or were required for a process of manufacture. It was proposed to extend their powers in that bill, more especially the definition of what was a process of manufacture. It had been alleged that those powers were used wrongly as a result of political pressure on the Minister to give facilities to one party and refuse it to another. He asked for one single example of such pressure.

COTTON HOSIERY.

The duties on cotton hosiery were necessary owing to the dislocation caused mainly owing to imports from Japan, with which it was impossible to compete. If they were to buy their goods as cheaply as possible wherever they could get them they would produce nothing themselves and would soon be on outdoor relief. The production of cotton goods in this country cost no more than in Great Britain, and, in fact, they were able to produce them at a lower rate because their plant was more up to date and the cost of living was falling so rapidly that Mr. Norton and his colleagues were protesting at the imposition of the "cuts" which followed the fall.

"Since we have had protection," said Mr. Lemass, "the price of a great many articles has fallen. You can buy a Dodge car completely assembled in this country £50 cheaper than you can buy it in Great Britain."

THE SEED TARIFFS.

Dealing with the opposition to the seed tariffs, Mr. Lemass said the bulk of the grass seed requirements of the Free State could be met from the Northern counties, particularly Monaghan. Licences to import would be given where it was shown that the home supply was inadequate.

On the question of the second-hand clothing duties, Mr. Lemass said he did not think these would seriously affect the trade; but it was essential that the second-hand clothes importation, which was chiefly from Great Britain, should be checked. The duties might affect persons engaged in the trade, but the national effect would be beneficial.

Mr. DILLON asked what had been the general trend of the discussion with the merchant drapers when they interviewed Mr. Lemass.

Mr. LEMASS said the deputation had held that the Free State hosiery manufacturers could not supply the demand for cotton hosiery. They feared a shortage of the supply from the Free State mills. Almost within a week of the imposition of the duties, however, his Department had propositions from four British firms to establish factories in the Free State; one of the propositions involved very heavy capital commitments. In no case had licences been issued, because three other firms had started, or were starting, production of these goods, since the duties were imposed. He did not think there would even be a temporary shortage, because the stocks available were very large.

The Customs and Excise Duties Bill, 1933, passed its first stage, and the Committee stage was fixed for to-day.

RATES ON LAND.

A LIVELY DEBATE.

Mr. T. KELLY (F.F., North Dublin) resumed the debate on the motion tabled by Mr. P. Belton, Dr. T. R. O'Higgins, and Mr. S. B. Minch, "That the Dail condemns the action of the Government in reducing the total of the grants payable for the relief of rates on agricultural land."

Mr. HUGO FLINN (Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Finance) described the debate on the motion as a serial story of depression, a sort of serial sob story, to be continued until after the next general election. It reminded him of an undertaker's funeral, which was a funeral without a corpse. The Deputies opposite were mourning because they had no corpse to grieve over. The Deputies opposite asked them to live up to that ten per cent. token payment of our acknowledged debt, which was the standard of imperial honesty. When the Opposition became a Government were they going to get rid of the bounties. Let the Opposition tell them what they were going to do.

DEPUTY OBJECTS.

Mr. FLINN proceeded to ask the Opposition who were the people who would be selected by the Opposition to negotiate with the British. There were three possibilities: one was Mr. Cosgrave, the other was his cuckoo, Deputy MacDermot, and the third was ringmaster MacDuffy, or rather O'Duffy—I am speaking of MacDuffy's Circus.

Neither Mr. Cosgrave nor Mr. MacDermot was in the House at this stage, Mr. Belton being the only occupant of the Opposition front bench.

Mr. ANTHONY (Ind. Labour, Cork)—General O'Duffy gave good service fighting for this country when you were in Liverpool. You should not speak about General O'Duffy in that way; he was a good Irishman.

Mr. FLINN—I am going to speak about General O'Duffy and anybody else I damn well please.

Mr. ANTHONY—I am not going to sit on these benches and hear him attacked by a man who was on Salisbury Plain when O'Duffy was fighting here.

Mr. CORRY (F.F., East Cork)—You threw your wooden gun into the River Lee.

The DEPUTY SPEAKER—No one will be attacked here in a fashion that is injurious to his personal character while I am in the chair.

Mr. ANTHONY—Is it right to speak of General O'Duffy as Ringmaster O'Duffy? General O'Duffy is not a member of this House.

The DEPUTY SPEAKER—Certain things may be said of a leader of a political party.

Mr. ANTHONY—Is it right to speak of a man who is not a member of this House in that way and in his absence. Deputy Flinn would not say them in his presence.

The DEPUTY-SPEAKER—They are political epithets.

Mr. ANTHONY—It is cowardly to say that about General O'Duffy when he is not in this House.

Mr. BELTON—It has been stated here in this House by a member who is privileged to be here against a man who is not so privileged.

The DEPUTY-SPEAKER—If anything was said against General O'Duffy that would reflect against him the Chair would not allow it. No charge was made against the personal character of General O'Duffy.

Mr. ANTHONY—It is cowardice on the part of the Deputy who made them.

Mr. BELTON—He would not fight for the country he was making a living from. He was a coward when he was in khaki.

WHAT MR. THOMAS SAID.

Mr. FLYNN, continuing, said that as a negotiator Deputy Cosgrave would have the complete confidence of the British.

Mr. ANTHONY—So had you at one time. You were with the British for thirty years.

Mr. FLINN proceeded to point out that Mr. Cosgrave had all these qualifications in 1931 when he went over to Britain to ask not for three million pounds a year, which the Government said they did not owe, not for five million two hundred thousand pounds which the British were getting for ten years from him, but for a moratorium for three months on £250,000—and he did not get it. If Deputy Cosgrave, with ten years' faithful observance of the Treaty and of fealty to the British Commonwealth was not able to get a moratorium for three months on £250,000, how was he going to get the British to negotiate now? The reason why the British would not make a deal with Deputy Cosgrave was because they knew he could not deliver the goods. If Deputy Cosgrave could not do that what chance had Deputy MacDermot of doing so. Mr. J. H. Thomas had recently declared in the House of Commons that the passing by the Oireachtas of the Acts doing away with the Privy Council and the necessity of the King through the Governor-General was a flagrant violation of the Treaty with Great Britain. Who had voted against these Acts? Deputy Thrift had voted against two of them, and Deputy Good had voted against one. Against the other no single member of the House voted or recorded his objection. These Acts were described as gross violations of the Treaty. Did the members of the House accept it that they were dishonest men, who broke their word and could not be trusted in negotiations. Were they going to accept Mr. Thomas as the authentic interpreter of the Treaty? Mr. Thomas had said that Ireland was united, and that they were all people who had broken faith. Neither in the Dail or Senate, with the exception of Sir John Keane, was there one single man who raised his voice in protest against what Mr. Thomas labelled the united Irish people as a lot of scallywags, who broke their word and could not be trusted to keep their bond.

Progress was reported.

THE NEW FACTORIES.

MR. MULCAHY'S CHARGES.

On the motion for the adjournment, General Mulcahy said that the Minister for Industry and Commerce had refused to give any information as to the location of the new factories in the Saorstat, and to whom they belonged. There was general complaint by the Federation of Irish Industries that the Control of Manufactures Bill had not been effective, and that undesirable aliens were entering to the detriment of Irish manufacturers. The House was not asking the Minister for any information not at his disposal. The Minister had stated that day, in reply to a question, that two of the seven furniture factories had gone out of existence, and that one of the hosiery factories had also gone out of existence. One saw, on the one hand, a few men in a stable in one of the lanes in Dublin trying to eke out an existence. On the other hand, they had the Minister telling the country that Irish industry was being developed on big lines, and basing his statements on a few workers in stables and lanes in Dublin and elsewhere.

The answer given by the Minister to him last week was incorrect. Dealing with furniture and upholstery, he said that three furniture factories were set up. Two were employed in one factory, a man and three juveniles in another and two men and four boys in the third. One factory was in Little Denmark street, and the other in stables in the North Lotts. The upholstery factory employed three mon and seven boys. He submitted that neither the Workshops and Factories Act, the sanitary authorities or trade union control touched in any way these places, and it was shame on the Minister's part, no doubt, that prevented him from answering the question put to him last March. Of the furniture factories, one was in Dominick lane, run by a father and son, in a stables; another was in Henrietta place, and was run, in a stable, by one man and a boy; another was in Grantham place, where one adult and three juveniles were employed. These were the names that the Minister would not give any information about.

IRISH NAMES.

Mr. MULCAHY said that he had looked for Irish names and found one, in Stafford street, in a kitchen basement, and another in Lottus lane, where four men were trying to carry on business there. He had the greatest admiration for men trying to make a living, but to pretend that that was a factory, in addition to the general furniture manufacturing business of the country, was astounding. As to the employment given in that industry generally, in 1925, when the tariff was first put on, the industry employed 300 men then, and on the 1st October, 1931, it employed 1,545. Now there were 345 less employed. The unemployment figures for October showed an unprecedented increase. If foreigners were building up Irish industry on sound lines, they ought to know who they were, and they ought not to have industries set up of the kind he had indicated. The Minister had treated the House in a scandalous way when he refused information as to the

(Continued in next column.)

(Continued from Previous Column.)

way in which Irish industry was developing and the people in whose hands it was developing.

THE MINISTER'S REPLY.

Mr. LEMASS, replying, said that Deputy Mulcahy had tried to suppress the first part of his answer to the question that day that the people he had referred to, and who had started under undesirable conditions, started at a time when the Government had no control, and he wished to remind deputies that when Fianna Fail came into office they had no power to prevent anybody starting any kind of factory.

Mr. LEMASS went on to say that Deputy Mulcahy had tried to paint a picture that all the development was of the kind he spoke about. He was trying to implant an untruth in the minds of the people. He invited him to go down to the dockyard of Dublin to-day and contrast the position that existed there with that of two years ago, when it was derelict. There were now 200 men employed there, and all along these north quays there were factories employing large numbers, and old factories were extending. It was the same on the south quays. He had refused to give the names because of the circumstances under which they were asked for, which was only to damage them. The development that had taken place was shown in a nincrease of forty thousand in the returns of employment books. Every single index pointed to development in industrial employment, which was greater than ever before in the history of the country. He was glad to say that members of Deputy Mulcahy's party did not all share his views, but assisted by their personal support in this industrial development, while a number of them had even the courage to risk their money in it. They were preparing a directory of Irish manufacture, but it was only one month ago that they were able to make an organised start on the work.

To create false ideas was the whole purpose behind the speech of Deputy Mulcahy, and also to create the impression that work in the factories under Jewish or foreign names was being carried out by sweated labour or the employment of juvenile labour. There were some few of these, but they were going to come under the law under the new bill that was to be shortly introduced.

The House then adjourned until three o'clock to-day.

ANOTHER NEGRO LYNCHED.

U.S. ANGER AT ARREST OF RINGLEADERS.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

A mob of seven thousand persons battered its way into the jail at St. Joseph, Missouri, last night, and forced the Sheriff to surrender a nineteen years old negro prisoner, said to have confessed to maltreating a white girl.

When, after a fruitless attempt to batter down the front gate with a five-inch iron pipe, the crowd began to break down the rear door, the Sheriff appeared and told them that the man they wanted was adequately guarded.

The Sheriff received a hail of rocks and stones from the infuriated crowd, and he called up the National Guard and some tanks; but meanwhile the crowd had rushed the prison by the rear entrance and pulled out the negro, who was beaten and clubbed before being hanged from a tree in the prison courtyard.

As soon as the negro's body was swinging in the air the mob applied torches to it and flaming petrol-soaked rags, and he was burnt alive.

The Sheriff, describing later how he had unsuccessfully attempted to prevent the mob from storming the prison, said that the police had battled with tear gas from the interior of the prison. "The mob kept advancing," he said, "hurling bricks, tear gas bombs and eggs. I telephoned the Governor for an additional guard, but later, realising that it was impossible to stop the mob, I agreed to deliver their quarry, as I had nine negroes in the prison, and I feared that they might all be lynched.

IRISHMEN BLAMED.

"There were too many Irishmen for me. I have never known an Irishman lick a Dutchman before."

At San Jose, California, the Grand Jury have been ordered to convene immediately, but it is not expected that any action will be taken against the lynchers there of two suspected kidnappers.

Meanwhile a conflict of officials has arisen following the arrest on Monday night of two of the nine alleged leaders of the lynching of a negro at Princesse Anne, Maryland. The arrests were made by the military, following the refusal of the State Attorney to act, and in view of the attitude of the townsfolk, who tried to set them free, and the men were conveyed to Baltimore and locked up in Baltimore City Jail.

The four men were subsequently released by the local judge because of "insufficient evidence," following the hearing of a *habeas corpus* application, which he had refused to postpone in view of the public tension in the district and the seething anti-Government feeling on account of the round-up of lynching suspects.

Lynch fever has gripped America to-night, and vigorous comments are made both for and against the declaration made by the Governor of California approving the double lynching there. There are those who justify his pronouncement, but others declare that he should be impeached and ejected from his post.

The Governor of Pennsylvania to-day declared: "This stirring up of race against race and class against class is a fiendish business."

MODERN COMMERCIAL ART TYPIFIED.

A typical example of up-to-date commercial art is the folder which has been issued by the Royal Netherlands Steamship Company (Publishers: Van Ommeren (London), Ltd.).

Illustrating the text, "Cruising Amid the Shadowy Grandeur of the Past," the brochures show in contrast an old Spanish galleon and one of the company's latest ships, and depicts many attractions of cruises on the Spanish Main and to the West Indies. Full details of the arrangements for cruises are given.

THREE MONTHS' REST WITHOUT BOREDOM IN GOOD SEA AIR

ORIENT LINE

Managers: Anderson, Green & Co., Ltd. 5 Fenchurch Avenue, London, E.C.3 or Local Agents

DUBLIN BOARD OF ASSISTANCE.

EXTRA CHRISTMAS FARE.

At the meeting of the Dublin Board of Assistance yesterday, Dr. Dwyer, R.M.S., reported that it was a matter of urgent necessity to provide at once for the reconstruction of the laundry at Pelletstown.

That was a matter which formed part of the Board's claim for a grant under the Hospitals' Sweepstake Commission, which was previously before the Minister for Local Government under Acts previous to the current Act. The Board agreed.

He also emphasised the desirability of including in the scheme the reconstruction of hospitals to be considered by the Hospitals' Commission—provisional isolation accommodation for children; special isolation of Catholic children's infirmary for contagious diseases.

There were required a quantity of feather pillows for the hospital of the institution. He would suggest to the Board the advisability of substituting for the fibre pillows—for which the Board would have estimates that day—feather pillows, for which estimates would be before the Board at the next meeting. He suggested that the feather pillows be issued to the hospital and fibre pillows to the healthy department.

The Board approved.

The following requisitions—650lbs. of currants, 184lbs. candied peel (cut), 336lbs. sultanas, 20lbs. spice, 84lbs. treacle—figured under the heading of urgent order of storekeeper in the report of the R.M.S.

The goods are to be obtained for extra Christmas fare, and it was decided to secure estimates.

The Board passed a vote of condolence, on the motion of Mrs. Fitzsimons, seconded by Mr. P. S. Doyle, T.D., Chairman, with Councillor Fitzgerald on the death of his father.

UNION COLD STORAGE COMPANY.

STORMY MEETING.

Lively scenes occurred at meetings of stockholders of the Union Cold Storage Co., Ltd., at Winchester House, London, yesterday. Uproar with hooting, hissing and whistling marked the end of a meeting of the 7 per cent. Preference stockholders.

Under the proposed scheme the interest rate on the 6 per cent. Stock is to be cut to 5 per cent., the rate on the 7 per cent. to 6 per cent., and the rate on the 10 per cent. to 7 per cent. In return holders of the 6 and 7 per cent. Stock are to receive 2s. per £1 stock, and holders of the 10 per cent. Stock 6s. per unit.

Keen opposition is being made to the proposal, and a poll of the 6, 7 and 10 per cent. Preference stockholders is being taken. The result will be declared on December 6.

Mr. Roger P. Sing, chairman of the company, said that the principal effect of the proposals would be to lighten the burden of the fixed dividend obligations by means of an arrangement which the Board considered to be in the interests of the Preference stockholders. This remark was received with loud cries of "No, no."

Several people tried to address the meeting at the same time when the Chairman had finished his speech. Above this confusion arose a shout—"Adjourn the meeting and take us to a place where we can hear."

Mr. M. Hely Hutchinson, representing insurance offices and investment trusts, said: "We have come to enter an emphatic protest against what the Board are doing." He said that insufficient time had been allowed to grasp the implication of the proposals.

The resolution to approve the agreement submitted by the directors was rejected on a show of hands. Later a committee for the protection of shareholders was chosen.

COW KILLED BY 'BUS.

Yesterday Judge Shannon, in the Dublin Circuit Court, gave a decree for £20, with £2 2s. expenses, to Edward Sullivan, Oldtown, Abbeyleix, who brought an action against the Dublin United Tramways Co. for damages for the loss of a cow, following a collision between the animal and a 'bus near Blackhorse lane, Dublin, on 1st September, 1932.

Mr. Gearoid O'Sullivan (instructed by Mr. M. Noyk) appeared for plaintiff; and Mr. J. J. Mooney (instructed by Messrs. Gerald Byrne and Co.) for the defendants.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE

WITHOUT PURGATIVES OR CALOMEL

(and you'll jump out of bed in the morning full of pep

If you are fed-up and depressed, feel heavy-eyed in the morning and get the blues all day long, don't swallow a lot of salts, liquid paraffin, palatable laxatives or harsh purgatives and expect them to make you feel fresh and buoyant and full of sunshine.

They can't do it. They only move the bowels and that doesn't get at the cause—your liver. Your liver's chief job is to send two pints of bile juice into your bowels every day. If bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Your stomach is filled with gas. You have a thick, bad taste in your mouth. Your breath is foul and skin blemishes often break out. You get headaches and feel rotten. Your whole system is poisoned.

It takes those good old CARTERS BRAND LITTLE LIVER PILLS to get these two pints of bile juice flowing freely and to make you feel right on top of the world. They contain harmless, gentle vegetable extracts and they are just wonderful when it comes to promoting the flow of bile. But don't ask for liver pills. Ask for Carters Pills. Look for the name Carters on the package. At all Ch

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AT 8 MATINEE SAT. AT 2.30.
BARRY O'BRIEN PRESENTS
"ON THE SPOT,"
Edgar Wallace's Great Gangster Play of Chicago,
ARTHUR GOMEZ and
STRONG WEST-END CAST,
From Wyndham's Theatre, London.

Next Week: THE RATHMINES AND RATHGAR MUSICAL SOCIETY presents
"PRINCESS CHARMING."
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

OLYMPIA THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9
THE NOVEL NEW REVUE
"RHAPSODY IN BLACK."
Star Cast includes: WILL GARLAND, BETTY RAIE, RUSS BRANDOW, ALDA CAMPBELL, VIC WISE, EDDIE EMERSON, BERT RUSSELL, OSCAR PAUL, AND THE BROWN BABIES.
Booking Office Open Daily, 11-4.30 'Phone 23292

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT and FOLLOWING NIGHTS at 8.
MATINEE SATURDAY 2.30.
"ŒDIPUS THE KING,"
By SOPHOCLES. Prose Version by W. B. YEATS.
"SOVEREIGN LOVE,"
By T. C. MURRAY.
Booking at Theatre, 10.30 to 6.

GATE THEATRE.
NIGHTLY THIS WEEK.
"BLOOD AND SAND,"
From the Spanish of V. BLASCO IBANEZ

THE SACKVILLE.
DONALD CALTHROP & KATHLEEN O'REGAN in
"FIRES OF FATE,"
By CONAN DOYLE.

METROPOLE.
CONTINUOUS ..... 2.0 TILL 11.0 P.M.
JACK BUCHANAN in
"THAT'S A GOOD GIRL,"
With ELSIE RANDOLPH.
Daily at 2.20, 4.45, 7.10 and 9.35 p.m.
Also the Official Film of
"GORDON RICHARDS."

MORGAN'S SCHOOL OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION.
ANNUAL DANCE,
METROPOLE BALLROOM,
TO-NIGHT.
THE METROPOLE BAND,
Under the Direction of Mr. C. Vincent Rogers.
9 p.m. to 1 a.m. Evening Dress.
Tickets (payable at door), 5/- (including tax).

GRAFTON CONTINUOUS, 2 to 11. Daily, at 2.40,5.0,7.15,9.35.
NOW ON SECOND WEEK.
RALPH LYNN—WINIFRED SHOTTER in
"SUMMER LIGHTNING."
ALSO THE OFFICIAL FILM OF
GORDON RICHARDS.
A Day in the Life of the World's Champion Jockey.

GRAND CENTRAL.
"THE SHEPHERD OF THE SEVEN HILLS."

SLIGO FEIS CEOIL,
3rd to 7th APRIL, 1934.
SYLLABUS ON SALE AT DUBLIN MUSIC SHOPS, price 2d.; or from
MISS MITCHELL, Hon. Secretary, 16 William street, Sligo (postage 1½d. extra).

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.

Notice is hereby given that the office of Alderman for No. 4 Borough Electoral Area is Vacant, consequent on the disqualification of Alderman Patrick Joseph Medlar.
Signed,
P. S. Ua DUBHGHAILL, T.D., P.C., } Three Members of the
JOHN COSTELLO, P.C., } City
P. BELTON, T.D. } Council.
GERALD J. SHERLOCK,
City Manager and Town Clerk.
City Hall, Dublin,
30th November, 1933.

ARCHITECT WANTED.

The Committee of Management of the County Clare Mental Hospital will, at their Meeting to be held on the 12th December next, proceed to appoint a competent person, who has had specialised experience in hospital planning, as Architect in connection with the proposed additions and alterations to the Mental Hospital.
The person appointed will be required to prepare plans, specifications and estimates, and to make any changes in them that may be necessary to meet the views of the Inspector of Mental Hospitals, also to superintend the work whilst in the course of construction, and generally perform all that is necessary appertaining to the position at the remuneration of 5 per cent. on the outlay.
He will also be required to attend any meeting of the Committee, after his appointment, or any conference which may be held in connection with the scheme.
The appointment will be subject to the sanction of the Minister for Local Government and Public Health.
Fé Ordú,
F. O'MARA,
An Dochtúir Comhnuithe.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

ROINN TAILTE AGUS IASCAIGH.

BOUNTIES ON EXPORT OF PERIWINKLES, MUSSELS, ESCALLOPS AND FRESH-WATER EELS TO GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND.

The Government has decided that bounties on periwinkles, mussels, escallops and fresh-water eels exported to Great Britain and Northern Ireland on and after the 1st December, 1933, until the 31st March, 1934, will be paid as follows:—

PERIWINKLES.
(a) A bounty equivalent to the Customs duty actually paid.

MUSSELS.
(b) A bounty equivalent to the Customs duty actually paid.

ESCALLOPS.
(c) A bounty equivalent to 50 per cent. of the Customs duty actually paid.

FRESH-WATER EELS.
(d) A bounty equivalent to 50 per cent. of the Customs duty actually paid.

Bounties will only be payable on receipt of an application made on the standard form, and must be accompanied by the relative Customs receipt. The exporter or his authorised agent must complete in duplicate Customs Form No. 29 (Sale), which is to be delivered to the Customs Officer at the Port or Frontier Station of Export. These forms are obtainable from the Government Publications Sale Office, 5 Nassau street, Dublin, or through any Bookseller or at Customs Frontier Stations.
The payment of these bounties is conditional on an increase in price equivalent to the amount of the bounty being granted to the gatherers from whom the exports were purchased, and the Minister for Lands and Fisheries reserves the right to withhold payment of any bounty in respect of these exports where he is so satisfied that the conditions (together with any other conditions which may be announced at a later date) have been complied with.
Further enquiries regarding the payment of bounties should be addressed to the Secretary, Department of Lands and Fisheries, 72 Kildare place, Dublin. 12/P 1116. W.H.Co.

COIMISIUN TALMHAN NA hEIREANN (IRISH LAND COMMISSION).
NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Tender for Works B 140," will be received up to, but not later than, noon on the 16th December, 1933, for the Erection of Three Dwellinghouses and Two Out-Offices on the lands of Pollanorman, Co. Tipperary, situate about six miles from Nenagh, in accordance with Plans and Specifications to be seen at this Office, or on the lands at the hour of 3 p.m. on the 5th December, 1933, when an Inspector will attend there to point out Sites.
A copy of the Plans and Specifications may be obtained on application to this Office on deposit of £1, which will be refunded on receipt of a bona fide Tender.
The Commissioners will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.
M. DEEGAN, Secretary.
Coimisiun Talmhan Na hEireann (Irish Land Commission), Sraid Uachtarach Mhuibhtheann (Upper Merrion street), Baile Atha Cliath (Dublin). 12/P 1111. W.H.Co.

BALLINAMULT, CO. WATERFORD — Site adjoining Garda Barracks, containing about one acre sixteen perches, with the remains of the former R.I.C. Barracks thereon, to let on lease for a term of 99 years. Rent £5 per annum. Address offers to the Secretary, Office of Public Works, Dublin.

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Telephone No. 23062

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
WALTER PERCY
WILLIAMS & HAYDEN,
Two Cheery Chaps.
Allan and Gordon, Eddie Morrell, Peter White, Sid and Max Harrison, Nora Richardson, THE INTERNATIONAL FAMES KADEX FOUR, HAROLD AND LOLA, JOCK McKAY, THE AUSTRALIAN BOYS.

PAVILION DUN LAOGHAIRE. 3.30 TO 10.30.
MIRTH AND MELODY!
The Screen's New Musical Extravaganza,
"42nd STREET,"
A Riot of Fun, Music, Song and Brilliant Ballet,
STARRING BEBE DANIELS,
WARNER BAXTER AND CHORUS OF 200.
At 4.10, 6.40 and 9.5. Splendid programme.
NEXT MONDAY:—"TOPAZE."

CAPITOL.
DAILY, 2.20 to 11 O'CLOCK, CONTINUOUS.
JAMES DUNN and GLORIA STUART in
"THE GIRL IN 419,"
With DAVID MANNERS and SHIRLEY GREY.
Paramount's Split-Second Drama. Chock full of excitement.
MARTA EGGERT and OWEN NARES in
"WHERE IS THIS LADY?"
Franz Lehar's first Musical Film.
ON THE STAGE:
CHARLIE HARVEY and the CAPITOLIANS in a Pot-Pourri of Vocal and Musical Gems.

ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY
AFTERNOON LECTURES,
IN THE MEMBERS' HALL, BALLSBRIDGE, TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), December 1st, at 4 p.m.
A ZOOLOGIST AT THE ANTIPODES,
By PROFESSOR T. TOMSON FLYNN.
Members entitled to Free Admission, and to obtain tickets for their friends at 2/- each.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING
AND HEATING.
MAGUIRE & GATCHELL, LTD.,
DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

COUNTY BOROUGH OF DUBLIN.
PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACTS, 1878 to 1919, and LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1925.
PROPOSED NEW STREET BETWEEN HIGH STREET AND BACK LANE, IN THE CITY OF DUBLIN.

PURSUANT to the provisions of the above Acts, the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of Dublin (hereinafter called "the Corporation"), being the Urban Sanitary Authority for the Urban Sanitary District comprised within the above-named County Borough, HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that they require and propose to take under the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts the several denominations and quantities of land, premises and hereditaments in the Schedule hereto annexed, mentioned and described for the purpose of making a new street connecting High street and Back lane, in the County Borough of Dublin, and that the Corporation will apply to the Minister for Local Government and Public Health for a Provisional Order to enable them to do so: AND the Corporation HEREBY GIVE FURTHER NOTICE that a plan and schedule of the proposed undertaking have been deposited in the Office of the City Manager and Town Clerk, City Hall, Dublin, where they may be inspected at all reasonable times.
SCHEDULE above referred to showing the denominations, land, premises and hereditaments required and proposed to be taken

Number on Plan	Quantity, Description and Situation of the Land proposed to be taken.
1	Portion of Plot of Ground, with ruins, formerly No. 34 High street, Parish of St. Michael and City of Dublin, and No. 23 Back lane, Parish of St. Audoen and City of Dublin; area 6 perches 2 yards.
2	Portion of Plot of Ground formerly No. 34 High street, Parish of St. Michael and City of Dublin; area 1 perch 7 yards.

Dated this 18th day of November, 1933.
GERALD J. SHERLOCK, City Manager and Town Clerk, City Hall, Dublin.
IGNATIUS JNO. RICE, Law Agent, City Hall, Dublin.

UNITED DIOCESE OF DUBLIN AND GLENDALOUGH AND KILDARE.
BOARD OF MISSIONS.
A GREAT SERVICE OF MISSIONARY INTERCESSION
Will (D.V.) be held in
ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL, DUBLIN.
On
ST. ANDREW'S DAY
TO-DAY (THURSDAY), NOVEMBER 30th, at 8 p.m.
Preacher—REV. W. M. MURRAY WALTON, M.A., Founder of Newspaper Evangelism in Japan.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, DUBLIN, LOWER BAGGOT STREET
(branch Church of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.),
Will hold its
ANNUAL THANKSGIVING SERVICE,
TO-DAY (THURSDAY), at 8 p.m.
All are Welcome.

A CHRISTMAS SALE,
In Aid of St. John's, Sandymount,
Will be held at the
DAWSON HALL, DAWSON STREET,
TO-DAY (THURSDAY).
From 3—9 p.m.

DUBLIN LITERARY SOCIETY.
LINCOLN CHAMBERS, LINCOLN PLACE.
December 1st—"Evolution of the English Novel." By Rev. C. S. Sheehy, C.M.
December 8th—"Psychology and Literary Criticism." By Professor R. J. Fynne, M.A.
December 15th—"Poetic Criticism—A Study of Robert Browning and Francis Thompson." By Mr. J. Hanaghan.
Chair at 8 p.m.
Full programme on application to Hon. Treasurer.

CENTRAL CATHOLIC LIBRARY, 18 HAWKINS STREET, DUBLIN.
THE READING ROOMS WILL BE CLOSED ON DECEMBER 1st and THE LENDING LIBRARY AT A LATER DATE, NOTIFIED IN THE LIBRARY.
THE NEW PREMISES, 74 MERRION SQUARE, WILL BE OPENED EARLY IN JANUARY.

PARISH OF ST. PETER AND ST. AUDOEN.
A SALE OF WORK,
In aid of Missionary and Parochial Funds, will be held in the SCHOOLHOUSE, CAMDEN ROW, on TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) and SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1st and 2nd, from 3 to 9 p.m.
Admission—3-6 o'c., 6d.; 6-9 o'c., 3d.
The Sale will be opened on TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) by MISS C. FOWLER.

REGISTRATION OF CLUBS (IRELAND) ACT, 1904.
Take Notice that I, F. C. Pilkington, Honorary Secretary of THE STROLLERS' CLUB, having their premises at 9 MERRION ROW, DUBLIN, intend to apply for a Renewal of the Certificate of Registration on behalf of the said Club, in pursuance of the provisions of the above Act.
Dated 29th day of November, 1933.
F. C. PILKINGTON, Hon. Secretary.
CARTAN O'MEARA and KIERAN, Solicitors, 27 South Frederick street, Dublin.
To the Registrar of Clubs for the City of Dublin.

REGISTRATION OF CLUBS (IRELAND) ACT, 1904 AND 1927.
Take Notice that I intend to apply for a Renewal of the Certificate of Registration for the DUBLIN CONSERVATIVE CLUB, 38 York street, Dublin.—C. H. ROBINETTE, Secretary.

REGISTRATION OF CLUBS (IRELAND) ACT, 1904.
Take Notice that I intend to apply for a renewal of the Certificate of Registration for the IRISH BANKERS' CLUB, which premises are situate at 93 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.
Dated 29th November, 1933.
L. DE M. DILLON, Hon. Secretary.

REGISTRATION OF CLUBS ACTS, 1904-1927.
District Court Area of Bray, Co. Wicklow.
Take notice that I intend to apply for a Renewal of the Certificate of Registration of the GREYSTONES GOLF CLUB, which premises are situate on the Burnaby Estate, Greystones, Co. Wicklow.
Dated this 28th November, 1933.
LESLIE G. GOODE, Honorary Secretary; JAMES M. MAGEE, Solicitor, Quinsboro' road, Bray.
To Liam Price, District Justice of the District Court Area of Bray, Co. Wicklow.

TAKE NOTICE.
I, W. HENDERSON, 51 Lindsay road, am applying for a Certificate of Suitability of Premises at 6 NORTH EARL STREET, DUBLIN.

TAKE NOTICE.
I, LEO GORDON, 34 CORK ROAD, FERMOY, intend to apply for a renewal of a Bookmaker's Licence.

BELFAST ADVERTISERS.
Advertisements for next day's issue are received at our Branch Office, 15 Donegall Street, up to 5.0 p.m.
Telephone—Belfast, 1727

SAVOY.
POSITIVELY LAST DAY!
HELEN HAYES, CLARK GABLE, in
"THE WHITE SISTER."
SHOWING at 12.15, 2.30, 4.45, 7 o'c., 9.15.
TO-MORROW:
WARREN WILLIAM, LORETTA YOUNG, in
"EMPLOYEES' ENTRANCE."
Philip Dore, M.A., F.R.C.O.,
AT THE SAVOY ORGAN.
THE SAVOY RESTAURANT
MUSIC—OPEN TILL MIDNIGHT.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—Pressure is high over Russia and very low over South Greenland. Weather will be mainly cloudy and rather cold.
North-West and South-West Ireland.—Fresh or strong southerly wind, cloudy, perhaps slight rain locally; mild.
North-East and South-East Ireland.—Moderate or fresh east or south-east wind; mainly cloudy; bright intervals locally; rather cold.
Sea Passages.—Irish Sea and St. George's Channel—Moderate or fresh south-east wind; cloudy; sea moderate.

Dixon and Hempenstall, Barometers and Thermometers.—12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

THE SUN.

	To-day.	To-morrow.
Rises	8.15	8.17
Sets	4.12	4.11
Lighting-up Time	5.12	5.11

HIGH WATER—DUBLIN.

	To-day.	To-morrow.
Morning	10. 7	10.45
Evening	10.27	11. 7

AT OTHER PORTS.

	Morning.	Evening.
Belfast	9.37	9.57
Cork	3.57	4.17
Drogheda	9.55	10.15
Dundalk	9.52	10.12
Galway	3.41	4. 1
Limerick	5.11	5.35
Londonderry	7. 0	7.20
Sligo	4.22	4.42
Waterford	5.50	6.12

TO-DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS

High Courts and Circuit Court—Four Courts, 11 a.m.
Central Criminal Court — Green street, 11 a.m.
Consecration of Archdeacon Flewitt as Bishop of Cork—St. Fin Barre's Cathedral, Cork, 11.30 a.m.
Castlebellingham and Drogheda Breweries—39-41 Dame street, 12.
Port and Docks Board—1 p.m.
Dail—3 p.m.
Royal Irish Academy, Dawson street—4.15 p.m.
Royal City of Dublin Hospital Linen Guild—4.30 p.m.
Radio Transmitters' Society—Jury's Hotel, 7.30 p.m.
Clontarf Catholic Literary Society—Vernon avenue Schools, 7.45 p.m.
Academy of Christian Art—Wynn's Hotel, 8 p.m.
Photographic Society—Jury's Hotel, 8 p.m.
First Church of Christ, Scientist, Lower Baggot street—Annual Thanksgiving Service, 8 p.m.

SPORT.
Coursing — Tipperary Cup, Kilsheelan, 11.45 a.m.
Rugby Football—Hospitals' Cup Match, Donnybrook, 2.45 p.m.
Badminton—Irish Close Championships, Elm Park, 6.45 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.
Gaiety Theatre—"On the Spot."
Olympia Theatre—"Rhapsody in Black."
Abbey Theatre—"Œdipus the King" and "Sovereign Love."
Gate Theatre—"Blood and Sand."
Sackville Cinema—"Fires of Fate."
Metropole Cinema—"That's A Good Girl" and Official Film of Gordon Richards.
Morgan's School Old Boys' Association Dance—Metropole, 9 p.m.
Grafton Cinema—"Summer Lightning."
Grand Central Cinema—"The Shepherd of the Seven Hills."
Theatre Royal—Variety.
Pavilion Cinema, Dun Laoghaire—"42nd Street."
Capitol Cinema—"The Girl in 419" and "Where is This Lady?"
Savoy Cinema—"The White Sister."

HARBOROUGH BY-ELECTION.

CONSERVATIVE VICTORY.

The result in the by-election in Harborough Division of Leicestershire, caused by the resignation of Lord Castle Stewart (Conservative), was declared yesterday as follows:—

Mr. Ronald Tree (Con.)	**19,320**
Mr. W. Bennett (Lab.)	12,460
Mr. W. Carey Wilson (Lib.)	6,144
Majority	6,860

No change.
At the last election the figures were:—Lord Castle Stewart (Con.), 29,790; Major F. J. Wise (Lab.), 10,212. Majority—19,578.
After the declaration of the poll Mr. Tree said he fought on the principle that England comes first and that the policy of the National Government was the more likely to produce prosperity.

The Irish Times.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1933.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

Trade statistics for the Irish Free State show that for the ten months' period January-October live cattle exports dropped in value from £7,152,969 in 1932 to £4,758,846.—(Page 8.)

The case for the establishment of a national laboratory for the pathological investigation of mental diseases in the Free State will be put before the Free State Minister for Local Government and Public Health if he consents to receive a deputation from the Irish Division of the Medico-Psychological Association.—(Page 7.)

The Horse-Breeding Bill and the Sea Fisheries Bill were discussed at yesterday's sitting of the Dail.—(Page 5.)

The Northern Ireland election campaign was brought to a close last night. Polling takes place to-day and the counting of the votes to-morrow.—(Page 7.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

In the course of a statement of the Government's air policy in the House of Lords last night, Lord Londonderry announced the abandonment of unilateral disarmament, and said that if other Powers did not follow Britain's example and seek parity by reduction, she would seek it by building up her air and other forces.—(Page 7.)

ABROAD.

The United States Government announces that liquor import quotas will be so allocated as to bring about a reduction of foreign tariffs against American goods in exchange.—(Page 8.)

FINANCIAL.

London Stock Markets were again weak, and prices fell in nearly every department. There were a few firm spots.—(Page 12.)

Gold was unchanged at 125s. 6d. per oz., and £400,000 was taken by unknown buyers. The American price was raised 8c. to 33.93 dols.—(Page 12.)

Dublin Market was idle, but generally firm.—(Page 12.)

Britain's Defences.

The British Government has decided that the country's aerial defences must be increased. This decision, which was announced yesterday in both Houses of Parliament, has a profound importance, military and political. It marks the end of an act of faith and the acknowledgment of a national danger. The next war—if it comes—will be won in the air, and to-day, on a count of aeroplanes, Britain is the weakest of all the Great Powers. She has fallen to that plight from the position of aerial supremacy which she occupied at the end of 1918. Ten years ago Mr. Baldwin, then Prime Minister, declared that the Home Defence Force must consist, as a minimum, of 52 squadrons: 42 represent its present strength. For home defence Britain has 448 machines (including those of the Auxiliary Air Force). France has 1,500 machines; Russia has a formidable air force, and Germany's many hundreds of civil aircraft could be turned into fighting machines in the twinkling of an eye. If we admit even the bare possibility of another war—and who can reject it?—Britain stands to-day in peril of the gravest kind. As the first act of war, an invading Power would attack London from the air, and a successful attack would make Britain impotent within twenty-four hours. France might survive the destruction of Paris, and Germany might outlive Berlin, but London is the heart of England. Recent exercises have shown that the brunt of an aerial attack on London could be broken by an adequate defence. Now the British Government has decided that such defence shall be prepared without further delay. For the time being it has abandoned the policy of unilateral disarmament.

By this decision Great Britain aims no death-blow at Geneva. The ideal of disarmament remains dear to her. Of all the Powers she alone has been faithful to it; during the last ten years, amid innumerable false, she has kept her zeal and has proved it by a hundred sacrifices. In moving and sincere terms the Secretary of State for Air yesterday explained her change of front, which is inspired alike by patriotism and by love of peace. After long efforts at Geneva, Britain has failed to secure parity of world armaments by any process of reduction. She has made a scores of overtures; all have been rejected, and, while her Navy and her Air Force dwindle, those of other Powers are advancing from strength to strength. In justice to herself, to her Dominions and her Colonies, she cannot maintain a policy which exposes her, without warning, to the greed or ambition of any lawless Power. She has offered to abolish the Royal Air Force if all the other aerial Powers will follow her example. That offer holds good, and will continue to hold good; but, until it is accepted, she cannot leave herself naked to the hazards of another war. Britain's new intention to enlarge her Air Force threatens nobody. Every Chancellery that does not contemplate a wilful quarrel will admit that she seeks no territory, harbours no hatreds and has no lust of conquest. The increase of her Air Force, which Geneva's failure has imposed on her, is simply an act of national insurance—as dispassionate, practical and businesslike as the insurance of a man's house against burglary or fire. We believe that this decision will strengthen rather than weaken her influence for disarmament; and we are convinced that it will be welcomed throughout the Empire with the deepest feelings of satisfaction and relief. Britain will not cease to strive for disarmament, but, while her statesmen dedicate themselves to that task, there will be no gambling with the lives of her people and the future of her Empire.

The Reckoning.

Monthly trade returns, issued by the Free State Government, continue to tell a melancholy tale of waning wealth. For the twelve months that ended in October, 1930, the Free State did a total trade of £105,331,686. By October, 1932, that figure had dropped to £74,464,767, and now it stands at £55,408,708. During this period imports have fallen from some £58,000,000 to £35,336,000, and exports from £46,150,000 to £19,405,073. The adverse balance of trade against the Free State stands at £15,268,000, or nearly 80 *per cent.* of the value of the export trade. Clearly, this condition of affairs cannot continue indefinitely. Hitherto the adverse balance has been met by "invisible" exports; but there has been a constant drain on this source of revenue, and, sooner or later, it must come to an end. Within twelve months Free State exports have fallen by some £9,000,000, or more than 33 *per cent.*, although, according to figures cited in *Dáil Eireann* yesterday by the Minister for Finance, the sum of £1,264,786 has been spent on bounties and subsidies during the present financial year. The export of live animals has fallen from £10,093,209 to £5,953,909, and is still on the downward grade. Furthermore, the Free State citizen not only is losing the benefit of the export trade, but actually is paying the British duties on the goods which he exports.

Government spokesmen have had much to say about "alternative markets"; but the trade returns expose the futility of the search which Ministers seem still to be pursuing. In the ten months that ended in October, 1932, the Free State exported goods to Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the value of £21,039,534, while her sales to all other countries amounted to £776,801. During the first ten months of this year the corresponding figures are £14,528,879 and £889,605. While, therefore, the Free State has lost more than £6,500,000 to Britain and Northern Ireland, her recompense from all other countries has been the wretched sum of less than £113,000. The manner in which the contracts for the equipment of the new sugar factories have been allocated is proof of a desperate effort to bridge the gap; but nothing can make up for the loss of the British market. Does the Free State Government propose to allow the "economic war" to last for ever? There is not the slightest doubt that the British Government would be more than willing to make a settlement on honourable terms. The Land Annuities issue could be adjusted with very little difficulty, and a trade agreement could be arranged which would give the Free State all the benefits that were lost by Mr. de Valera at the Ottawa Conference. One thing is quite certain. Free State trade cannot continue to fall at its present rate without an eventual collapse. Yesterday's discussion at the Dublin Board of Assistance shows that the capital city is beginning to feel the pinch at last; and the next few months will bring matters to a head.

Lynch Law.

Civilisation must shudder at the latest excesses of "lynch law" in the United States. Early this month a wealthy young American, Mr. Brooke Hart, was kidnapped and murdered. Two men, Thomas Thurmond and John Holmes, confessed to the crime, and were imprisoned in the county jail at San Jose, California. On Sunday last a huge crowd gathered around the jail gates and demanded that the two men should be handed out to them. The police refused, and drove back the mob, which thereupon obtained two steel girders, and, employing them as battering-rams, smashed the gates, dragged out Thurmond, hanged him in a neighbouring park, and finally set his body on fire. This wretched commentary on the condition of American law was pointed on the following day, when the Governor of California openly condoned the action of the rioters. "This is the best lesson California has ever given the United States," he declared. "We have shown the country that there is at least one State where kidnapping will not be tolerated." Such encouragement of anarchy—which is echoed widely throughout the nation—has inspired a swift and sorry sequel. On Tuesday mobs attacked the jails at St. Joseph, Missouri, and Princess Anne, Maryland, in the face of regular, fully-armed troops. They failed to secure a victim at Princess Anne, but at St. Joseph they seized a negro prisoner accused of an offence against a white woman, hanged him, and set the body on fire, in imitation of the crowd at San Jose. This revival of lynch law argues badly for President Roosevelt's hopes of a new civic morality in the United States. That the populace should resort to such measures implies its low opinion of official justice; but that a State Governor should approve these outbreaks of barbarism is a truly disturbing portent.

Progress in Persia.

Persia is one of the many countries which have been infected with the nationalistic bacillus. Its nationalism manifests itself in two forms, represented by two categories of the people. First, there are the citizens who are animated by pure love of their country. Next come those who are nationalists from hatred of everything foreign, and believe that the foreigner's entire purpose is to exploit Persia. There is also a considerable majority of the population that does not care a rap about nationalism, and wishes only to do its work without any interference from politics. In fact, as the Teheran Correspondent of *The Times* observes, Persian nationalism rests solely on the dictatorial power of the Shah. It is almost entirely through his autocratic ambitions that foreign influence in Persia has been assailed, and that the prestige of foreigners tends to-day to stand low. Whether the wave of nationalism will do Persia any good remains to be seen; it may ebb as soon as his strong hand is removed—too soon for the achievement of any real good or the consolidation of any real national impulse. Within his limits, however, the Shah has made notable improvements in Persian administration. In eight years he has set the country's finances on a much sounder basis; he has curbed the activities of the tribes; the Government departments are far less dishonest, lazy and incapable than they were; communications have been improved enormously, and it is now possible to travel in nearly all parts of Persia without fear. On the other hand, there are widespread discontent and poverty, and money to relieve them is lacking. It is still a question whether the Shah will succeed in his effort to transform a half-civilised Asiatic people into a self-conscious and "Westernised" State.

AERIAL "MONSTER" MYSTERY SOLVED.

A LARGE KITE.

Heston Aerodrome yesterday received a telephone message that the aerial "monster" reported near Harrow on Sunday is a large kite.
Two civil pilots had stated that they had had to swerve to avoid a mysterious object.
At the aerodrome a reporter was told yesterday that "a Mr. T. A. Payne, of Norvol road, North Wembley, telephoned to us to say that he had seen a huge kite flown from an open space called Perrin's Field, near South Kenton railway station."

DUBLIN HOSPITAL SUNDAY FUND.

The following additional returns of the sixtieth annual collection on behalf of the Dublin Hospital Sunday Fund have been received:—

	£	s.	d.
Greystones Parish Church	26	10	3
Greystones Parish Guild of Youth	1	10	0
St. Philip's Parish Church, Milltown	20	0	0
The Mariners' Church, Kingstown	17	0	0
St. Kevin's Church, S.C. road	16	0	0
The United Parishes of Clara, Ardnurcher and Ballycumber, King's Co.	12	10	0
Mountmellick Presbyterian Church	10	10	0
Shillelagh Church, Co. Wicklow	9	2	0
St. Aidan's Church	9	0	0
Swords and Kilsallaghan Churches	7	17	3
St. George's Parish Church	7	0	0
Clonenagh Union Church, Mountrath, Leix	6	4	0
St. Augustine's Church	6	0	0
Oldcastle, Loughcrew, Mount Nugent Parish	6	0	0
Phibsborough Baptist Church	5	0	0
Ballymackey Union Church	4	18	8
York Street Congregational Church	4	4	0
Hibbride Parish Church, Arklow	3	10	0
Narraghmore and Fortstown Churches	3	8	5
Dunshaughlin, Ballymaglasson and Ratoath Churches	3	5	2
Howth Gospel Hall	3	4	1
St. Mary's Parish	3	0	0
Moyliscar, Enniscoffy and Castlejost Church	2	18	0
The Free Church	2	10	0
Clonliffe Methodist Church	1	15	9
Greystones Parish Guild of Youth	1	10	0
Dublin Seamen's Institute (R.M.S. Leinster Memorial Church)	1	10	0
Kilpipe Parish Church	0	12	6
Kilnahue Parish Church	0	12	6

The Maharajah of Mysore has ordered the first pneumatic-tyred farm cart to be exported from this country. Under the Maharajah's administration Mysore has made conspicuous progress in improving and modernising its agriculture.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The Queen remained indoors at Buckingham Palace yesterday. It was officially stated last night that Her Majesty has a very slight cold and that she remained indoors owing to the cold weather. She was to have visited the Jewellery Exhibition in aid of the Dockland Settlement, which is being held at 24 Albemarle street, but her visit was cancelled.

The King and Queen received Prince Chula Chakrabongse of Siam at Buckingham Palace, where he was entertained at luncheon by Their Majesties.

The King has appointed Brigadier-General George W. St. G. Grogan, V.C., C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., late of the Worcestershire Regiment, to be one of His Majesty's Bodyguard of Gentlemen-at-Arms. General Grogan is the grandson of the late Mr. G. Grogan, J.P., of Seafield, Co. Dublin.

At the National Fat Stock Show in Edinburgh yesterday the King carried off the gold medal for the best animal in the Highland cattle classes.

The Prince of Wales presided at a meeting of the Council of the Duchy of Cornwall, at which were present the Earl of Fortescue, the Earl of Radnor, Viscount Weymouth, Sir Lionel Halsey, Sir Godfrey Thomas, Mr. E. R. Peacock, Mr. Walter Monckton and Major Hilgrove McCormick.

The Duke of York, as Colonel of the Scots Guards, will be present at the regimental boxing tournament, which will be held on Monday, December 11th, in the London Scottish Drill Hall.

Prince Arthur of Connaught is one of the members of the Duke of Westminster's shooting party at Llangollen this week.

The Duke and Duchess of Atholl will spend Christmas at Blair Castle, Perthshire. The Marquess of Bute arrived in London yesterday from Cardiff Castle. Anne Countess of Mexborough, who has been staying in the South of France, will return to Hans place, London, to-morrow. Lady Kilmaine and the Hon. Alicia Browne will arrive this week at The Old Rectory, Shaw, Newbury, which is now their permanent address. Lady Ludlow has returned to Bath House, Piccadilly, from the country.

Lady Stanley, daughter-in-law of the Earl of Derby, was involved in a motor collision in Piccadilly on Tuesday night. Though the cars were damaged and other occupants sustained injuries, she escaped with a shaking.

The marriage arranged between Mr. James Henry Methold, son of Mr. H. T. Methold and the late Mrs. Methold, of 5 Elvaston place, S.W.7, and Miss Inagh May Jones, daughter of the late Mr. Herbert W. Jones, of Monkstown, and Mrs. Jones, Hayfield, Camberley, will take place on Saturday, December 9th, at St. Peter's Church, Eaton square, at a quarter-past two o'clock.

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place quietly at Epsom, Surrey, on December 23rd, between Hugh Patrick, younger son of the late Dr. Anthony Finn and of Mrs. Finn, of Clifton, Bristol, and Esther, elder daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Caldwell, of Clogher, Co. Tyrone, Ireland.

The marriage arranged between Geoffrey, son of the late W. H. F. Adams, Plas Llyssyn, Carno, Mont., and of Mrs. Adams, of Churchgates, Ribchester, Lancs., and Marjorie, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Toone, Castle Park, Dalkey, Co. Dublin, will take place very quietly on January 4, 1934.

The engagement is announced between Edward William, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Ward Glazebrook, of 10 Embankment Gardens, Chelsea, and Noreen, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Villiers-Stuart, The Hall, Lismore, Co. Waterford.

The engagement is announced between A. P. Ross, M.B., B.S., D.P.H., younger son of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Ross, of Dulwich, S.E., and Marjorie (Kitty), only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Victor Manly, 20a Rutland Park, N.W.2, late of Dublin.

Dr. Margaret Nic

GREAT BRITAIN'S NEW AIR POLICY.

THE END OF UNILATERAL DISARMAMENT.

LORD LONDONDERRY ON BUILDING-UP.

GOVERNMENT'S NEW MODE OF SEEKING PARITY.

IN the House of Lords last night the Duke of Sutherland asked the Government to state the British position on the air, their relative strength in comparison with that of other European Powers, and also whether it was proposed to increase the British air strength, in view of the existing international situation.

Britain, he said, had now become the fifth air Power in the world. The minimum necessary for her strength was 52 squadrons; her strength to-day was 42, a deficit of ten squadrons.

He suggested that every town should form its own air squadron, purely for home defence, and this would create a reserve which could be released for service if necessary.

Lord Lloyd contended that Britain was overwhelmingly outnumbered by the Air Forces of four—if not five—great nations. He hoped the Government would take steps to remedy a grievous situation.

Lord Ponsonby thought that it would be unfortunate if the Government seized this moment as an opportunity to increase the Air Force and to re-arm.

Lord Londonderry (Secretary of State for Air), in the course of his reply, spoke of the efficiency of the Air Force, and said that the object of the General Staff was to render the country as secure as they could possibly make it.

In view of the attitude of other nations, Great Britain must very reluctantly abandon the policy of unilateral disarmament, which, in the present state of affairs, was not only useless, but even dangerous.

If parity could not be secured by reductions elsewhere, then they would have no alternative but to build upwards, whilst still striving for an international agreement to fix parity at the lowest level.

Their present relative weakness in the air could not be allowed to continue. Great Britain and the Empire, as a whole, must be made secure in the air.

The Duke of Sutherland withdrew his motion for papers.

In the House of Commons also the subject was discussed, Mr. Baldwin replying for the Government.

HOUSE OF LORDS' DEBATE.

The Duke of Sutherland, at the outset, said that his contention was not "to rattle the sabre" by boldly advertising to the world that we wished to increase our Air Forces. Rather would he suggest that we must consider this question from the purely defensive aspect. After describing the changes which had taken place in the frontier defences because of the development of the air arm, he said: Destroy London and you destroy England; for you would destroy the heart and brain of the country. Destroy Paris, and France still lives. Destroy Berlin, and Germany still lives. These great continental countries are not dependent on their capitals for existence. England depends on London for its very lifeblood.

We had now become fifth Air Power in the world, he continued. We had set an example in disarmament, but no other country had said "Look at the splendid example that England is setting. We will follow." On the contrary, every other country had increased her armaments, and when the League of Nations interfered then they left the League of Nations.

It had been laid down that the minimum necessary for our defence was fifty-two squadrons. Our strength to-day was forty-two squadrons, which represented a deficit of ten squadrons.

"We want peace," added the Duke, "but how can we obtain it by reducing our forces, if everyone else increases theirs?" He suggested that every large town should form its own air squadron purely for home defence, and that these should be administered by the County Territorial Associations. This would create a home defence reserve which could be released for service, if ncessary.

We are no longer an island nation, he went on. We are a continental nation from the aerial point of view, and as such must be duly prepared. We can no longer afford to finish a game of bowls while the Armada approaches.

OVERWHELMINGLY OUTNUMBERED.

Lord Lloyd agreed that this country was in a very serious position. We are overwhelmingly outnumbered by the Air Forces of four, if not five, great nations, he declared, and, if we look back for a short period of years, it is strange, indeed, that we should have come to this pass.

He asked the Air Minister to give the House the strength of the Air Forces of the Great Powers, and particularly that of Soviet Russia. It was a fact, he said, that the United States contemplated spending £3,000,000 on improving its Air Forces and that Russia intended to construct the strongest Air Force within the next two or three years. He hoped the Government would actively review the position and take steps to remedy what was obviously a grievous situation.

It is impossible, he added, to understand how a National Government could have allowed such a situation to go on for more than two years while they have been in office. A very large number of people are grievously disturbed by the situation. He asked for an assurance that the policy contained in a statement made by the Committee which was set up to consider imperial defence in 1923 still held good. That statement was to the effect that the Government was determined that, in addition to meeting the essential air power requirements of the Navy, Army, India and overseas, Britain should have an Air Force which must include a home defence force adequate to protect us against air attack from any air force within striking distance of this country.

It was very misleading, in his view, to suggest that London was absolutely helpless against attack from the air. That surely was a counsel of despair. The danger, great as it was, was not insurmountable. Given a home defence force of sufficient strength, he contended, with equipment kept constantly up to date, experience had shown quite clearly that we could have a very considerable measure of security. In 1918 he maintained that the air defence of London was capable of preventing sixty per cent. of an attacking Air Force from reaching London, and was able to destroy 27 per cent. of the attacking machines. It was wrong, therefore, in his opinion, to suggest that there was no defence against air attack.

Lord Ponsonby (Leader of the Labour Opposition) said that there was still hope that the Disarmament Conference would result in the Powers agreeing to the limitation of armaments, and it would be unfortunate if His Majesty's Government took this moment as the opportunity to increase our Air Force and to re-arm. If we doubled our Air Force, the Navy and our military forces, would any Minister be able to say we should have absolute security? The world was waking up to the fact that it had been pursuing a false security in piling up armaments, and it would be unfortunate if, just as all were hoping that the world was taking another road, His Majesty's Government declared that they were going to re-arm.

AIR MINISTER ON SECURITY.

EFFICIENT AIR FORCE.

Lord Londonderry (Secretary of State for Air) said that we were fortunate in having a remarkably efficient Air Force. "We have always said," he continued, "that the function of our forces is in the nature of defence, and the public may be sure that the whole problem to which our General Staff is devoting itself is that problem of defence, and of rendering this country, not completely secure, because that is quite impossible, but as secure as we can possibly make it.

He welcomed the quickening interest in aviation, and he was convinced that whatever sea power may have meant to this country in the past, and whatever it might mean to-day in its value to the country, either as a defence and a protection or as a medium of commercial activity, that older power must in future be accompanied by air power.

Experience, he said, is showing us more every day that the aeroplane will be a weapon of which nations will make enormous, if not preponderating, use, if, in spite of the bitter lessons of the past, they are still determined to make war. In aviation resided power for man to wage war on a scale hitherto uncontemplated—and this was the main reason why efforts had been, and were still being, made to persuade the nations never to wage war at all.

A race between nations in armaments was, he agreed, a policy which must be avoided at all costs, and to that end all the efforts of His Majesty's Government had been directed at Geneva. It would be a disaster of the first magnitude if agreement was not reached on a definite limitation of armaments at a level which satisfied the requirements of defence and denied to a potential aggressor the means of offence.

COMPARISON OF AIR STRENGTH.

Speaking of the example we had provided in the air, Lord Londonderry said: "When the War closed we were the first air Power in the world. After the Armistice, as an earnest of our pacific intentions, and a proof of the genuine character of our propaganda for limitation of air armaments, we dispersed the greater part of our vast air fleets, and this country is to-day fifth only of the world's air Powers."

In terms of first-line strength our figure is now approximately 850. In the French Air Force the corresponding total is about 1,650. According to such information as had been made public, the following would appear to be the approximate positions of the other Powers which outnumber us:—The Soviet Republic, between 1,400 and 1,500; the United States of America, between 1,000 and 1,100; Italy, between 1,000 and 1,100.

Here we are at once brought face to face with our second problem; for it is clear that our example has, unhappily, elicited no response whatever in any quarter of the world. It is, therefore, a path which can obviously no longer be followed, and we must, however reluctantly, abandon the policy of unilateral disarmament, which in the present unfortunate state of international affairs it is manifestly not only useless, but even dangerous, for us to pursue further. Unilateral disarmament was, in fact, not a policy which could stand by itself, and it required its complement. Its continuation was always dependent upon the manner in which our disarmament was accepted and adopted as an example to be followed by the other Great Powers. Therefore, when I say that we can no longer provide an example by unilateral disarmament, you will understand that I do not mean in any way

(Continued on Page 8, Column 3.)

HIGH SPEED IN THE DAIL.

HORSES AND SEA FISHERIES.

MR. DILLON SUCCUMBS TO CHAFF.

By Our Special Representative.

A PLEA for the preservation of parliamentary rights was made by Mr. Dillon at yesterday's sitting of the Dail during the debate on a bill to confirm a series of duties imposed by the Government under the Emergency Duties Act.

So accustomed has the House grown to the use of this measure as the normal instrument for the imposition of tariffs that it came almost as a surprise to be reminded by Mr. Dillon that the Act was passed eighteen months ago for the ostensible purpose of meeting day-to-day emergencies which might arise as the result of extra duties being levied by the British Government in discrimination against the Free State.

The vigorous protest upon which Mr. Dillon was embarking against the dictatorial powers taken by the Minister for Industry and Commerce was cleverly cut short, however, by the Minister himself. It is Mr. Dillon's weakness that he can never resist a challenge to indulge in chaff, and Mr. Lemass knows how to exploit this propensity. "You will get expelled from your party," he warned Mr. Dillon humorously, at the first reference to dictatorship.

"Not before the Minister is expelled from his party," chuckled Mr. Dillon. Waxing more and more humorous, he proceeded to assure Mr. Lemass that United Ireland would be prepared to consider an application from him for admission. "Because," Mr. Dillon explained, "he is an energetic and enthusiastic young man, and under prudent guidance he could do very good work in this House—under prudent guidance," he reiterated with emphasis.

AT BREATHLESS SPEED.

This, of course, was just what the Minister wanted, and he was able to wriggle out of the matter with a few sentences about the dangers of forestalling and the consequent necessity of levying the duties first and talking about them afterwards. There was, however, a strong case for any plea for parliamentary rights at such a sitting as yesterday's, when important bills were being rushed through at breathless speed.

One of the many measures disposed of was the Horse Breeding Bill, which passed its final stage, after a protest by Mr. Cosgrave on report against the hardships which were to be inflicted on the racing and thoroughbred breeding industries. Dr. Ryan's defence was that he was only copying Cumann na nGaedheal measures.

In the end, though, Dr. Ryan proved remarkably reasonable, and he accepted an amendment by Mr. Bennett to delete from the bill a proposal for Ministerial powers to destroy stallions as sires if applications were not made to license them within the time which the Minister would prescribe. He explained that he did so "for the sake of good feeling"—a rather unusual reason in the Dail—and he thereby averted what would otherwise have been the only division of the day.

SEA FISHERIES.

From horse-breeding the House passed to sea fisheries, and Dr. Ryan, who had previously figured as Minister for Agriculture, now figured again in his new additional *rôle* of Minister for Fisheries. He moved the second reading of the Sea Fisheries Protection (No. 2) Bill, which came in at once for comprehensive criticism from Mr. Lynch, the ex-Minister for Fisheries, whose general attitude was that the bill was harmless, but futile. While providing plenty of penalties for poachers, it makes no provision for apprehending them.

Moved to one of the most picturesque denunciations that the House has heard for a long time, Mr. Dillon declared that the bill was "like a peacock spreading its tail," and that, "once the sun of publicity has gone down, it will fold up its tail and we shall hear no more about it." Mixing the metaphor a little more, he added that, "unless the Government maintain adequate patrols, they can pass such bills until the cows come home, and they will not save a herring's tail."

It was Mr. Dillon, too, who brought out the point, during the consideration of the new bill to provide for the payment of deputies now that they no longer take the oath, that the abolition of the oath is going to cost the country a permanent additional expenditure. It is admittedly only a small addition, estimated by the Minister for Finance at £100 in a year when there is a general election, and not more than £10 in any other year.

Mr. Dillon, however, was surprised that there should be any extra charge whatever. It proved from Mr. MacEntee's explanation, as elucidated by Mr. Dillon, that, although deputies, heretofore, did not have their railway fares refunded when they travelled to Dublin to take the oath, they will in future be paid to come up and say that they will not take the oath.

TERMINOLOGICAL OBSCURITY.

A terminological obscurity in the same bill led Mr. Cosgrave and the Minister into one of those arguments in which, with both parties talking at cross-purposes, the discussion can be prolonged indefinitely. Mr. Cosgrave pointed out that members were to be paid "as on and from the day on which the Oireachtas is summoned to meet," and asked the Minister what this meant.

His own view, it appeared, was that the natural interpretation was that members were to be paid as from the day on which the summonses were sent out. The Minister, on the other hand, was satisfied that it conveyed that they would be paid as from the date of meeting. It all depends, of course, on whether the reader stresses the participle or the infinitive, and, as the parliamentary draughtsmen do not employ italics to clarify these problems, Mr. Cosgrave was justified in his complaint.

The last adjournment of the House before it adjourns to-day for a two-months' recess came as Mr. Lemass was vehemently defending the industrial policy of the Government, which had resulted, he declared, in more people being placed in industry here than at any other time in history.

BOUNTY ON WINKLES.

NEW FREE STATE ORDER.

The Free State Government has decided that bounties on periwinkles, mussels, escallops, and fresh-water eels exported to Great Britain and Northern Ireland on and after December 1, 1933, until March 31, 1934, will be paid as follows:—

On periwinkles a bounty equivalent to the Customs duty actually paid.

On mussels a bounty equivalent to the Customs duty actually paid.

On escallops a bounty equivalent to 50 per cent. of the Customs duty actually paid.

On fresh-water eels a bounty equivalent to 50 per cent. of the Customs duty actually paid.

The payment of these bounties is conditional on an increase in price equivalent to the amount of the bounty being granted to the gatherers from whom the exports were purchased.

ROME AS HUB OF EUROPE.

SEVEN-POWER GROUP PLAN.

HOW DISARMAMENT STANDS.

ITEMS FOR LITVINOFF'S COMING VISIT.

From Reuter's Correspondent.

ROME, Wednesday.

THE leading part which Rome is now playing in the European drama was stressed by further developments to-day.

Current suggestions that Signor Mussolini is contemplating the formation of a Seven-Power group for world peace were authoritatively denied, however.

It was stated that the visit of M. Litvinoff, the Soviet Foreign Commissar, due to begin on Saturday, will be primarily a courtesy visit. It is understood that M. Litvinoff will exchange ratifications following the signature of the pact of friendship and non-aggression between Italy and Russia, which was initialled earlier this year.

RUSSIA AND GERMANY.

His visit is expected to last two or three days, and other questions likely to be discussed are:—

1. Disarmament. Italy, in particular, would like to see better relations between Russia and Germany.

2. An Eastern Mediterranean *bloc*, consisting of Italy, Russia and Turkey, with a benevolent Greece.

3. Commercial questions, such as the exchange of Russian raw material for Italian manufactured goods.

4. The general question of Russia's foreign relations, and the possibility of drawing her back into the general comity of nations.

Signor Mussolini is generally credited with the wish for the revision of the League of Nations, with a view to the United States, Russia and Japan joining; but no proposals of this sort have been made by him yet, as the time is not considered opportune.

It is considered that it will be a long time before the present state of tension and international suspicion has sufficiently abated for such a scheme to be launched with any prospect of success. If such a scheme were brought about, the seven Great Powers would logically be the Council of the League, and it is this possibility which has given rise to the suggestion of a Seven-Power group.

WAITING ON BERLIN.

The possibility of such a group being established outside the League is generally discredited.

Sir Eric Drummond, the British Ambassador, and Signor Mussolini, in their conversation, did not mention any such scheme. The talk was confined to the prospects of Germany and France being persuaded to agree to a plan of disarmament, and the procedure to be followed in bilateral exchanges of views, which Sir John Simon advocated in his speech in the House of Commons.

The disarmament question, indeed, has not gone beyond the stage of procedure. All sides are waiting for the return of Herr von Hassell, the German Ambassador, from Berlin at the week's end, as it is supposed that he will bring Hitler's latest proposals. It is felt here that the initiative rests with Germany. Until she has given some idea of her claims no progress is possible.

"UNITED STATES OF EUROPE."

From Reuter's Correspondent.

VIENNA, Wednesday.

"The League of Nations is dead. We are now starting a Europe-wide campaign for economic co-operation." In these words M. Coudenhove Kalergi, leader of the movement for a United States of Europe, to-day announced the meeting of the Pan-European Economic Conference, which opens here on Saturday under the chairmanship of M. Joseph Caillaux, the former French Finance Minister. No politicians have been invited.

Explaining the object of this Conference, M. Coudenhove Kalergi said that the world to-day was divided into four huge economic units—the British Empire, Pan-America, the Soviet Union, and Eastern Asia—and proceeded to argue that there was no reason why Europe should not also form such a unit.

"Let us teach her," he said, "the lesson of how the British did it at Ottawa."

FROM "THE TIMES."

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.)

BY-ELECTION LESSONS.

The Times, in an editorial article to-day, after reviewing the results of the five recent parliamentary by-elections, observes:—There is an overwhelming answer to every argument for a return at this moment to the old alignment of parties, but it is not to be found in mere gloomy prediction—true though it may be—that the alternative to the National Government is a Socialist dictatorship. Mr. Macdonald and his colleagues have as good a record of two years' solid work as any Administration in our history. In their efforts for the restoration of confidence, for financial stability, for the revival of trade and agriculture, for the reduction of unemployment, they have been, in all the circumstances of the world, most amazingly and most rapidly successful. They have led the movement to secure a collective system of reduced and limited armaments. The prestige of this country has never stood higher abroad. Not one of these achievements was possible to a party Government—least of all to such a Government as the people swept from office with decisive contempt in 1931.

The sum total of them represents a foundation more than strong enough for an effective appeal to the electorate in any constituency to-day. At all events, it is a far better foundation than any easy exposure of the fantastic schemes of the Brighton Conference, but—and this is the most important point of all—the two years' retrospect over which Ministers are fully entitled to be complacent can at best be no more than a foundation. A wise and comprehensive scheme of rebuilding on this good foundation, challenging comparison on its merits with any rival design, speakers who understand it and can explain it, absolute loyalty between those who are engaged upon it, and no suggestion that one body of craftsmen has better claim to consideration than another—if the architects of our future dwellings can only compass these essential conditions, is there any real reason why they should not both get on with their work in confidence, and get out when the time comes, with every prospect of return? Certainly, there is nothing so far in the by-elections to diminish that prospect.

FOR MENTAL DISEASES.

A NATIONAL LABORATORY.

REPRESENTATIONS TO FREE STATE MINISTER.

By a Special Correspondent.

MR. SEAN T. O'KELLY, the Free State Minister for Local Government and Public Health, has been requested by members of the Irish Division of the Medico-Psychological Association to receive a deputation, which will put forward a case for the establishment of a national laboratory for the pathological investigation of mental diseases, on the lines of the central laboratory which is maintained in connection with the Asylums Board in London.

This is not a new demand—in fact, the British Government was being pressed more than thirty years ago for the establishment of such an institution in Ireland, and frequent references to the need have been made by Doctor J. O'C. Donelan, the Resident Medical Superintendent to the Grangegorman and Portrane Mental Hospitals, in reports to his board.

Suggestions for improving the lot of the mentally afflicted were made by the Minister himself a few weeks ago when he opened a new mental hospital at Ardee, County Louth. He urged that everything possible should be done to make such institutions into hospitals rather than prisons, that the present system of certification should be abolished, that it should be possible for people to enter mental institutions voluntarily, and that the mentally-deficient inmates should be segregated from the mentally deranged.

TWO BRITISH ACTS.

"All that is necessary," said an eminent Irish authority on mental diseases with whom I discussed these suggestions, "is that the provisions of the British Mental Deficiency Act and Mental Treatment Act should be embodied in legislation in this country." It is interesting to recall that a strong campaign was launched by the Irish Division of the Medico-Psychological Association to induce the British Government to include Ireland in the scope of the Mental Deficiency Bill, when it was introduced in the British Parliament in 1912, but Mr. Augustine Birrell refused to accept the proposal.

In the report of a Royal Commission it was estimated at that time that in 1906 Ireland had 25,415 mental defectives outside of lunatic asylums, of whom 66.06 per cent. were in need of immediate provision, as against 44.45 per cent. in England and Wales and 34.57 per cent. in Scotland. "It would be interesting to see what the figures would be if a Commission were set up in this country now," this authority remarked. "They would probably be startling."

With regard to the demand for a pathological laboratory, he pointed out that a great deal of pathological work has to be undertaken in connection with the treatment of the insane, and that pathologists had to be called in for the purpose. Biochemistry and the study of heredity would be the lines likely to yield most results. There would have to be a full-time director, working solely for the mental hospitals.

WANTED—A PASTEUR.

"The cost," he declared, "would not be great. What would be very important is the selection of the director. We want a Pasteur—a man who would find out things not known before." As an indication of the scope that exists for research in this sphere, he recalled the "epoch-making" discovery of the causation of general paralysis in the insane, as a result of which many cures were now being effected of cases which previously were considered to be incurable.

Dr. Donelan, with whom I also discussed the subject, showed that not only was the admissions rate at Grangegorman and Portrane increasing, but last year's increase was the biggest yet experienced. He attributed the fact largely to the hardships caused by increasing poverty.

"I am convinced," he added, "that all mental disturbance is due to bodily conditions. Sometimes we are able to find out where it is, but sometimes we are not, and then we get chronic cases. We know that in some instances it is due to faulty action of the thyroid glands, and we are able to treat that, but there are other causes still to be investigated.

"For years I have been trying to get something done towards pathological investigation. I am told that they are doing it in other countries and do not seem to be achieving much; but we do not know if those countries are on the right track."

NEED FOR LABORATORY.

Speaking of the necessity for a pathological and bio-chemical laboratory to deal exclusively with mental disease, he said that experience had shown that where the interests of the sane and the insane were dealt with together the insane were neglected, and attention was concentrated on bodily disease.

A great many people had been advocating that insanity cases should be taken in by general hospitals, but he had yet to find the general hospital that was suitably equipped for the purpose. It was necessary to examine the physical condition of patients, but that was done in a fortnight or so, and after that it was generally harmful to keep the patients in bed. He did not know any general hospital that had the recreational facilities which would be necessary. It would also be unpleasant for sane patients to be in contact with those who were insane.

Finding the ideal location for a mental hospital was a great problem, Dr. Donelan declared. Theoretically, the country was best, but his experience was that patients preferred to be at Grangegorman, within the boundaries of Dublin, rather than at Portrane, with its beautiful surroundings of sea and mountains. When they were moved from the city, the visits of their relatives grew fewer and fewer, and it often happened that when they were discharged they had quite lost touch with all their relatives and friends.

CONDITIONS IN INSTITUTIONS.

Dealing with the general conditions in mental institutions, he remarked that recent years had brought great improvements. "Making allowance for the number of imbeciles, idiots, chronic epileptics, and others who have never had minds, as well as the senile, whose minds have worn out," he said, "our proportion of recoveries compares favourably with that in general hospitals. Seventy-five per cent. of the melancholics coming in now make good recoveries.

"The old ideas of restraint, too, were completely abandoned years ago. Everything in the nature of coercion was long since done away with, and life is made as agreeable as possible. Amusements, occupations, and physical treatment are provided."

Expressing emphatic disagreement with the suggestion that mental deficients should be segregated to prevent them being influenced by patients who were mentally deranged, he remarked that at Grangegorman there was a ward filled with deficients, and that these required as much attention as any of the other patients, with the possible exception of the inmates of the infirmary ward. Besides being generally dirty, such deficients were often dangerous.

POLLING TO-DAY IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

FINAL DEMONSTRATIONS IN BELFAST AND DERRY.

ARMOURED CARS IN FALLS ROAD DISTRICT.

FIANNA FAIL T.D.'S IN SOUTH DOWN.

THERE was great enthusiasm on the eve of the poll in Belfast. Many of the candidates held final demonstrations last night.

In the Falls road area hundreds of armed police were on duty in the principal streets, and armoured and cage cars were stationed at strategic points.

Twenty thousand people took part in a parade in the interests of Mr. Joseph Devlin. There also was a meeting on behalf of Mr. Patrick Thornbury, the Republican candidate.

The campaign in Newry concluded with a baton charge, and a few minor head injuries were received.

Mr. Eamon Donnelly, Fianna Fail's chief organiser, who was arrested last Tuesday night, and had been in custody at the Canal Street Police Barrack, Newry, was removed to Belfast last night.

MR. DONNELLY REMOVED TO BELFAST.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BELFAST, Wednesday Night.

Captain the Right Hon. Herbert Dixon, M.P., the Chief Government Whip, declared to-day that he was very optimistic of the result of the contests. There was every indication, he said, that the Unionists would be returned by increased majorities in the ten constituencies which they held in the last Parliament, and that there would be a turnover in favour of the Unionists in the other four divisions. Thoughtful electors, he said, were now seriously considering what their position would be were Lord Craigavon's Government in any way weakened. From the various reports of negotiations between Great Britain and the Free State it was obviously a matter of great importance that Great Britain should know that the Ulster people were solidly behind Lord Craigavon.

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This has been the keynote of the election speeches from the Unionist side.

Last-minute indications are that the Government will return with a majority about the same as that in the last Parliament—22 over all other parties in a House of 52 members. They may either lose or gain one or two seats, but the view is held that the result will be "as you were." Mr. de Valera and a Republican may replace two of the eleven Nationalist members.

THE INDEPENDENTS.

Of the seven Independent Unionists who are contesting the election, it is generally believed that only Messrs. Henderson and Nixon, who held sets in the last Parliament, will be returned, and also that Mr. R. N. McNeill will retain one of the four Queen's University sets.

Only one of the four Republican candidates appears to have a reasonable chance of election. This is Mr. McLogan, in South Armagh, where an Independent Nationalist has forced a three-cornered contest. Mr. de Valera in South Down, Mr. Joseph Devlin in Belfast Central, and Mr. J. J. McCarroll in Foyle (Derry) are expected to beat their Republican opponents by good majorities.

Mr. J. Beattie, the only Socialist member in the last Parliament, will likely be re-elected, and Alderman Midgley has a chance of beating the Unionist candidate in the Dock Division.

THE COUNT.

The votes in all divisions, except Queen's University, are to be counted on Friday and the results announced the same day. The four University seats are the only ones in Northern Ireland decided by proportional representation, and the results are not to be announced until next Tuesday.

The largest contested Belfast division is St. Anne's, which has a total electorate of 22,477. Woodvale is next with 20,129, and the smallest is Pottinger, with 13,486 electors.

SHANKILL ROAD SCENES.

TORCHLIGHT PARADES.

There were animated scenes on the Shankill road to-night. Torchlight processions and final parades on behalf of the Unionist and Independent-Unionist candidates were announced, and thousands of people assembled and blocked the thoroughfare for nearly half an hour. Bands, with torchlights, marched and remarched through the crowds, and as they passed opposition parties there were cheers and counter-cheers.

Messrs. Nixon, Henderson and Wilton, the Independent candidates for the Woodvale, Shankill and Old Park Divisions respectively, announced that they would hold a united demonstration, but the crowds were so large that it was found more expedient to hold separate processions through each division.

Mr. Thomas Henderson, who is defending his seat in the Shankill Division against Mr. Norman Fulton, the official Unionist nominee, was carried down the Shankill road on a chair, waving red, white and blue ribbon. Behind him, on a lorry, was the illuminated pedestal from which he addressed the crowds. There was such a large crowd and so much cheering, however, that there was very little speech-making by any of the candidates, although several of them, by using megaphones, endeavoured to make themselves heard.

COUNTER-MEETINGS.

Alderman Nixon also had a large following. As he paraded the Woodvale Division youths carried placards with the words, "We want the D.I."—an allusion to the fact that he was formerly a district inspector of police in the district.

As his procession was about to move off the demonstration of Mr. A. Dalzell, the official Unionist candidate for the division, came on the scene. There were cheers and counter cheers, but no untoward incidents.

Mr. Dalzell's procession was headed by a huge banner with a life-like portrait of himself and the words, "Dalzell's winning smile." All round his committee rooms are displayed newspaper posters with the words, "Ulster Government secures order for two more ships."

The improvement in the shipyards is being used by all the Government candidates as a strong election point.

Mr. Dalzell told the electors that, although Mr. Nixon might deny it, his victory in the contest would be proclaimed as a step towards an All-Ireland Republic.

EXCITING SCENES.

There were exciting scenes in the Falls road area, as outdoor demonstrations were held in the Central Division on behalf of Mr. Joseph Devlin, the Nationalist candidate, and also on behalf of Mr. Patrick Thornbury, the Republican candidate.

Police precautions were taken to prevent clashes between the two demonstrations. Hundreds of armed police were on duty in the principal streets, and armoured and cage cars were stationed at strategic points.

The Nationalist demonstration was most enthusiastic. It was estimated that nearly 20,000 people took part in the parade. Thousands of boys and girls marched along Royal avenue, Donegall street, waving flags of orange and green, and singing national airs. Brass and reed, pipe and accordian bands accompanied the procession.

The demonstration on behalf of Mr. Thornbury, the Republican candidate, was one of the biggest ever seen in the centre of Belfast, and in dimensions approached the size of the Nationalist demonstration. The scene as the demonstration marched up Royal avenue singing "A Soldier's Song" was unparalleled in the city's history. The procession was followed by hundreds of police and detectives, headed by torch-bearing and flag-waving youths. The procession headed up the Falls road and back to Frederick street, where a large meeting was held.

There were some cat-calls and boohs as the parade passed within a few yards of the Nationalist gathering on the Falls road, and these were replied to by jeers from the Nationalists. Near the Shankhill road end of Carrick Hill a crowd of youths sang "Dolly's Brae," in opposition to "A Soldier's Song," and waved Union Jacks.

The police intervened and prevented an ugly situation developing. Three windows of a passing Corporation 'bus, which was crowded, were smashed with sticks, but no person was injured.

LACK OF INTEREST IN NEWRY.

T.D.'S ADDRESS FURTHER MEETINGS.

From Our Reporter.

NEWRY, Wednesday Night.

To-day is the shops half-holiday, but little interest is taken in the election. There are few election posters, and the only flag I have seen is the Union Jack, which has floated over the "B" Specials' Sports Club since the Urban Council removed a similar flag from the Town Hall, which is next door. I am told, however, that Free State tricolours fly at the election rooms of both parties, these being in the back streets of the town.

The supporters of both candidates admit that there has been a remarkable display of apathy, nevertheless they expect that there will be a fairly extensive poll of non-Unionists, who constitute about two-thirds of the voters in the constituency. Mr. P. Morrissey, the Fianna Fail organiser, estimates that the Republican candidate will receive 2,000 votes and Mr. de Valera about 9,000.

UNIONIST APATHY.

I spoke to some representative Newry Unionists on the subject of the election. They had virtually no views about it.

Nationalist interest is nothing like what it would be were one of their own party fighting a Unionist, although Mr. de Valera has the backing of the leading Nationalists.

There are three reasons why Mr. de Valera should win this election: one in the fact that his name is much better known than that of his opponent; secondly, those who are supporting his candidature have been much more active than the Republicans in canvassing and in the holding of meetings; thirdly, they have the advantage of the use of the highly organised Nationalist election machinery.

The arrest of Mr. Eamon Donnelly, T.D., also may help them.

Mr. Donnelly is quite cheerful in his new quarters in the Canal Street Barracks, and he has freely praised the R.U.C. for the considerate way in which they have treated him. Mr. Donnelly was removed to Belfast to-night.

FIANNA FAIL T.D.'S.

Fianna Fail deputies who have been speaking at meetings in support of Mr.

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de Valera were on their way back to Dublin for to-day's meeting of the Dail, when they received a telephone message from Dublin asking them to remain in South Down. As a result they took part in a series of meetings which were held this afternoon in Kilkeel, which is outside the South Down constituency; Derryleckagh, Hilltown and Rostrevor.

BATON CHARGE.

The election campaign in Newry concluded with a baton charge by the police.

One of the best attended meetings tonight was in support of the Republican candidate. It was held in the Square. When the meeting was breaking up at 10.30 a crowd gathered some distance away and sang "God Save the King." They were immediately charged by the people at the Republican meeting, and the police had to counter-charge to restore order.

Later crowds of youths and women attempted to charge back into the Square, but the police dispersed them without much trouble. A few minor head injuries were sustained.

At Rostrevor Mr. Vivian de Valera, who appeared on behalf of his father, was chaired by the crowd.

DERRY CITY.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

DERRY, Wednesday Night.

Mr. E. S. Murphy, K.C., the official Unionist candidate for the City of Derry, wound up his campaign to-night with a tour of the loyalist working class district of the city, where he was received with tremendous enthusiasm. He was carried shoulder-high in a specially constructed chair from the Northern Counties Club to Fountain street, which is Derry's "Sandy Row." Headed by a torchlight procession and all the Unionist bands of the city, he was accompanied to Fountain street, which was densely packed.

SUPPORT FOR I.R.A.

The Secretariat of the Communist Party of Ireland yesterday issued a statement from Connolly House, Dublin, which says:—"The Communist Party of Ireland, regarding the anti-imperialist issue as the central feature of the elections, calls upon the Northern workers to vote for the Republican candidates," and adds:—"The Communist Party of Ireland does not tell the working people that they can gain national and social freedom through entering Parliament . . . . But to refuse to enter Parliament would make us ridiculous in the eyes of the people. The South should have taught Sinn Fein that lesson by now."

WHERE CONTESTS TAKE PLACE.

BELFAST.

*Indicates Member in last Parliament.

Central—*Mr. Joseph Devlin (Nat.), Patrick Thornbury (Republican), Teacher, Co. Westmeath.

Woodvale—*Alderman John W. Nixon (Ind. U.), Mr. Alexander Dalzell (U.).

Dock—*Major Blakiston-Houston (U.), Alderman H. Midgley (Labour).

Duncairn—*Mr. William Grant (U.), Councillor Robert Hill (Ind. U.).

St. Anne's—*Major M'Cormick (U.), Mr. W. J. Donaldson (Labour).

Shankill—*Councillor Thomas Henderson (Ind. U.), Mr. Joseph N. Fulton (U.).

Pottinger—*Mr. James Beattie (Labour), Councillor J. L. Cole (U.).

Oldpark—*Sir Wilson Hungerford (U.), Mr. J. M. Wilton (Ind. U.).

Queen's University (Four Seats)—*Professor R. Corkey (U.), *Professor R. J. Johnston (U.), *Mr. J. H. Robb (U.), *Mr. R. N. M'Neill (Ind.), Dr. F. M'Sorley (Ind.).

COUNTY DOWN.

West—Mr. Samuel Fryar (U.), Mr. James U. Finney (Ind.).

South—Mr. E. de Valera (Fianna Fail), Mr. Thomas G. McGrath, Newry (Republican).

Mourne—*Mr. Patrick O'Neill (Nat.), Mr. John Maynard Sinclair (U.).

ARMAGH.

South—Mr. Bernard O'Neill (Nat.), Mr. James G. Lennon (Ind. Nat.), Mr. J. P. McLogan (Republican).

ANTRIM.

Mid-Antrim—*Mr. Robert Crawford (U.), Mr. John Woodburn (Ind. U.).

CITY OF DERRY.

City Division—*Mr. E. S. Murphy, K.C. (U.), Mr. Charles G. Eiker (Ind. U.).

Foyle—*Mr. J. J. O'Farrell (Nat.), Mr. Sean McCool (Republican).

UNOPPOSED RETURNS.

The following are the unopposed returns:—

BELFAST.

Bloomfield—*Captain the Right Hon. Herbert Dixon (U.).

Victoria—*Right Hon. Sir Dawson Bates (U.).

Clifton—*Major S. H. Hall Thompson (U.).

Ballynafeigh—*Right Hon. Thomas Moles (U.)

Cromas—*Right Hon. A. B. Babington, K.C. (U.).

Willowfield—*Mr. Arthur Black, K.C. (U.)

Windsor—*Right Hon. H. M. Pollock (U.).

Falls—*Alderman Richard Byrne (Nat.).

COUNTY ANTRIM.

Antrim—*Mr. Hugh Minford (U.).

Bannside—*Mr. G. C. G. Young (U.).

Carrick—*Mr. J. F. Gordon (U.).

Larne—*Mr. G. B. Hanna (U.).

North Antrim—*Sir Robert Lynn (U.).

South Antrim—*Right Hon. J. Milne Barbour (U.).

ARMAGH.

North Armagh—*Mr. John Johnston (U.).

Mid-Armagh—*Mr. J. C. Davison, K.C., (U.).

Central—*Major D. G. Shillington (U.).

DOWN.

Ards—*Right Hon. H. G. H. Mulholland (U.).

North Down—*Right Hon. Viscount Craigavon (U.).

East Down—*Lieutenant-Colonel A. R. G. Gordon, D.S.O. (U.).

Mid-Down—*Right Hon. J. M. Andrews (U.).

Iveagh—Dr. J. C. Wilson (U.).

FERMANAGH.

Enniskillen—*Rt. Hon. Sir Edward Archdale, Bart. (U.).

Lisnaskea—*Sir Basil Brooke, Bart. (U.).

South Fermanagh—*Mr. Cahir Healy (Nat.).

LONDONDERRY.

North Londonderry—Alderman D. Hall Christie (U.).

South Londonderry—*Mrs. Parker (U.).

Mid-Londonderry — *Mr. George Leeke (Nat.).

TYRONE.

East Tyrone—*Mr. J. Stewart (Nat.).

Mid-Tyrone—*Mr. L. K. M'Aleer (Nat.).

North Tyrone—*Mr. J. F. Gamble (U.).

South Tyrone—*Mr Rowley Elliott (U.).

West Tyrone—*Mr. A. E. Donnelly (Nat.).

EFFECT OF BRITISH AID.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

ST. JOHN'S (N.F.), Wednesday.

Following the publication of the Royal Commission's report, the city's half-million dollar issue of twenty-five year Bonds has been over-subscribed in the past few days.

When these Bonds were placed on the market a year ago only 70,000 dollars were taken up.

DAIL TO TAKE LONG HOLIDAY.

LIGHT BUSINESS FOR TO-DAY.

IMPORTANT DEBATE ON ADJOURNMENT.

BY OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

WHEN the Dail rises this evening it will not re-assemble again until the 31st January next.

The business for the day will be comparatively light. The principal item will be the Workmen's Compensation Bill on report stage, when some important amendments will be proposed. Some estimates which were introduced in the Dáil yesterday will be discussed. After that the motion for the adjournment will be taken, when an important debate is expected. Two hours will be allotted to this. The Opposition will attack the Government for its general failure to carry out the promises on which it was elected, now nearly two years ago. The failure to settle the economic war will be one of the main points of the attack, while the increasing unemployment and the enormous increase of the cost of unemployment assistance probably will be raised. It is not unlikely that the Deputy Mulcahy affair may be mentioned, and also the situation in respect of agriculture.

It is understood that the Labour Party will raise the matter of the £450,000 which is to be made available under the Unemployment Assistance Bill. This sum, it appears, under the terms of the Act will not be available for three months after the passing of the Act—that is, in February next. Labour deputies are already pressing the Government to make it available at once, so as to relieve the unemployed classes around Christmas.

The Government intend to introduce and, if possible, get through the Dáil before Easter several major measures which they have already promised. These will include a bill for the redistribution of seats in the Dail, the Courts of Justice Bill, Local Government Reform Bill, Nationality Bill, Local Authorities (Temporary Economies) Bill, Army Pensions Bill, etc.

There will be a meeting of the Senate on Next Wednesday.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE

A supplementary estimate of £75,089, introduced yesterday in the Dail, will be debated at to-day's sitting. The sum is made up of numerous items, the largest being £50,000 for bounties to be paid on millable home-grown wheat. A sum of £17,500 is being provided as a guarantee to indemnify bacon curers in respect of cold storage of bacon; grant in respect of hams held by bacon curers on 28th September, 1933, £472, and travelling expenses of consultation Councils under the Agricultural Products (Regulation of Export) Act, £416.

Salaries, wages and allowances in respect of clerical and technical staff in connection with export bounties and subsidies are responsible for £5,659. Advances to seed merchants in respect of seed supplied under the scheme of credit for the supply of seed wheat, £5,000. New appointments in connection with the Cereals Act are included in the supplementary estimate. Sums on account of their salaries include one milling inspector (£125) and two cereals inspectors (£220 and £237 10s. per annum respectively), £405. Sums advanced to the Agricultural Credit Corporation for loans for the purchase of sheep (County Wicklow), £2,300; scheme of loans for purchase of heifers, £350; grants in respect of beet grown in Cooley district, £550. A sum of £2,100 is provided in connection with the Musk Rat Act. Appointments under this Act include a trapper at £4 10s. per week, an assistant at £2 10s., and others at £2; allowance to caretaker, £13. £955 goes to salaries and wages, and the balance for travelling expenses, equipment of motor van and boats, etc.

A supplementary vote for forestry of £30,350 includes:—Acquisition of land, £25,000; labour and materials, £1,500, and purchasing of seeds, seedlings and transplants, £3,500.

TRADE LOANS.

GRANT TOTALLING £60,000 APPROVED.

The Minister for Industry and Commerce has indicated his willingness to guarantee the following loans under the Trade Loans (Guarantee) Acts during the three months ended 31st October, 1933:—

Foynes Harbour Trustees, for the reconstruction in concrete of the existing timber jetty and its extension and enlargement, as specified in the Foynes Harbour Order, 1932 (for 15 years), £23,000.

Irish Ropes, Ltd., for the reconstruction of premises and acquisition of plant and machinery to enable the company to engage in the manufacture of ropes and twines (for 11 years), £5,000.

Kilkenny Woollen Mills (1929), Ltd., for the acquisition of additional plant and machinery and the provision of working capital (for 11 years), £10,000.

Haulbowline Industries, Ltd., for the provision of working capital to enable the company to purchase ships for breaking up (for 5 years), £5,000.

Limerick Shoe and Slipper Works, for the acquisition of premises and site, the erection of a new building and the acquisition of plant and machinery necessary for the equipment of a shoe and slipper factory (for 11 years), £5,000.

The rate of interest in each case is 2½ per cent. This is the rate payable by the Minister in the event of his being called upon to meet his guarantee.

ROAD AND RAIL SERVICES.

SENATOR O'FARRELL AND MESSRS. CATHERWOOD.

Senator J. T. O'Farrell, in the course of a letter, asks:—

"Why should the compulsory acquisition, under the Road Transport Act, 1933, of Messrs. Catherwood's services involve the closing-down of any existing essential road service, or in any other way prejudice the interests of the community, seeing that under Section 52 (4) of the Road Transport Act, 1933, the Minister shall not make an order transferring a licence from one company to another 'unless he is of opinion that in the public interest it is expedient that such order should be made?'

"Does Mr. Culbert realise that if any existing essential road services are withdrawn, the appropriate Ministers on both sides of the Border have the right to issue a licence to another company to carry on these services, and that the threat of the Catherwood Company to withdraw from business altogether need cause no alarm?

"Does Mr. Culbert contend that the Rates Tribunal provided in the Road Transport Act and the over-riding authority of the Minister for Industry and Commerce are not sufficient to save the public from exploitation?"

OBITUARY.

MR. JAMES A. DOYLE.

The death has taken place, after a long illness, of Mr. James A. Doyle, M.P.S.I., at his residence, 363 North Circular road, Dublin. The proprietor of the well-known Porter's Pharmacy at Phibsborough, Mr. Doyle carried on the business for many years, and was exceedingly popular in the district. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

BRITISH AIR POLICY DEBATED.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 2.)

that we must adopt some new principle to guide us in the matter of air armaments. His Majesty's Government have made it plain in their successive statements at Geneva that they recognise the need for a one-Power standard in the air for this country.

PARITY PROBLEM.

Parity could be secured in four ways—first by a complete abolition of naval and military aviation, with adequate safeguards; secondly, by other nations reducing first to our level, and thereafter to such lower figures as might be ultimately agreed; thirdly, by this country building up to the level of the strongest Air Power in the world; and, fourthly, by a combination of the second and third alternatives.

The earnestness of His Majesty's Government's desire to achieve effective disarmament in the air has been abundantly proved by our approach to this problem. We have offered to go to any lengths in this matter if other nations will do the same. We have, indeed, stated our willingness to consent to the complete abolition of naval and military aviation, provided only that there can be devised an effective scheme for the international control of civil aviation, which will prevent all possibility of the misuse of civil aircraft for military purposes.

It is manifest that the prohibition of military aircraft, and an agreement not to make use of so powerful a weapon, cannot give any real sense of security so long as there is no effective guarantee that civil aircraft cannot, in any circumstances, be so misused.

THE ALTERNATIVES.

We have then, without abandoning ideals, to face the realities of the situation, and we come to the other three alternatives. There will be universal agreement that His Majesty's Government have been right in making it their earnest endeavour to achieve parity by means of a reduction in the strength of foreign Air Forces to the British level, and in offering to go further once this has been achieved if other countries will follow our lead.

But we cannot accept the continuance of our present inferiority, and if parity cannot be secured by reductions elsewhere, then the converse proposition must follow, and we shall have no option but to begin to build upwards, while continuing our efforts to secure international agreement in fixing parity at the lowest level to which other nations will subscribe.

I have no hesitation, he said, in answering in the affirmative the question whether His Majesty's Government will stand by the declaration of policy made by the then Prime Minister in 1923, in the matter of the Home Defence Force.

It was true that under the Industrial Recovery Act the President of the United States had sanctioned expenditure designed to provide the American Air Services with a substantial accession of strength. It was also true that the Japanese and Soviet Governments had embarked on large programmes of increases in their Air Forces. The Russian Minister of War had, indeed, announced the intention of the Soviet Government to proceed rapidly with the development of an even more powerful air force than they at present possessed, in the publicly-expressed belief that the Power which was strongest in the air was strongest all round.

These developments abroad are naturally causing us grave concern, and the Government are devoting the most earnest attention to their inevitable reactions on British policy.

Our present relative weakness in the air cannot be allowed to continue. "The whole policy pursued by His Majesty's Government in the matter of air disarmament is proof of their full acceptance of this proposition. We must all hope that it will be possible to fix a first-line strength for the principal air Powers, which will neither be a threat to the peace of the world, nor impose an intolerable financial burden. These islands, and the Empire as a whole, must be made safe in the air, but a race in air armaments should at all costs be avoided.

"It is no use blinking the facts," Lord Londonderry continued. "When this country is disarmed she can no longer speak with authority to the armed nations, and the greatest threat to the peace of the world would come when we refused so undertake our responsibility and our financial obligation for the organisation which that peace requires. The appropriate steps at this difficult juncture to ensure that the British Empire is at least as strong in the air as any other great nation are at the present moment under consideration, and I do not want to prejudice that examination. I merely repeat that we have made the attainment of parity in the air, as at sea, one of the main planks of our policy, and the House may rest assured that I recognise my responsibilities in this matter, and shall not hesitate, if necessary, to propose such concrete measures as are necessary to implement that policy.

A TERRIBLE DANGER.

Viscount Cecil said he believed that it was broadly true that British armaments had never threatened peace. The real case for aerial disarmament was based on the fact that one or two air attacks would, in future, practically settle the whole course of a war, and, he added, there is no country in the world so exposed to air attack as we are. This is not a strategic secret. Everybody knows it. An attack must absolutely cripple us, I should say, in forty-eight hours. That is an actual fact. That is the terrible danger that we are in at this moment.

The Duke of Sutherland argued that with an adequate defence force the bombers who set out to attack London would not reach the metropolis. They would be shot down by our small, speedy, fighting 'planes before they could get here.

Lord Londonderry, replying to the Duke's suggestion for an extension of the Territorial Air Force, said:—"The Territorial experiment was made by my predecessor some years ago, and it was found to be a very satisfactory addition to the Air Force. The matter is being investigated very carefully as to whether the territorial policy will be increased or not.

The Duke of Sutherland withdrew his motion for papers, and the debate concluded.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

ADMIRAL SUETER'S MOTION.

In the House of Commons,

Rear-Admiral Sueter called attention to the inadequacy of the present provision made for the air defence of the country and of the Empire, and moved a resolution, viewing with grave disquiet the present situation, and while welcoming the endeavour of the Government to secure parity, primarily by means of a reduction, in the strength of the foreign air forces, which at present largely outnumbered our own, urged the Government to take, without delay, such other remedial measures as were open to them, and, in particular, to consider the early completion of the home defence force, decided on in 1923, as the minimum necessary for our national security. He pointed out that we had made reductions as a gesture of peace, but that gesture had been responded to by foreign countries increasing their air forces, particularly in the case of Russia, which aimed at becoming the greatest air force Power in the world. He doubted whether 52 squadrons were really sufficient for the protection of the country. Germany had a machine which could drop 30 tons of bombs in one raid on London, and there were four times as many aeroplanes in Europe as there were in 1923. We should be strong enough in our air arm to be able to attack enemy aircraft with every prospect of success.

Captain Balfour, seconding the motion, said that the abolition of military aircraft was unattainable, because if it were abolished the one sure check against the abuse of civil aviation would be removed. Any attempt to internationalise civil aviation would do more harm than good.

Wing Commander James moved an amendment to the resolution, affirming full support of the policy of the Government as declared in the British Draft Convention.

Captain Gunston declared that there was no emergency at the moment, and it was inconceivable that an unknown nation should suddenly raid us between dusk and dawn.

Mr. Wedgwood said we had carried on for fifteen years without any real danger of war, but now the case was different. In the present situation he suggested that the Committee of Imperial Defence should take a completely different line of thought, and should consider a re-casting of our military and naval views. If there was going to be a war in the air with Germany, we should prepare for that, and that alone. We had to face a new danger, and the defence forces of the country should be revolutionised to meet it.

Mr. Baldwin, expressing appreciation of the motives of those who brought forward the motion, said that at a moment when there was a good deal of anxiety in the world he could not complain of the subject being raised. The Government was striving for peace by agreement and for disarmament, which would make war more difficult. Referring to the contribution towards peace which we had made by our example, he said that we could not remain indefinitely as we were. We could not stand alone in the world in our present position in regard to defence, whether in the air, at sea, or on land. That night they were examining the question of defence from one angle only, but defence involved every arm of the services if war should come. He was in full agreement with the suggestion that our defence arms should be considered as a whole. The Service estimates for the coming year would be examined on the basis of the united defence of the country. We would go very carefully into the three Services together and see where we could best repair deficiencies in defence as a whole. (Cheers.)

Everyone knew how delicate the disarmament situation was. While this was only a private member's motion, which, even if passed, would not commit the Government in any way, the position was not understood on the Continent, where the passage of such a resolution would be taken as committing the Government to a new advance in armaments. He appealed, therefore, to the House to agree to the amendment that had been proposed, which, he said, the Government was prepared to accept. This would avoid a wrong impression being drawn abroad.

The motion as amended was carried by 139 votes to 30.

U.S. LIQUOR IMPORTS AS WEAPON.

QUOTAS IN RETURN FOR LOWER TARIFFS.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday.

The United States Government has notified liquor importers that it intends to use repeal as a lever to bring about the lowering of tariff barriers, against American goods set up by foreign countries, through allocation of liquor imports.

At the opening of the hearings for the proposed Government code for liquor importers, Mr. E. D. Lowry, the economic adviser to the Treasury Department, predicted keen competition among foreign firms for American business. He said that the Administration feels that an opportunity is afforded through liquor importations to correct some of the recent discrimination against American products, which he called "an outgrowth of economic nationalism."

Mr. Lowry went on to state that under the code the Government would control both the volume and origin of liquor imports. They would also retain emergency powers to control prices of imports, if necessary, not only for the protection of the consumer, but to meet illicit competition.

The Treasury Department actually estimated that from 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 gallons of distilled spirits and wines will be imported in the year following repeal.

Mr. Roosevelt has appointed Mr. Joseph H. Choate, junior, the New York Attorney, as administrator of the liquor code. Mr. Choate was the Third Secretary of the United States Embassy in London from 1899 to 1901.

ENGLISH BOOKS FOR FREE STATE.

POST OFFICE REGULATIONS.

The following notice was issued from the General Post Office, London, last night:—The Postmaster-General gives notice that the sender of a parcel of books for a place in the Irish Free State should show the contents in some detail on the Customs declaration, in order that Customs duty may be assessed at the lowest appropriate rates. The declaration should show the language in which the books are printed, and, if in English, whether they are: 1, "Novels" or "not novels"; 2, "bound in leather (or imitation of leather)" or "not bound in leather or imitation of leather"; 3, "new" or "not new."

If the sender also wishes to claim assessment of duty at the preferential rate applicable to British productions he should also enclose the requisite certificate of origin in the parcel, and state on the customs declaration: "Preference claimed. Certificate of origin enclosed."

THE IRISH KENNEL CLUB.

FOURTH ANNUAL DANCE.

The fourth annual dance held under the auspices of the Irish Kennel Club attracted a good-sized gathering to the Metropole ballroom, Dublin, last night. This club is the governing body of all canine organisations in the Irish Free State.

During the evening a cabaret production was staged by Miss Eveline Burchill.

Among those present were:—Lady Grace, who wore a brocade coatee over her handsome black georgette gown. Mrs. W. Hamilton was wearing a smart gown of black lace, and Mrs. Lambert also chose a graceful black toilette, while ice-blue georgette was worn by Miss Mullaney. Miss Reynolds was in an effective gown of gold tissue, while Miss N. Reynolds wore a black velvet and pink lace ensemble.

A charming gown of royal blue crepe was worn by Miss Quirke; Mrs. Brimnage's elegant gown was of moss-green crepe, and Mrs. Mooney came in a pretty white lace frock. Mrs. Crichton wore white satin, while a blue lace gown was chosen by Mrs. Colligan, and Miss Colligan was in pink lace. Mrs. Philip Byrne was wearing white taffeta; Mrs. Ormsby Scott favoured a black and white ensemble, and a smart blue gown was worn by Mrs. Blakeney. Mrs. Davitt was in a striking orange-striped crepe frock; a black and grey hair-striped crepe gown looked smart on Miss Oliphant. Miss Redington was wearing lilac crepe; Mrs. Knight was dressed in a becoming red frock, and Mrs. Mooney wore a spray of roses with her creme lace frock, while Mrs. Betson was in a blue patterned taffeta gown.

The following are the members of the committee:—Mrs. W. H. Brimage, Mrs. A. M. Conroy, Miss Dorothy Corcoran, Mrs. Cahir Davitt, Miss Dorothy M. Fagan, Miss Alice M. Finny, Lady Grace, Mrs. Lillie Hammond, Mrs. Mabel Savell Hicks, Mrs. Parker-Keene, Mrs. Aileen Lait, Miss Dorothy Lowry, Mrs. Randal M'Donnell, Mr. R. J. May, F.R.C.S.; Mrs. Louisa M. Mooney, Mrs. Grace Scott Moore, Mrs. P. J. Munden, Mr. Frank O'Connell, Miss Claire O'Shaughnessy, Mrs. Constance M. Pearson, Mr. C. Vincent Rogers, Mrs. Marie Werner, Miss J. Wood, Miss A. Harris, Miss Joan Levingston, Mrs. Philip Byrne. Lady Grace, Chairman of the committee.

Among others present were:—Sir Valentine Grace, Mr. R. J. May, F.R.C.S.; Mr. and Mrs. Brimage, Mr. and Mrs. E. Betson, Mr. R. H. Lambert, M.R.C.V.S.; Mr. and Mrs. Ormsby Scott, Rev. E. Savell and Mrs. Hicks, Mr. R. G. and Miss Quirk, Mr. and Mrs. Roddy, Mr. and Mrs. Blakeney, Mr. Frank O'Connell, Mr. O'Mahony, Miss Corcoran, Mr. Knight and Mr. Anketell.

Czechoslovakia has offered a token payment to the United States on December 15th in respect of her war debt. The amount of the payment is $150,000 (£30,000 at par).

ROSSE COLLEGE (LADIES' DEPT.), 65 Stephen's Green, Dublin. Thorough Office Training. Preparation for Civil Service Exams. and Bank Clerkships.—(Advt.)

It was Goethe who said—

"Wood burns because it has the proper stuff in it, and a man becomes famous because he has the proper stuff in him."

JOHANN WOLFGANG VON GOETHE

Johann Wolfgang von Goethe, (1749-1832), was perhaps the greatest figure in German literature. Educated at the Universities of Leipzig and Strasbourg for the Law, he qualified and went to Wetzlar to practice. He joined the Court of Charles Augustus and became the leading spirit of a group containing Weiland, Herder, Schiller and others. Goethe excelled in poetry, drama, and literature, and pursued studies in science, botany, optics and art. He fought at the Battle of Valmy in the Prussian campaign against France. Among his most famous work was "Faust."

Goethe put into words what we realise by experience. Nothing is successful unless it has a solid foundation of true quality. When one builds well on the true and proper stuff, the result will be worthy of the labour. In PADDY you find a perfect whisky—perfect because it has been made by masters of whisky distillation from the finest malt and barley. Then it is carefully watched and matured through ten long years, so that the "proper stuff" may become the famous whisky you know and enjoy as PADDY.

PADDY

PADDY 10 YEARS IN THE WOOD 10 YEARS WELL SPENT

FREE STATE'S ADVERSE TRADE BALANCE.

FALL IN LIVE CATTLE EXPORTS.

£2,394,123 DOWN IN TEN MONTHS.

TRADE statistics of the Irish Free State for October last show that the total trade was 5.2 million pounds, and that the excess of imports over exports was 1.2 million pounds.

Imports, which increased during the month, were:—Hops, by £16,863; sugar, refined and unrefined, by £22,263; tobacco, unmanufactured, unstemmed, by £24,530; hydraulic cement, by £16,464; slates, for roofing, by £9,099; galvanised plates and sheets, by £10,551; stoves, grates, and ranges, by £8,916; wireless sets and parts, by £20,868; touring cars, by £26,577; cycle parts and accessories, by £13,103; deals, planks, and boards, by £72,058; raw wood and timber, by £10,533; raw jute, by £8,450; cotton piece goods, by £19,211; cotton yarns and manufactures, by £14,128; unground rock phosphate, by £11,754. Imports increased by 3.2 per cent., as compared with October of last year.

EXPORTS.

Exports for the month fell by 15.5 per cent., as compared with October, 1932, the items in which increases occurred being fresh beef and veal, by £10,826; fresh mutton and lamb, by £21,493; bacon and hams, by £28,539; cream, by £4,679; corn offals, by £3,809; spirits, by £7,768; linen piece goods, by £5,441; wool, by £17,209; and sheep and lamb skins by £4,585.

Trade with Great Britain and Northern Ireland represented 63.7 of imports, and 93.8 of exports for October this year; while trade with other countries represented 36.3 per cent. of imports and 6.2 per cent. of exports. For the ten months, January to October, 1933, imports from Great Britain to the Irish Free State represented 63.7 per cent. of the total imports, the remaining 36.3 per cent. coming from "other countries." No less than 94.2 per cent. of Free State exports went to Great Britain and 5.8 per cent. to "other countries"—truly a remarkable figure under existing conditions.

VOLUME OF TRADE.

The total volume of external trade for the twelve months ended October last was £55,405,208, as against £74,464,767 for the twelve months ended October, 1932. Free State imports for the period under notice totalled £35,336,614, while exports, *plus* re-exports, totalled £20,068,594. There is thus an adverse balance of £15,268,028 for the twelve months, as compared with an adverse balance of £15,766,735 during the year ending October, 1932.

For the ten months—January to October last—the figures were:—

Country.	Imports. Jan.-Oct., 1932.	Imports. Jan.-Oct., 1933.	Exports. Jan.-Oct., 1932.	Exports. Jan.-Oct., 1933.	Re-Exports. Jan.-Oct., 1932.	Re-Exports. Jan.-Oct., 1933.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Great Britain	25,225,634	18,907,083	18,544,950	12,660,962	216,621	419,655
Northern Ireland...	3,396,579	1,741,704	2,494,564	1,867,917	162,536	78,749
Other Countries ...	8,269,911	9,006,729	776,801	889,605	11,910	18,780
Total	36,892,124	29,654,316	21,816,335	15,418,484	391,167	517,384

GERMAN IMPORTS.

During this period imports from Germany totalled £1,449,148, while exports to that country amounted only to £97,061. The next largest quantity of imports came from Australia, their value being £1,362,868, while exports to that country were worth only £9,492. Canada sent the Free State goods to the value of £884,668, but took only £19,244 worth in exchange. Imports from British India were worth £41,066, and exports to the same place £43,296. Quite a good export trade also was done with British South Africa, the Straits Settlements and the British West Indies.

Imports from the Argentine were worth £828,723 and exports £12,951. The United States of America sent goods to the value of £819,741 and purchased goods to the value of £131,254.

Imports from Belgium totalled £722,278, and exports to that country £150,020. Czechoslovakia was responsible for imports to the value of £411,302, while Free State goods sent there were valued at £186. Imports from the Netherlands amounted to £421,979, as against exports worth £38,196.

Poland (including Danzig) sent goods to the value of £327,869 and bought goods to the value of £1,960. Imports from Sweden totalled £313,840, and exports to that country £6,403. Russia sent £200,136 worth of produce and took nothing in exchange.

TEN MONTHS' IMPORTS.

Live cattle imports from January to October were valued at £23,667, against £73,845 last year, and horses £308,562, compared with £618,914 in 1932.

There were no imports of pigs' heads as against £16,904 worth a year ago, and imports of bacon and hams fell from £488,535 to £3,846. Imports of meat extracts and essences dropped from £87,994 to £37,487. Irish fish imports declined from £146,320 to £135,373, and cured or canned fish from £132,383 to £77,115.

Condensed milk imports fell from £27,608 to £1,414, and butter from £124,716 to £857. There also was a reduction in imports of eggs, not in shell, from £25,791 to £7,945.

Cereal imports, though greatly reduced, were considerable. Wheat imports jumped from 4,668,166 cwts., valued at £1,522,082, to 7,102,900 cwts., valued at £2,105,590. Barley fell from £125,219 to £49,827, and oats from £32,318 to £25. Maize imports dropped from 10,448,280 cwts., valued at £2,301,256, to 5,468,152 cwts., valued at £1,173,601.

Wheaten flour also showed a decline from £1,419,811 to £613,000, and maize meal from £151,800 to £362. Other milled products of maize imported dropped from £112,145 to £12,632. Only £9 worth of bran and pollard was imported, against £185,279 worth last year, while imports of sharps, middlings, etc., dropped from £85,980 to £108. Less money also was spent on oil seed cakes and meals.

Among fruit imports, oranges stand first, the quantity being 290,196 cwt., valued at £241,904, as against £206,239 worth last year. Imports of apples showed a reduction of about 35,000 cwts., and were worth £165,382, as against £215,497 during the corresponding ten months last year. Imports of jams and marmalade fell from £8,562 to £414, and potatoes for food from £25,768 to £54.

Bakers' bread and buns, unsweetened, dropped from £163,568 to £23,796, and cocoa preparations from £119,595 to £3,024. Imports of confectionery (not chocolate) dropped from £117,781 to £6,788.

TEA AND BEER.

More tea was imported, the increased quantity being 460,812 cwt., but its value fell from £1,333,701 to £1,186,629. Imports of beer and ale fell from £148,060 to £116,904, but those of other drinks were much the same. Tobacco imports fell from £345,456 to £281,822.

Imports of coal fell by over 51,590 tons, its value being £2,002,580, as against £2,251,147 last year.

There was an increase in imports of tubes, pipes and fittings from £126,847 to £142,956, and also in such goods as nails, wire, bolts, stoves and grates.

Electrical and grain milling machinery, printing and bookbinding machinery, as well as wireless sets and parts, each show slight increases.

Imports of touring cars fell from £379,741 to £258,723, and of commercial vehicles from £110,553 to £7,190. Motor cycles and tricycles fell from £13,568 to £11,462, and ordinary cycles and tricycles from £86,413 to £582.

Chassis for motor vehicles increased from £122,117 to £221,067, and other motor parts and accessories from £206,163 to £355,084. Cycle parts and accessories increased from £88,705 to £132,705.

Imports of raw wool fell from £28,113 to £25,905. Cotton piece goods increased from £767,558 to £931,060, while those of cotton yarn and manufactures declined, this year's value being £377,229. Woollen and worsted yarn imports increased by £99,739, the total value being £368,242, while woollen and worsted tissues showed a substantial decrease.

Imports of all classes of wearing apparel showed a decline, while boots and shoes dropped from £1,006,087 to £818,213.

There was a big drop in imports of all classes of farm seeds, as well as in fertilisers.

THE EXPORT TRADE.

For the ten months' period live cattle exports dropped in value (from £[illegible] to £4,758,846, the biggest drop taking place in store cattle. Exports of sheep and lambs fell from £597,558 to £276,782; pigs from £865,556 to £243,268; and horses from £1,241,564 to £642,742.

Fresh beef and veal, valued at £27,557; fresh mutton and lamb, valued at £107,996, and bacon and hams all show substantial increases. Pork exports fell from £474,659 to £339,596, and dead rabbits from £10,844 to £343.

Except in the case of pickled herrings, fish exports declined. Dried and condensed milk improved from £98,951 to £114,725; but, while more butter was exported, the quantity being 392,356 cwt., its value fell, the total value being £1,128,756, as against £1,434,313 last year.

There was a reduction in exports of eggs in shell, the value of this year's trade being £1,065,467, against £1,616,552 last year.

Exports of corn offals increased in value from £26,182 to £70,509, while those of cereals declined. Biscuit exports fell in value by £29,000, while table potato exports dropped from £142,000 to £15,498.

Porter, beer and ale exports were valued at £3,273,218, against £3,243,130 last year. Whiskey exports fell by about £5,000.

Raw and manufactured tobacco exports amounted to £3,054, against £2,709 last year.

There were tractors to the value of £789 exported, as against £291,269 last year, and tractor parts valued at £30,669, as against £113,678.

Wool exported was worth £363,527, against £187,608 a year ago. Cattle hides, valued at £119,383, were exported, as against £90,008 last year, while sheep and lamb-skin exports were worth £78,382, against £64,621 last year.

ANOTHER TORONTO VICTORY.

FREE STATE HORSEMEN FIRST AND THIRD.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

TORONTO, Wednesday.

An Irish Free State representative won the first place for officers' chargers at the Royal Winter Fair here last night.

Shannon Power, ridden by Captain Corry, and carrying an equipment of 250 pounds, was first, with the second place awarded to a Canadian, and Captain Aherne, on Gallowglass, third.

After a jump-off with Captain Aherne and Captain E. Y. Argo, of the United States, Captain J. Cocek, of Czechoslovakia, won the Touch-and-Out Stakes to-day.

FAMOUS JOCKEY DYING.

INTRODUCED "MONKEY-CROUCH" SEAT.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

LOS ANGELES, Wednesday.

Tod Sloan, the most famous jockey of his time in England and America, is believed to be dying in a hospital here of a liver ailment. The fifty-nine years old jockey, penniless and almost forgotten, was taken to hospital from the home of one of his old friends.

Sloan was, perhaps, best known for his introduction of the "monkey-crouch" seat, as it was then called, into England about 1897. This short-stirrup seat at first attracted nothing but ridicule, but was later universally adopted.

Sloan, who is American born, accumulated great wealth, but lost large sums through ventures on the Turf.

BRITISH CELANESE WORKERS' DEATHS.

MAN PLACED UNDER OBSERVATION.

Another man employed at the British Celanese factory at Spondon, five of whose workers have died recently, was admitted yesterday to Derby Infirmary, primarily in order that he might be placed under observation. He is Albert Slater, aged 26, of Little Parker street, Derby. He had arranged to be married at Christmas.

OLD GOLD JEWELLERY. BIG RISE IN PRICE. especially Old-fashioned Chains, Bangles, Lockets, Medals, [illegible]

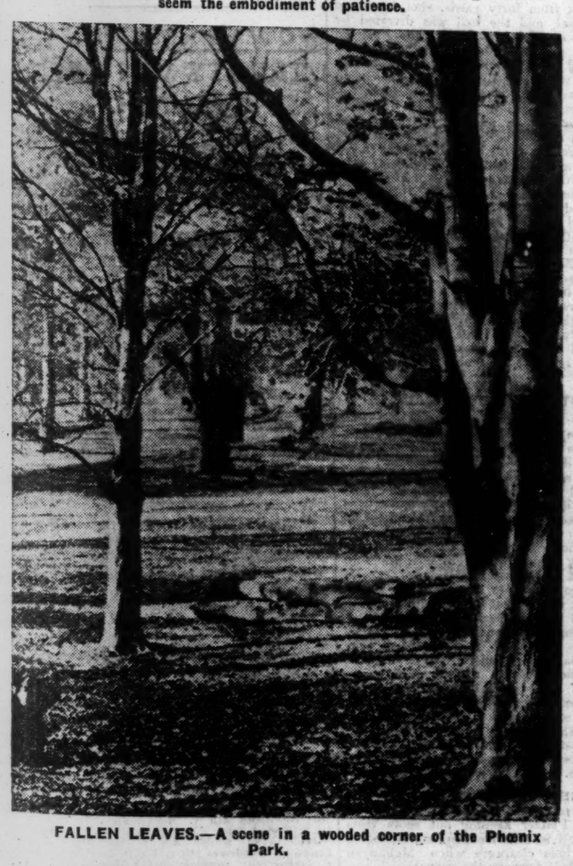
THE TIPPERARY HUNT : ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

TIPPERARY HUNT.—Part of the field leaving the meet at Mobarnane House yesterday. Left: Mrs. Masters at the meet.

TEAM MATES.—Waiting for the driver's voice, these farm horses seem the embodiment of patience.

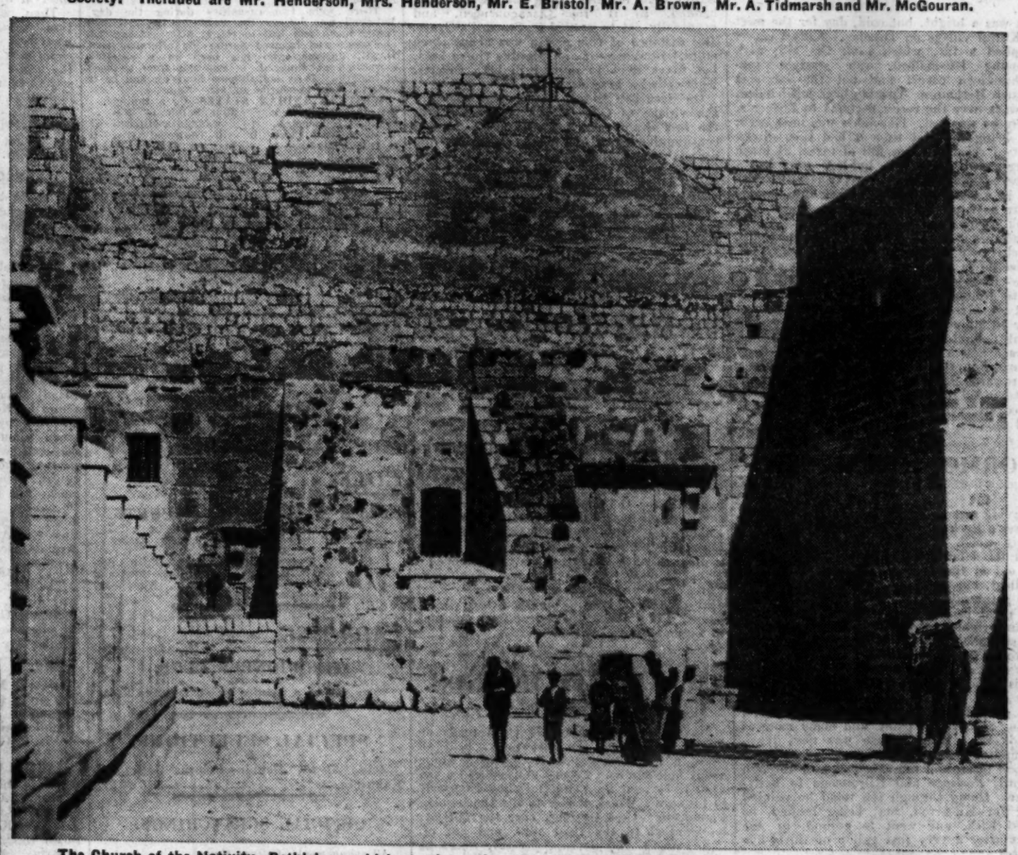
CASTLEKNOCK COLLEGE UNION ANNUAL DINNER.—A group taken at the College last evening. Left to right: Mr. B. C. Muntz, the Lord Mayor of Dublin, Mr. Cecil Lavery, K.C. (President of the Union); the Very Rev. J. K. Donovan (Rector), and Mr. J. M. Fitzgerald, K.C.

FAREWELL DINNER.—Guests at the dinner given by members of the staff of the Prudential Assurance Company at the Gresham Hotel, Dublin, last evening, to Mr. R. Henderson, who has been appointed Secretary of the Unified National Health Society. Included are Mr. Henderson, Mrs. Henderson, Mr. E. Bristol, Mr. A. Brown, Mr. A. Tidmarsh and Mr. McGouran.



FALLEN LEAVES.—A scene in a wooded corner of the Phœnix Park.

CHARITY MATCH.—Matthews, the Free State League team captain, shaking hands with P. Andrews, captain of the Free State Football Association team, before the match in aid of the St. Vincent de Paul Society at Dalymount Park, Dublin, yesterday. The referee is Mr. Conroy.



The Church of the Nativity, Bethlehem, which stands on the spot on which Christ was born. It is hoped to broadcast through British stations the ceremonies in the church on Christmas Eve.

FOREIGN MISSIONS SUPPLY ASSOCIATION.—Speakers at the annual meeting at 35 Molesworth street, Dublin, yesterday. Left to right: The Rev. H. K. Woodward, the Very Rev. J. J. Macaulay, Moderator, Presbyterian Church; the Rev. A. Norton and the Rev. H. McCartney.

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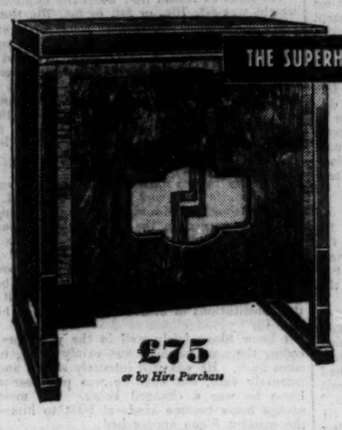
by "HIS MASTER'S VOICE"



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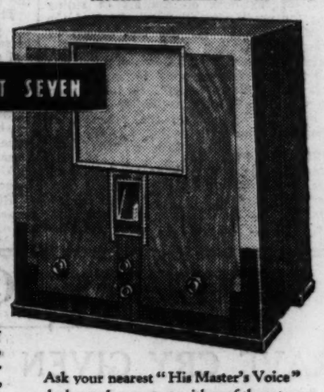

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No fading on long distance programmes with this Superhet Concert Seven—the automatic volume control ensures that. The station *you* want instantly selected from the wide range available through the seven valve superheterodyne circuit, and reception of that station alone—isolated—free of interference or overlap—thanks to the "His Master's Voice" static suppressor or quiet tuning device. Finally, from acoustic matching of cabinet to speaker and speaker to chassis, a tone always completely satisfying—'*true-to-life.*' That's modern, trouble-free listening—yours now at a very moderate price.

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If you have been unlucky enough to catch a cold you will derive much comfort and benefit from a cup of hot Bovril.

THE COACHMEN OF MOSCOW.

AN ALMOST EXTINCT RACE.

The last remnants of private enterprise in Moscow—the colourful Izvostchiks, or sleigh drivers—are rapidly disappearing. This year, state Reuter's Moscow Correspondent, few can be found on the streets where once they were one of the characteristic sights of the city.

These men were once proudly dressed in bulging blue overcoats and fur hats, and their horses were noted for their fire and spirit. Gay parties would pile into their sleighs for a midnight gallop over the winter snows to hear the gypsies sing their wild songs and dance to the rhythm of Balalaika orchestras.

Now the blue coats are faded, the furs are moth-eaten, and the horses are sorry nags. There are no more dashing guards officers or spendthrift aristocrats to give gay parties; and the gypsies are working in factories.

The Government, in its war on private trade, is taxing the sleigh drivers out of existence. It is planned to replace them with municipal taxis. But so far there are less than five hundred taxis for the 3,500,000 citizens of Moscow, so the majority have to fight their way about on the over-crowded trams.

STOWAWAY FOUND IN FIRST-CLASS SUITE.

A man who stowed away in a luxury liner at Haiti, in the West Indies, occupied a first-class suite undiscovered for a week.

Carrying a suitcase with a supply of food (states Reuter from New York), the man, Alfredo Garcia, walked boldly on board, entered the suite, and locked the door on the inside. All went well until the liner was a day out of New York, when Garcia decided he must have a shave.

He pressed a button which he thought worked the electric light. Instead a bell rang in the steward's office.

Forcing his way into the cabin, the steward found Garcia hiding under the bed.

INDIGESTION OR PRISON?

PRISONERS TURN TO "HARD" DIET.

Some human beings can beat the ostrich at its own game of swallowing odds and ends, according to Reuter's Helsingfors correspondent. Here is what a Norwegian prison surgeon, Dr. Ivar Moen, has found in the stomachs of two of his patients who preferred indigestion to jail.

The first was a 26-year-old sailor, serving a sentence for burglary. He had swallowed the lid of a large paint tin, cut into pieces; a number of small screws and nails, three garters, a piece of aluminium and bits of broken mirror. After an operation and twenty days in hospital he was able to return to his cell.

The second was a shoemaker, serving a sentence for incendiarism. He swallowed 639 small bootmaker's wooden pegs, 8 screws, 61 large nails, 86 small nails, and 11 bits of iron filings. The surgeon had to use a powerful magnet to remove all these pieces of metal from the man's stomach when he operated upon him.

But after a fortnight in hospital he, too, was able to go back to jail.

ECZEMA BANISHED

Mrs. B. writes:—"I have been using Gibsol for Eczema, and found it excellent. I have tried different remedies, but found none to do me any good until I tried yours." Get a box to-day and get relief. It instantly banishes the torturing irritation.

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OK

GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE.

TOD SLOAN'S TIMES.

HIS SPECTACULAR CAREER AND REVOLUTION IN METHOD.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Wednesday Night.

IT would be only a few hours after Gordon Richards's dinner party last night to his colleagues and others had finished that the news was cabled from the United States that Tod Sloan was dying there. Sloan, I should say, was the only spectacular jockey that has attracted immense public attention between the time of Archer and the time of the present champion.

Whereas Archer half a century ago, and Richards to-day, attracted the public by a sheer record of pertinacity and accomplishment, Sloan came suddenly, flared up like some dazzling piece of fireworks, and disappeared as quickly. And yet, in spite of the faults of character that brought about his long eclipse—for he has for years now been eking out a casual living in California—it is not unlikely that he was the greatest genius of them all.

VIRTUALLY UNKNOWN.

He came here virtually unknown, and his only advantage was that he had the influential support of the late Lord William Beresford. He had not gone through a full season in England before he had set the whole racing world by the ears.

His style and his methods were a target of ridicule first, and then abuse, sometimes veiled, sometimes open. But he was winning races and more races, and the most conservative of the seniors, unless they had sunk into complete senility, had to admit that there "might be something in it." When he had passed he had left a new (if unwritten) text-book on the art of riding races; for practically all the jockeys of the day were paying him the compliment of copying his methods.

There have been modifications of what was called the "monkey crouch" for some years, but it is the Sloan method, far more than what may be called the Archer method, that has brought Richards to the pinnacle he reached the other day.

WAITING IN FRONT.

Sloan may be said to have revolutionised "pace." He may not have invented, but he certainly exploited to the full the art of waiting in front. The stars of the day in his era waited for him to come back to them. He waited, and in vain, for them to come up to him.

It is always being asserted that races were much more slowly run in the old days. This is not strictly accurate. I have "times" of old races which show that they were not slowly run, and would compare well with those of 1933; but, so far as some research has taken me, fast or good "times" were only recorded in the important races.

It stands to reason that when the minimum weight was 4st. 7lb., or 5st. or 5st. 7lb. there must have been horses that took a certain amount of charge and made strong running. There were horses in those days "readied" for years to get in the Cesarewitch or some race like that with a feather-weight, and it is almost certain that the final market operations revealed some of this, and that jockeys on the top weights knew something of it, and in riding a race could not afford to give a lot of rope to this sort of horse.

SPEED AT THE FINISH.

Probably in the majority of weight-for-age races it is safe to assume that they "crawled," as they are supposed and have done, and only clapped on speed in the last furlong. Sloan did more than any other man to end all this.

Whether his method of seeing that races were run all the way has been for the good of the thoroughbred is another matter. The constitutions of some horses can stand it; the constitutions of others do not seem to be able to.

I knew Sloan fairly well in the years preceding the war, when he was vainly trying to come back. He was still intensely stupid and intensely vain, but once he was put near a horse he was a changed being. The most savage horse became kind—at least to him—the moment Sloan approached.

This and other things in his career makes me believe that Sloan had some gift with horses; some remarkable affinity between him and the beast that is given, but not acquired, and that this was the secret of his rise.

SELECTIONS.

We may see a few of the new school of hurdlers in the Newbury Juvenile Hurdle at Newbury to-morrow. The most promising of these I take to be DACOIT, and Slieve Donard, and the former may win.

COUP DE CHAPEAU may win the Cranborne Handicap Steeplechase and KELLSBORO' JACK the Andover Handicap Steeplechase.

GALTEE MORE.

DACOIT'S CHANCE.

BRAVE CRY GIVEN THE VOTE FOR CRANBORNE 'CHASE.

MISS DOROTHY PAGET'S 6,600 guineas purchase, Tuppence, who, so far, has only won a modest £53, that being his share of the prize when deadheating in an unimportant flat race at Hamilton Park, is expected to earn his keep over hurdles during the winter. Basil Briscoe was disappointed when the colt was beaten a short head by the 33 to 1 chance, Waukoo, at Lingfield last Saturday, but a splendid opportunity of going one better presents itself in the Juvenile Maiden Hurdle Race at Newbury to-day.

So far, Tuppence has had two public outings over obstacles, and he has given people the impression that he is not averse to this branch of the sport. He has several useful customers to beat, however; for such as Eadward, Hiker and Vertugadin have proved their ability.

Eadward ran a dead-heat with Tom Oliver at Cheltenham early this month, and appeared a little unlucky not to have won outright, while Hiker found only Samoth and Buenamigo too good for him in a big field at Towcester last month.

The betting, no doubt, will indicate that there are few promising ones among the unknown division. My Epsom correspondent is keen on the chance of Dacoit, who has been well schooled with the best hurdlers in W. Parvin's string, and I would not be at all surprised to find him challenging Tuppence for favouritism, so encouraging are the stories of his home reputation.

Rimell, who usually has a fancied runner at this venue, runs the "dark" Teller in preference to Captain's Choice, who won in a canter at Birmingham, and, probably, this is another likely to be in the fighting at the finish. Vertugadin is all the better for his Lingfield outing, and Orbeck can jump all right. Tuppence looks to be the pick of the public performers, but, as he has disappointed so often, I feel justified in taking sides with

DACOIT,

who, even if failing this time, should pay for following.

Some good-class 'chasers who will shortly be heard of in connection with the Grand National will be in opposition for the Cranbourne Handicap Steeplechase, over three miles. Coup de Chapeau, who caused a surprise when winning the corresponding event last year, has 3lb. less to carry, and he is said to have done well since running unplaced to Kilcash Hill at Aintree.

Personally, I have a greater liking for Kakushin, who won in good style over the Liverpool course, and is, obviously, back to his best. I note, however, that he is also engaged in the last race, where he has less to do, and for which he will probably be reserved.

"Billy" Stott resumes acquaintance with Pelorus Jack, whose fall at Sandown was responsible for this brilliant jockey's absence from the racecourse for over a month. I shall give Woodland's charge a miss until he has regained confidence, and row in with

BRAVE CRY,

who won in very taking style over this distance at Cheltenham.

T. Leader, whose charges are in wonderful trim, should win the Round Oak Hurdle race with

LATEST JOKE.

He is penalised for his Lingfield success, but is still remarkably well treated.

As I believe

KAKUSHIN

runs for the Andover 'Chase, I do not look beyond him.

NOSTAMAS

and Bob Stone, the two oldest competitors in the Yatesbury Selling Hurdle, may fight out the finish. The former, who has won twice recently, is my choice.

SAUCY BOY

has been specially reserved for the Alfriston 'Chase, and is genuinely fancied.

NEWBURY RESULTS.

1.0—FINDON SELLING HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. Abt. 2 m. 50 yds.

Maj W. Newland Hillas's b. g. SONNY, by Sonning—Queen Alice, a. 11-7 ..G. Hardy 1
Capt. J. B. Powell's RELATION, a. 11-10 ..E. C. Brown 2
Mr. H. C. Edmunds's WADI HALFA, a. 9-13 ..R. Simmonds 3

Also ran:—Sunbronze (A. Scratchley), Derelict (Mr. Payne Gallwey), Young Sport (M. Peakes), Gobelin (E. Gurney), Peter Murray (G. Owen); Socrates (Mr. O. Raymont). Off 1.2. (Winner trained by Gosden.)

Betting—5 to 4 agst. SONNY, 5 to 1 Sunbronze, 7 to 1 Relation, 10 to 1 Derelict, 100 to 6 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 4/5; places, 2/3, 2/9, 3/9.

Won by three lengths; five lengths. Peter Murray was fourth and Sunbronze last.

The winner was bought in for 100 gns.

1.30—JUVENILE SELLING HURDLE RACE of 150 sovs. Three years old. 1½ m.

Mr. R. E. Morel's b. g. OLIVER'S CORNER, by Bucks Hussar—Switch, 10-5 ..K. Piggott 1
Mr. H. J. Joel's TAN, 10-5 ..P. Donoghue 2
Mr H. B. Harrison's DARK LADY, 10-5 ..D. Morgan 3

Also ran:—For Mirth (F. Maxwell), Royal Salmon (R. Mason), Miss Stitch (D. Cahalin), Ithaca (E. Williams), Always Wrong (T. Morgan), Swank (E. C. Brown), Gipsy Race (M. Peakes), Galley of Lorne (J. B. Jones), Watson (T. McNeill), Lluvia d'Oro (M. Pringle). Off 1.31. (Winner trained by Roberts.)

Betting—9 to 4 agst. Galley of Lorne, 3 to 1 Ithaca, 8 to 1 each Watson and Dark Lady, 10 to 1 OLIVER'S CORNER, 100 to 8 Lluvia d'Oro, 20 to 1 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 34/9; places, 9/3, 17/9, 5/-.

Won by three-quarters of a length; three lengths. Ithaca was fourth and Watson last.

There was no bid for the winner.

2.0—MODERATE STEEPLECHASE of 400 sovs. About 2 m. 50 yds.

Mr. J. H. Whitney's bl. g. BLACK ADMIRAL, by Jackdaw—Short Line, 6, 11-2 ..W. Speck 1
Mr. J. B. Snow's DELAFERME, a. 12-7 ..W. Kidney 2
Mr. C. Lundy's SHAM RUBY, 5, 11-11 ..T. Cullinan 3

Also ran:—Bowmint (Mr. Payne Gallwey), Inniskeen (F. Maxwell), Revesby (J. Ainsworth), Shikari (Mr. W. Ransom), Jimmy James (R. Mason), Rattlecash (R. Fawcett), Journey's End (M. Barry), Chalice (T. Leader), Tusmore (J. Hamey), Grappler (Mr. M. Little), Lesnit (J. Baxter), Blaze (W. Parvin), Misdemeanour II. (J. Goswell). Off 2.3. (Winner trained by J. Anthony.)

Betting—6 to 4 agst. BLACK ADMIRAL, 11 to 2 Bowmint, 100 to 8 each Misdemeanour II., Inniskeen, and Jimmy James; 100 to 7 each Chalice, Sham Ruby, and Result; 100 to 6 Delaferme, 20 to 1 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 4/6; places, 2/9, 5/9, 9/3.

Won by three lengths; one length. Revesby was fourth and Rattlecash last.

2.30—OPEN STEEPLECHASE of 250 sovs. 3m.

Lady H. McCalmont's br. g. KILCASH HILL, by Knight of Kilcash—Mockler's Hill, a. 11-0 ..D. Williams 1
Mrs. N. Coll's PRINCE MARLO, a. 10-7 ..J. Farrell 2

Mr. G. Beeby's BRIENZ, a. 11-7 ..W. Kidney 3

Also ran—Bachelor Prince (C. O'Connor), Lynton (J. Goswell), Black Grape (Mr. P. Herbert). Off 2.32. (Winner trained by F. Hartigan.)

Betting—11 to 8 agst. KILCASH HILL, 6 to 4 Brienz, 10 to 1 Lynton, 100 to 8 Prince Marlo, 25 to 1 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 4/6; places, 2/9, 9/6.

Won by three lengths; a head. Bachelor Prince was fourth and Black Grape last.

3.0—BERKS HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 250 sovs. 2 m.

Mr. A. C. Bostwick's b. h. STORY OF EDEN, by Pommern—Quick Thought, 6, 10-10 ..D. Williams 1
Mr. A. R. McAlpine's KNIGHT OF KNOCKEEVAN, 5, 11-12 ..D. Morgan 2
Mr. F. Wilmot's ADVANCED, 5, 10-2 J. Hamey 3

Also ran:—Song of Essex (W. Parvin), Roi Des Enfers (Mr. R. Corbett), Rolie (T. Rimell), Sigari (Mr. H. Shapland). Off 3.2. (Winner trained by T. Anthony.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. Knight of Knockeevan, 5 to 2 STORY OF EDEN, 7 to 2 Song of Essex, 100 to 8 each Roi Des Enfers, Rolie and Sigari, 100 to 6 Advanced.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 6/6; places, 2/9, 2/6, 5/3.

Won by a neck; a head. Rolie was fourth, and Sigari the only other to finish.

3.30—HANTS HURDLE RACE of 150 sovs. 2 m.

Mr. J. B. Snow's b. g. DELAGLACE, by Achtoi—Joan's Rath, 4, 12-2 ..W. Kidney 1
Lord Woolavington's ARMAGNAC, 5, 11-10 ..S. Ingham 2
Sir W. Portal's PAHARPEE, 5, 11-10 ..G. Hardy 3

Also ran:—Bagley Wood (H. Graves), Dust (L. Tidey), Prargent (J. Amey), Trader Prince (W. Speck), Lion d'Angers (W. O'Neill), Masked Knight II. (D. Williams), Jack Chase (R. Fawcett), Lonely Lad (E. C. Brown), Astraham (D. Morgan), Futtitcite (G. Flippance), Polly Stephens (E. Young). Off 3.32. (Winner trained by Beeby.)

Betting—3 to 2 agst. Bagley Wood, 7 to 2 Armagnac, 4 to 1 DELAGLACE, 8 to 1 Astraham, 10 to 1 Trader Prince, 100 to 7 Pahokee, 33 to 1 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 11/3; places, 4/9, 3/-, 7/9.

Won by a head; same. Bagley Wood was fourth and Lion d'Angers last.

TOTALISATOR DAILY DOUBLE (10/- stake)—Black Admiral and Story of Eden. Dividend, £6 1/-. Pool, £829 10/-. 123 winning tickets.

SPORTING GOSSIP.

A Very Fast Hurdler.

Mr. A. C. Bostwick's smart hurdler, Story of Eden, registered the remarkably fast time of 3 mins. 43 secs. when winning the Berkshire Handicap Hurdle over two miles at Newbury yesterday. This represents a speed of over thirty-two miles per hour, and indicates that Story of Eden is one of the fastest hurdlers in training for some years. On an average a two miles hurdle race takes from 3 mins. 50 secs. to 4 mins. 15 secs.

Tap Root for South Africa.

Tap Root, a two years old colt by Birthright out of Orris, did not return to his former training quarters at Lambourn after running at Manchester, but went on to Newmarket for shipment to South Africa.

Jockey's Double at Newbury.

D. Williams, the jockey, registered a double at Newbury yesterday on Kilcash Hill in the Open Steeplechase and Story of Eden in the Berks Handicap Hurdle.

G. Wilson to Resume To-day.

"Gerry" Wilson, the champion National Hunt jockey, who was unable to ride at Birmingham on Tuesday owing to the leg injury he received when riding Laudanum in the Aston 'Chase on Monday, will resume riding at Newbury to-day. J. L. Hall, the Fenny Compton trainer has first claim on Wilson's services this season, and Mrs. H. M. Hollins holds a second retainer.

Racehorse Breaks a Leg.

Undeniable, a four-year-old gelding by Duke of Brandon out of Real Gold, broke a leg while being exercised yesterday and had to be destroyed.

WORK AT THE CURRAGH.

BEHAN'S Over Coat, Cariff and the yearlings cantered, as did BRABAZON'S team.

COLLINS sent Knight of the Mist and Matona a mile and a half at a good half-speed. Both horses are in good fettle.

DAWSON'S Farra Star moved well in a nice pace mile and a quarter gallop over hurdles. Jorto also went well when given a similar spin over hurdles. Sheroon and Charming Prince had practice over fences, and afterwards went a mile and a half at three-parts speed on the flat. Forthview Maid, Kilsaintlucan, Arab Man, Shady Lane and others of the Rathbride Manor team took matters easy.

DOYLE'S Reilly, Pretty Land and Yankee Lad traversed a mile and a half at a good pace, jumping hurdles.

FETHERSTONHAUGH'S Mount Alto, Ucello and Moate galloped a mile and a half steadily. Prince de Bulgarie and Soliman's Feast went at an easy pace over six furlongs. The yearlings cantered.

SLOCOCK gave good mile and a half gallops to Jack's Puzzle, Lass of Rheims, Clover Hay, Tommy King, Morning Caw and Happy Memories.

NEWBURY PROGRAMME.

1.0—YATESBURY SELLING HURDLE RACE of 150 sovs. 2 m. Age st. lb.

PRINCETOWN (Major Bardwell) ..C. Leader 5 12 0
WANDERING WING (Mr. J. Beary) ..Owner 5 12
LORD MARCUS (Mr. F. Bezner) ..W. Nightingall 6 12 0
SAN MICHELE (Mr. C. Birch) C. Birch 5 12 0
CHACRERO (Mrs. P. Bisgood) Bisgood 5 12 0
FENG (Mr. W. Clowes, jun.) ... East a 12 0
NOSIAMAS (Mr. G. Duller) ... Duller a 12 0
LONG LOOK (Mr. J. Graham) Ancil 5 12 0
SUNNY SIDE UP (Mr. Greenwood) ..Weber 5 12 0
LADY GAY (Mr. J. E. Jones) Gilbert 6 12 0
MARLHILL'S BEAU (Mrs. Ketley) ..E. Harper a 12 0
BOB STONE (Mr. Morel) ... Roberts a 12 0
FEU D'ARTIFICE (Mr. Ransom) ..Ransom a 12 0
STEP FORWARD (Mr. Robson) ..W. Nightingall 6 12 0
NESTORIAN (Mrs. S. Savile) J. Beary a 12 0
NORMAN ABBOT (Mr. T. Walton) ..Walton 6 12 0
CHATTERER (Mrs. F. A. Clark) ..J. Anthony 5 12 0
LOST DYNASTY (Mr. Arrowsmith) ..Owner a 12 0
LUNAVADA (Mr. I. Z. Davis) Thrale 4 11 10
DEFANOTIS (Mrs. H. S. Martin) Gilbert 4 11 10
ISLANDBRIDGE (Wing-Comdr. W. R. Read) ..Read 4 11 10
YENDOR (Mr. B. Warner) ..Gwilt 4 11 10
GLORIA MIA (Mr. C. M. Botibol) ..J. Reardon 3 10 8

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
022	WANDERING WING ..... M. Doherty	7/1
300	LORD MARCUS ..... J. Marshall	10/1
414	CHACRERO ..... Mr. F. Walwyn	100/6
000	FENG ..... H. East	100/6
211	NOSIAMUS ..... ——	2/1
002	LADY GAY ..... J. Moloney	100/6
	MARLHILL'S BEAU ..... F. Gurney	100/6
023	BOB STONE ..... ——	4/1
340	FEU D'ARTIFICE ..... Owner	5/1
204	NESTORIAN ..... ——	100/6
000	NORMAN ABBOT ..... D. Butchers	100/6
000	CHATTERER ..... D. Morgan	100/6
422	LUNAVADA ..... W. Hollick	10/1
000	DEFANOTIS ..... H. Graves	100/6
002	ISLANDBRIDGE ..... W. Davey	8/1
400	YENDOR ..... G. Pellerin	100/8

Gloria Mia does not run.

1.30—ALFRISTON SELLING 'CHASE of 150 sovs. 2 m. 50 yds. Age st. lb.

IRISH TEMPLE (Mr. H. G. Blagrave) ..Blagrave a 12 3
BLABBER (Mr. G. Bostwick) I. Anthony a 12 3
MISSISSIPPI (Mr. P. Brain) ... Private a 12 3
HAKI BEY (Capt. Carr) ..Forwood 6 12 3
IRISH LORD (Miss N. Carroll) Rayson a 12 3
KIANG (Mr. J. Corbett) ..... Rayson 6 12 3
LITTLE BLACKBIRD (Major J. J. Evans) ..Woodland a 12 3
INDOUSTAN (Colonel J. A. Fairhurst) ..I. Anthony a 12 3
SAUCY BOY (Mrs. J. Gosden) Gosden a 12 3
THE DRUCE MACHINE (Mr. R. Gray) ..E. Anthony a 12 3
COURTESY (Mr. P. Herbert) Pendarves a 12 3
CAMP BED (Mrs. Peirse-Duncombe) ..Powell a 12 3
RELATION (Capt. J. B. Powell) Powell a 12 3
ANGEL III. (Mr. K. Urquhart) ....Private a 12 3
PRINCE OF ATHENS (Mr. G. S. L. Whitelaw) ..Whitelaw a 12 3

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
002	IRISH TEMPLE ..... R. Everett	8/1
000	MISSISSIPPI ..... ——	100/8
340	HAKI BEY ..... Owner	100/8
221	IRISH LORD ..... G. Hardy	100/8
014	KIANG ..... G. Hardy	100/8
000	LITTLE BLACKBIRD ..... W. Stott	10/1
111	INDOUSTAN ..... D. Williams	4/1
211	SAUCY BOY ..... E. Taylor	3/1
211	COURTESY ..... Owner	9/4
200	CAMP BED ..... E. Brown	100/8
041	PRINCE OF ATHENS ... M. Barry	6/1

The Druce Machine does not run.

2.0—NEWBURY JUVENILE MAIDEN HURDLE RACE of 400 sovs. 1½ m. st. lb.

CAPTAIN'S CHOICE (Mr. T. R. Rimell) ..Rimell 10 7
EADWARD (Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark) ..R. Hobbs 10 7
SUEDE (Mr. G. Todd) ..G. Todd 10 4
FALSE POINT (Mr. F. O. Benner) ..W. Nightingall 10 4
CHANGTOI (Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark) ..R. Hobbs 10 4
NOTLEY ABBEY (Mrs. S. Coltman) ..L. Ward 10 4

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS.

Yates Hurdle—Nosiamas.
Alfriston Steeplechase—Saucy Boy (nap).
Newbury Hurdle—Dacoit.
Cranborne Steeplechase—Brave Cry.
Round Oak Hurdle—Latest Joke.
Andover Steeplechase—Kakushin.

TO-DAY'S DOUBLE.

Saucy Boy and Brave Cry.

ORBECK (Mrs. N. R. Davis) ..W. Davis 10 4
BUNKAWAI (Mr. W. Edwards) ..Thrale 10 4
TELLER (Mr. W. J. Gresson) ..Rimell 10 4
SLIEVE DONARD (Mr. P. Gribble) Briscoe 10 4
DOCOIT (Mrs. H. M. Hollins) W. Payne 10 4
HIKER (Mr. G. Barker) ..G. Lawrence 10 4
TUPPENCE (Miss D. Paget) ..Briscoe 10 4
BEN (Mrs. G. Robinson) ..Briscoe 10 4
VERTUGADIN (Mrs. J. de Selincourt) ..J. Anthony 10 4
BUENAMIGO (Ld. Inchcape) ..Barrett 10 0
MORNING GLORY (Mr. Baker) ..W. Whiteman 10 0
FANCY DRESS (Mr. E. S. T. Johnson) ..E. Johnson 10 0
STOP PRESS (Mr. S. McGregor) ...Gwilt 10 0
DOUBLE GLOSTER (Mr. F. C. Minoprio) ..East 10 0
ORCHESTRATION (Capt. G. R. D. Shaw) ..Blair 10 0
TRUMPCARD (Ld. Stalbridge) ..Stalbridge 10 0
GOLDEN RUSH (Ld Stalbridge) Stalbridge 10 0
SALVE (Sir Ernest Wills) ..Nugent 10 0
COME AGAIN (Sir Ernest Wills) Nugent 10 0
NATIONAL PARTY (Mr. Withycombe) ..Withycombe 10 0

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
01	EADWARD ..... D. Morgan	9/2
120	IRISH KNIGHT II. ..... W. Parvin	100/8
100	PELORUS JACK ..... W. Stott	7/2
400	SOUTHERN HERO ..... J. Fawcus	100/8
010	CHADDS FORD ..... E. Williams	7/1
123	OTTAWA ..... G. Owen	5/1
202	BALLYMOE ..... D. Morgan	10/1
054	MARDIN II. ..... ——	100/8
304	MABBOT ..... ——	100/8
000	COOLAVACH ..... R. Mason	100/8
020	NEAR EAST ..... A. Robson	9/1
000	PRINCESS MIR ..... ——	100/8
311	ANNIE YUTOI ..... J. Goswell	100/8

3.0—ROUND OAK MODERATE HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 300 sovs. 2 m. Age st. lb.

TCHANG TI (Marquis de San-Miguel) ..Barrett 5 12 7
BAGLEY WOOD (Mr. J. E. Cottrell) ..Gilbert 5 12 5
KILTOI (Mr. P. Woodland) ...Woodland 4 12 0
BROWN BALL (Major J. M. J. Evans) ..Woodland 5 12 0
STEEPLEJACK (Mr. F. A. Clark) ..I. Anthony 4 12 0
OUR HOPE (Mr. R. Gubbins) ...Gubbins 4 12 0
MILTONIAN (Mr. H. Paget) .....Hobbs 5 11 12
SANS CHANGER (Capt. J. R. Paine) ..Private a 11 12
DOOLEY (Mr. R. Renton) .....Renton 5 11 9
KAFFIR CORN (Mr. W. F. Ransom) ..Ransom 6 11 7
DAPPER (Mr. R. B. Vick) .....Vick a 11 7
JIGTOI (Mr. Eric Platt) .....Poole 6 11 6
CAPTAIN GINGER (Mr. A. J. Bridgman) ..Private 4 11 2
SNIPE (Mr. E. Gwilt) .....Gwilt 5 11 2
BEN (Mrs. G. Robinson) .....Briscoe 5 11 2
CONCISE (Mr. H. D. Cherry-Downes) ..Gale 4 11 1
LUCELLE (Mrs. N. R. Davis) W. Davis 6 11 1
ISLANDBRIDGE (Wing-Commander W. R. Read) ..Read 4 11 1
LATEST JOKE (Mrs. J. C. Russell) ..T. Leader 11 0
HANUM (Mr. G. Todd) .....G. Todd a 11 0
COLLINGHAM (Mr. J. Ruetin) ..W. Williams 6 11 0
LITTLETHORPE (Mr. R. Renton) ..Renton 5 10 12
ATHNUS (Mr. W. Barnett) .....Poole 6 10 10
SHINY KNIGHT (Mr. F. White) Private 4 10 10
OUDENARDE (Mrs. G. C. Sneyd) Sneyd 4 10 8
TEME STAR (Mr. T. L. Walker) Rimell 5 10 7
OSCULATOR (Mr. A. E. Berry) ..F. Morgan 6 10 7
GLITTER MAC (Capt. R. M. Thompson) .....Thompson 5 10 7
POOK'S HILL (Mr. P. S. Aykroyd) Hall 6 10 4
NIMBO (Miss E. M. Bullock) ...Rayson 5 10 3
ROYAL SAILOR (Mr. J. V. Rank) ..W. Payne 5 10 3
LA CALIQUE II. (Mr. J. Hobokenbe ..Bletsoe 5 10 3
DEMINKOFF (Sir W. Porial) H. Brown 4 10 2
SPRINGHILL (Mrs. R. D. Cohen) Powell 6 10 0
FROZEN GOLD (Mrs. H. T. L. Young) ..H. Young 5 10 0

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
400	BROWN BALL ..... W. Stott	10/1
	STEEPLEJACK ..... D. Williams	100/8
311	OUR HOPE ..... Mr. F. Walwyn	5/2
201	KAFFIR CORN ..... Owner	6/1
	BEN ..... P. Fitzgerald	100/8
203	CONCISE ..... R. Clark	8/1
100	LUCELLE ..... Mr. G. Wood	100/8
002	ISLANDBRIDGE ..... W. Davey	8/1
011	LATEST JOKE ..... T. Leader	7/4
040	COLLINGHAM ..... ——	100/8
200	SHINY KNIGHT ..... D. Quirke	100/8
000	OUDENARDE ..... ——	100/8
210	TEME STAR ..... T. Rimell	10/1
100	POOK'S HILL ..... ——	100/8
000	ROYAL SAILOR ..... J. Fawcus	100/8
000	SPRINGHILL ..... F. Brown	100/8
000	FROZEN GOLD ..... F. Sergeant	100/8

3.30—ANDOVER HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 150 sovs. 2 m. 50 yds.

ROYAL SCOT (Mrs. H. M. Hollins) ..J. Payne a 12 7
KELLSBORO' JACK (Mrs. F. Ambrose) ..I. Anthony a 12 6
KAKUSHIN (Mr. W. Singer) F. Hartigan a 12 1
DELACHANCE (Mr. J. R. Snow) ...Beeby 4 11 4
ROSS MEAD (Mr. D. Harding) ...R. Payne a 10 12
ROW ON (Mr. E. Platt) .....Poole 6 10 11
SQUIRE MORRIS (Sir E. Wills) Nugent 6 10 11
MIRABOT (Mr. R. A. Canen) .....Powell 6 10 9
KING LOUIS (Miss D. Paget) ...Briscoe a 10 8
THE BIRD (Mr. Sidney Villar) ...Rimell a 10 6
KINSHIP (Mr. J. V. Rank) .....Evans a 10 4
LESTEBRIDGE (Mr. H. Clifton) ...Earl 5 10 4
LITTLE BLACKBIRD (Maj. J. Evans) ..Woodland a 10 3
BRECONIAN (Sir D. Llewellyn) Lindsay a 10 2
KIANG (Mr. J. Corbett) .....Rayson 6 10 1
TOG HILL (Mrs. A. C. Moon) Delaney a 10 0
AROSA (Mr. O. T. Raymont) ...Private a 10 0

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
301	KAKUSHIN G. Wilson or D. Williams	6/4
112	SQUIRE MORRIS ..... W. Parvin	4/1
330	THE BIRD ..... ——	6/1
300	KINSHIP ..... J. Fawcus	10/1
100	LESTEBRIDGE ..... D. Morgan	8/1
000	LITTLE BLACKBIRD ..... ——	10/1
014	KIANG ..... ——	6/1

FROM THE HUNTING FIELDS.

KILDARE HOUNDS.

Scent was bad all day after meeting at Thornton Railway Bridge on Monday. A fox went away at once from Thornton Bog, but, owing to complications with hares, he got a long start. After pointing for Hatfield, hounds ran a big left-handed ring back to the starting place, where hares once more caused delays. Breaking again, the fox went over Gormanstown Hill as if Gilltown was his objective, but here the pack checked, and, with hares in every direction, hounds were stopped. A brace of foxes were on foot in Hatfield, but could not be induced to leave, hounds marking one to ground. From Ballintaggart a fox was quickly away, and hounds ran nicely back to Hatfield, which ended the day.

It was a bright, but cold, day for the meet at Kilteel village on Tuesday. Kilteel covert supplied a fox, which sank the hill, and, wheeling left-handed, ran straight into Arthurstown covert and out the far side towards Rathmore. Turning back left-handed, he went over the rushy bottoms to Fodeen's, where he was lost. Goucher's was next tried, this being the first time it had been drawn for two years. It was full of foxes, 2½ brace being seen. Hounds hunted one on a wretched scent out towards Slieve Thoule, and in a right-handed ring back into covert, where he was marked to ground. Tinode was blank, there being very little lying there, so hounds went on to Kennedy's bog in Upper Punchestown, where they found at once, and settled down to run very fast. Leaving Rathmore village on their right, they marked their fox to ground in an old badger earth at the back of Mr. Burke's house at Eadestown, after 18 minutes. This was followed by a 30 minutes' hunt from Arthurstown, which held a brace and a half, in spite of having been disturbed in the morning. The selected one ran towards Johnstown Kennedy, but turned right-handed below Kilteel and returned to the covert, where he was left. This ended a good day.

ORMOND HOUNDS.

Having met at Borrisokane, a fox found in D'Arcy's Rock went away across the road for Borris wood. Hounds hunted round the wood for a long time, and eventually forced him out at the Borrisokane side. Scent was excellent, but, unfortunately, very few of the field got away with the hounds. They ran at a great pace as if for Mount Falcon, but turning right-handed carried on by Finnoe and straight on to Kyle Park. Not getting to ground here, the fox crossed the Terryglass road and made a straight line back for Borris wood, where scent failed and nothing more could be done with him. This was a very good hunt of one hour fifty minutes, making a four-mile point, and many more as hounds ran. King's gorse was next tried, and finding immediately the pack were away on good terms and ran at a fast pace through Milford, Fortinye and Kilcommon to Ballyquirke. Going through the wood he pointed as if for Kilcarron, but, being headed, he turned back, and went to ground in the covert after a very fast gallop of thirty-five minutes.

On Monday, 27th, we met at Croc-na-Faire, the residence of Major and Mrs. Deasy, where the usual hospitality was dispensed. A fox found in Slevoyne bog was quickly away. Going through Croc-na-Faire and across the Terryglass road, he went at a great pace to Kilcommon, as it Ballyquirke was his point, but bearing right-handed they carried on by Milford Cross to Ballymaas. Leaving the covert on their right, they ran down to the Borrisokane road and marked to ground under some rocks. Scent was the best we had this year. The pack ran for thirty-five minutes without the slightest check, and very few of the field could live with them. We next found in Costelloe's gorse and had a slow hunting run of about one hour, when scent failed and we lost our fox in Ballymaas.

DUHALLOW HOUNDS.

Scenting conditions have been bad since the opening of the season, owing to lack of rain, and there was no improvement when hounds met at Mallow Railway Bridge. In the morning there were a couple of slow ringing hunts out of the Poor House gorse and Mount North, but no foxes were accounted for. Boherascrup was then called upon, and, getting quickly away on a good fox, hounds ran through Tenniscart and on for Templemary Glen. Swinging slightly right-handed, they hunted on to Dunbarry, where they checked for the first time. Picking up the line again, they went as far as Curraghmount, where they lost it. This hunt of 35 minutes quite redeemed the day, as it was at a fast pace over a stiff line of country.

From the meet at Terry's Screens on Thursday, 23rd, hounds found in that covert, and had a nice ring of 3½ miles. Keating's Bog was the next find, and this fox took a good line through Carrigleagh, then, leaving Ballywalter on the right, he swung left-handed, as if for Lisnagourneen, and eventually got to ground in Stanard's Grove. The distance of this gallop was about three miles. Bowenscourt and Smith's Gorse held, but foxes went to ground in both coverts. This ended a busy day.

On Saturday last the meet took place in the village of Churchtown. Burton Park, the first draw, was full of foxes. After a considerable delay one got to ground in the covert, and whether took refuge in a rabbit hole by a fence just outside it. Roche's Gorse and Edgmont disappointed, but Leary's Glen held. This fox, unfortunately, got to ground in the covert. Ardprior did not respond, but Poulnarea held a brace. Hounds killed one fox just outside the gorse; the other went away through Garryduff, but scent was particularly bad, and nothing could be done with him.

WESTMEATH HOUNDS.

From the meet at Castletown on Friday, the Westmeath brought off a fine hunt of one hour 35 minutes' duration, the point made being 5 miles and over 8 miles as hounds ran. It was preceded by a short gallop from Jamestown, this fox being lost after going a short distance. Then came the good run alluded to. Finding in Redmondstown furze, hounds ran first towards Crissauns, then turned left-handed over the bottoms, and, skirting the covert, went over Corn Hill and Ballinalavin. Finding the earths here closed, the fox ran through Whitewood and Savage's bog and on to Fay's scrubs, where hounds were stopped.

On Monday the fixture was Gaybrook, where there were numerous foxes, and a good deal of covert hunting marked the earlier hours. Later there was a fast forty minutes to Boterstown to ground.

CO. GALWAY HOUNDS.

Moving off from Moyvilla cross roads on Friday, Coldwood, the first draw, held all right, but the fox got to ground after going about half a mile. From Cahirkenneen a fox went away over the main Galway road nearly to Leonard's Wood, thence to the Department Plantation. Crossing back over the railway, he wheeled to the right into, and out of, Cahirkenneen and on to Coldwood, where he was lost. The mountain covert of Kilcornan supplied a fox which ran almost to Moyvilla before swinging left-handed through Bushfield to Moneymore, where he must have got in. This was a capital twenty minutes without a check.

The fixture on Monday was Castle Ellen, and, having partaken of the hospitality of Mr. James McDonnell, a move was made to the bog covert. There was a quick find, and hounds went away by Belleville and over Mount Browne, where the quarry wheeled left-handed and ran back to Castle Ellen. After a short check here hounds picked up the line beyond the avenue and ran very fast to Scott's, but, being headed, he turned back in the direction of Castle Ellen. Changing his mind, he ran by the old ruin nearly to Coolarne, then, bearing to the left, he continued on to Cregmore, and was rolled over in a small spinney near Moorpark. This was a very good hunt of 2 hours 15 minutes. The little gorse owned by Messrs. Fahy was next drawn, and hounds were quickly away towards Ballydavid, and, hunting slowly round the gorse, came back through Fahy's into Castle Lambert, where hounds were stopped.

SELECTIONS FOR NEWBURY MEETING.

PAPER.	1.0 RACE.	1.30 RACE.	2.0 RACE.	2.30 RACE.	3.0 RACE.	3.30 RACE.

COURSING.

THE TIPPERARY CUP.

STRONG HARES AND EXCELLENT SPORT AT KILSHEELAN.

(By Our Coursing Correspondent.)

CLONMEL, Wednesday Night.

THE Tipperary Cup, at one time next to the Irish Cup, our most important meeting, was ushered in to-day in gloomy weather. A drenching drizzle, which beat against the small company all the afternoon, made it utterly impossible to enjoy the excellent coursing. To make matters worse the light was bad, and at one period the Stewards seriously contemplated leaving the last eight courses in the No. 2 Ballyboe Stakes over, but to lighten the card for to-morrow it was decided to carry on.

SPLENDID TRIALS.

With the always present danger of the dogs running unsighted Redmond slipped much shorter than is customary here, but luckily the hares were toppers, and we had what I regarded as the best trials we had seen at Kilsheelan for a long time.

It is true that the lead was the all-deciding factor, and only in a few courses was it beaten, but even so he would be a captious critic who would find fault with the trials.

The hardest half of the Tipperary Cup was the bottom one, in which was Brilliant Bob, Mandate, Dee Captain, and Jazz Rattler, and of these the survivors were the two first-named. In the third round Mr. Morris's nomination meets Brilliant Bob, and it is expected that the winner of the course will get to the end of the stake.

EQUALLY HANDICAPPED.

The handicap is about equal, for while Brilliant Bob had to go the whole way in his trial with Hy Kinsella, in which he led a couple of lengths to have much the best of both ends of it, Mandate, after going up three lengths from Royal Wave, cut it very short by using his teeth.

In the second round matters were evened up, Bob leading Breakfast a few lengths and making it light with a good kill, while Mandate had a desperate struggle to lead Dee Captain by a length and hold on to his opening points to the escapee.

Mr. Moon gets the bye in the morning, and will then meet the winner of the course alluded to. He went a real good bat first time slipped, but was only just there against Two Too, and I fancy Mandate will prove the best in his lot.

The four in the top half did not strike one as being flyers, and My Mistake may turn out the best of them. He disposed rather easily of last season's winner, Jazz Last, but the bitch, now in her third season, has had quite a lot of running and she was never in the hunt after the turn which she lost by a length.

FREE STATE NOMINATORS AND THE WATERLOO CUP.

An interesting item of news is that Mr. T. A. Morris has returned his nomination to the Waterloo Cup for good. It will be recalled that last season the committee put in operation a new rule to prevent nominators from running other owners' dogs without consulting the committee in advance regarding their intention. Free State nominators, owing to the Customs difficulties, were obliged to return their nominations, and the committee filled them without consulting the Irishmen. Thus Mr. Morris had his nomination filled by one from Mr. Joe Shand's kennel, and a lady owner's dog was selected for Mr. Harte.

It will be interesting to await further developments in the case of the Free State nominators this season. That they were treated shabbily last season in having dogs forced on them that they knew nothing about admits of no doubt. Details:—

TIPPERARY CUP (27 all-ages). Winner, £80 and Cup; second, £30; two dogs, £13 10/- each; three dogs, £5 each.

Mr. P. McGrath's Poppy Maid (2 l.) beat Mr. P. J. Murphy's Meadow Foxtail.
Mrs. N. McSweeney's Tarmac's Pride a bye, Mr. T. Harte's Hidden Case absent.
Mr. J. Ryan's Kiwi's Banner (2 l.) beat Mr. W. Ryan's Run Well.
Mr. J. Clarke ns. Fleecing the Lamb (1 l.) beat Mr. W. Cahill's Fortunate Kid.
Mr. J. A. Doyle ns. Half Cutlet II. (4 l.) beat Mrs. M. Coghlan's Carlovingian.
Mr. J. Kelleher's Kilmichael Champion (1½ l.) beat Mr. J. J. O'Sullivan's Irack.
Mr. D. Moloney's My Mistake (1 l.) beat Mr. P. J. Henehan's Jazz Last.
Mr. J. J. O'Shea's Limber Toes (2 l.) beat Mr. J. O'Keeffe's Moyle Runner.
Mr. W. Quinn ns. Brilliant Bob (2 l.) beat Mr. D. Hayes's Hy Kinsella.
Mr. P. Brett ns. Breakfast (2 l.) beat Mr. D. J. Gorey's Gambling Son.
Mr. T. A. Morris's Mandate (3 l.) beat Mr. D. Nooman ns. Royal Wave.
Mr. J. V. Rank's Dee Captain (5 l.) beat Mr. M. Roche ns. Orontes.
Mr. J. Lydon's Mr. Moon (2½ l.) beat Mr. M. Walsh ns. Jazz Rattler.
Miss K. O'Reilly's Two Too a bye.

II.

Tarmac's Pride (2 l.) beat Poppy Maid.
Kiwi's Banner (1½ l.) beat Fleecing the Lamb.
Kilmichael Champion (1 l.) beat Half Cutlet II.
My Mistake (1½ l.) beat Limber Toes.
Brilliant Bob (3 l.) beat Breakfast.
Mandate (1 l.) beat Dee Captain.
Mr. Moon (1½ l.) beat Two Too.

TRIAL STAKE (16 dog puppies)—Money Over beat Obstacle; Precious Parcel beat One-Two-Three; Leading Lawyer beat Castleve Again; Verax beat Pegeun Lad; Friendly Return beat Waltz On; Mordannt beat Bamford Glebe; Techometer beat Waterplane; Chief Whip beat Jazz Again.

Second Round—Money Over beat Precious Parcel; Leading Lawyer beat Verax; Friendly Return beat Mordaunt; Techometer beat Chief Whip.

TRIAL STAKES (26 bitch puppies)—Frank Refusal beat Kyle Beauty; Rustic Belle beat Little Swan; Lacken Beauty beat Leigh Lady; Howley beat Lady K.; Brazen Kid beat Opening Round; Tralee Trip beat Haggle; Kara Kit beat Dimmer; Cymbol beat Hardnott Pass; Onside beat Kilshany; Leonard's Pick beat Pleasing Beauty; Madeline beat Kill Time; Minawn a bye, Sull's Pet absent; Traitless beat Colleen Mor.

Second Round—Frank Refusal beat Rustic Belle; Lacken Beauty beat Howley; Brazen Kid beat Tralee Trip; Kara Kid beat Cymbol; Leonard's Pick beat Onside; Madeline beat Minawn; Traitless a bye.

BALLYBOE (No. 1) STAKE (16 2-course maidens)—Careless Wave a bye, Matador drawn after two no-courses; Altogether beat Grand Select; Master Crotty beat Sound Lad; Comely Captain beat Mawbeg Valley; Rathgarogue beat Happy Call; Hardy Hardwick beat Block Ormac; New Fashion beat Dinero; Dope Devil beat Competent.

BALLYBOE (No. 2) STAKE (16 2-course maidens)—Mozart beat Hunted Courier; Loophole beat Dubbin; Kilcommon beat Sweet Lily; Trousbean beat Moaniven Polka; Peg Macauntha beat Willing Lady; Halsal beat Pretty Parsee; Brilliant Bessie beat Caunta Arain; Pillow Slip beat Kickham Street.

BALLYNARRY SEAL WINS THE ULSTER CUP.

Judge—Mr. M. Walsh. Slipper—P. J. Kinnane.

Ballymena Coursing Club's opening meet of the season at Crebilly attracted a large crowd. In the Ulster Cup, which carried £50 for the winner, Mr. P. Agnew's Ballynarry Seal showed fine pace throughout, and annexed the trophy. Hares ran strongly, and coursing was of a high standard.

TRIAL STAKE (16 bitch puppies)—Fine Margin beat Brandy's Dear; Whitepark Lass beat Sprig o' Kilrea; Race Goer beat Sporting Miss; Targracy Lass a bye, Glenbank Lass absent; Majestic Meadow beat Jane Comet; Keenest Blade beat Myroe Arain; Myroe Waves beat Karndaisy; Imperial Nora beat Battle Up.

Second Round—Fine Margin beat Whitepark Lass; Race Goer beat Targracy Lass; Majestic Meadow beat Keenest Blade; Myroe Waves beat Imperial Nora.

Third Round—Fine Margin beat Race Goer; Majestic Meadow beat Myroe Waves.

Decider—Messrs. J. and E. McKenna's Majestic Meadow (Myroe Blacksmith—Burngushie) beat Mr. P. Moore's Fine Margin (Church Street—Winette).

TRIAL STAKE (16 dog puppies)—Cloyfin beat Sporting Fawn; Tony's Outlook beat Ruglin; Rose of Gold beat Ballykeel William; Kilwarlin Paddy beat Peacefield Speed; Glastry Turn beat Venture; Strangford beat Custom Man; Myroe George beat Robbie Craig; King Solomon beat Ranbane.

Second Round—Cloyfin beat Tony's Outlook; Kilwarlin Paddy beat Rose of Gold; Strangford beat Glastry Turn; King Solomon beat Myroe George.

Third Round—Kilwarlin Paddy a bye, Cloyfin drawn; King Solomon beat Strangford.

Decider—Mr. L. Roddy's Kilwarlin Paddy (Ballybonia—Matchless Kate) beat Mr. R. Kells's King Solomon (Never Near—Keen Blade).

ULSTER CUP (16 all-ages)—Treaty E. beat Song of the Wind; The Dentist beat Tarnished Gold; Myroe Dick beat Lone Tramp; Strathlaird beat Coolsythe; Cohequid beat Mayday; Ballynarry Seal beat Willing Tom; Full Money beat Glenarch; Mystery Meadow beat Lone Trail.

Second Round—The Dentist beat Treaty E.; Myroe Dick beat Strathlaird; Ballynarry Seal beat Cohequid; Mystery Meadow beat Full Money.

Third Round—The Dentist beat Myroe Dick; Ballynarry Seal beat Mystery Meadow.

Decider—Mr. P. Agnew's Ballynarry Seal (Maghull—Red Seal) beat Messrs. Maguire and McCusker's The Dentist (Inler—Doubtful Daisy).

MEMBERS' STAKE "A" (16 two-course maidens)—Vimar beat Red Croft; Unaffected beat Well Won; Young Cylvida beat Whacktor Boy; Tobershill Rover beat Gray's Best; Slieve Guillion beat Ambro Kin; Laughterrush Magnet beat Hillmount Girl; Cairnmore Wimple beat Thorn Cottage.

Second Round—Vimar beat Unaffected; Young Cylvida beat Tobershill Rover; Slieve Gullion beat Laughterrush Magnet; Roving Biddy beat Cairnmore Wimple.

Third Round—Vimar a bye, Young Cylvida drawn; Slieve Gullion beat Roving Biddy.

Decider—Mr. F. McKeating's Slieve Gullion (Solid Man—Time Up) beat Mr. G. McAleavy's Vimar (Never Fear—Pines Express).

TESTING TRIALS IN OPEN AT LITTLE ISLAND.

Judge—Mr. D. J. O'Callaghan. Slipper—W. Casey.

The only open country coursing meeting held in County Cork is that at Little Island, and some excellent sport was witnessed there yesterday when the card was got through by two o'clock. The outlook in the morning was very bad, and though the rain cleared up just before coursing, the attendance was materially affected. So hard run were all the dogs in the first round of the card that after the semi-finals the Puppy Stake was divided. In the open event Old Mountain Dew had to overcome a big outside, but he did so successfully after being lucky to get his first course. In the Glanmire Stake Red Fox went on to divide with Sol de Aye. Details:—

CAHERLAG STAKE (8 puppies)—Ruso beat Cut Me Mutton; Irish News beat Kilcoo; Glass Whistle beat Bella White; Castle Blazer beat French Bonnet.

Second Round—Ruso beat Irish News; Castle Blazer beat Glass Whistle.

Stakes divided between Mr. Creman's Ruso (Hamper—Croft House) and Mr. D. O'Brien's Castle Blazer (Cheerful Choice—Ladies' Queen).

LITTLE ISLAND STAKE (8 all ages)—Greek Fire beat Fireaway; Old Mountain Dew beat Mast Head; Tasty Cutlet beat Good Tonic; Ballyregan beat Wild Flame.

Second Round—Old Mountain Daw beat Greek Fire; Tasty Cutlet beat Ballyregan.

Decider—Mr. J. Kelleher's Old Mountain Dew (The Staker—Truthful Lady) beat Mr. T. Cashman's Tasty Cutlet (Mutton Cutlet—Wary Guide).

GLANMIRE STAKE (8 one-course maidens)—Red Fox beat Vamos; Ballinorth Boy beat Birdie's Best; Ballysheedy Rory a bye, Club Lady absent; Sol de Aye beat Tons of Glory.

Second Round—Red Fox beat Ballinorth Boy; Sol de Aye beat Ballyseedy Rory.

Stake divided between Mr. T. F. Ryan's Red Fox (Ocean Blunder—Red Devil) and Mr. W. Walsh's Sol de Aye (Bryan Acton—Intrinsic Bay).

STOCKWELL STREET AT STUD AT KILDARE.

Mr. J. Campbell's greyhound, Stockwell Street, arrived yesterday at Mr. T. Harte's kennels at Kildare, where he will stand for the season. Last year he was quartered at Harold Wright's kennels at Prestonbrook, and his first progeny to run are doing well, among them being Lord Tweedmouth's Turk and Lord Sefton's Surgeon. Another promising puppy by him is Fleet Street, who was somewhat unlucky last time out, at Widdrington.

MEMBERS' STAKE "B" (8 two-course maidens)—Stormproof beat Miss Benwell; Maxwell's Walls beat Stormslide; Killinchy Muffler beat Anna's Glory; May Beauty beat Fair Grace.

Second Round—Stormproof beat Maxwell's Walls; May Beauty beat Killinchy Muffler.

Decider—Mr. A. Mayne's May Beauty (Odd Blade—Gifted Beauty) beat Mr. F. McKeating's Stormproof (Beaded Rock—Moth)

NORTH SIDE SCHOOLS' TRIAL.

COLOURS ..... 14 **WHITES** 3

The north side schools' trial was played at the Belvedere College ground, Jones's road, yesterday, in fine, dry weather.

The Colours were the stronger side, and in the first half scored a goal and three tries to nil. The first score came from a forward rush, Coyle getting the touch for a try. Then, following a move by Stoddart and Boyle, Robertson crossed, and Boyle converted the try. Before the interval Boyle and Towell added further tries. The forward packs were changed over during the interval, and play was of a more even nature. Whites soon had the better of the exchanges, and scored a penalty goal. Teams:—

Colours—K. Stoddart (King's Hospital); N. Commiskey (Morgan's), J. Fraser (King's Hospital), A. Redmond (Mountjoy), C. Coyle (Belvedere); R. Boyle (Mountjoy), H. Murphy (Morgan's); H. Boake, W. Harper, J. McManaway (Mountjoy), J. Roe, K. Robertson, S. Phair (King's Hospital), R. Towell, L. McGrath (Morgan's).

Whites—R. Gaughran (O'Connell's); J. O'Sullivan, N. Burke (Castleknock), D. Kelly (O'Connell's), O. Griffiths (Mountjoy); C. Brophy (Castleknock), P. Smith (Belvedere); D. Sweeney, J. Ryan, P. Dunning (Castleknock), V. Aird, M. Cleary (Belvedere), W. Curtin, J. Fitzgerald, P. O'Kelly (O'Connell's).

CHANGES IN ENGLISH TRIAL TEAMS.

It has been found necessary to make two changes in the teams for the first English trial match, England v. Possibles, to be played at Birkenhead on Saturday next. A. Boast, the Salisbury forward, who was injured recently, cannot play for the England team, and his place will be taken by J. W. Forrest (United Services). In addition, D. T. Kemp has dropped out of the Possibles pack, and will be replaced by J. W. Mycock (Sale). Mr. R. G. Harvey will referee the game.

CROSS-CHANNEL RESULTS.

COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP.

	Pts.		Pts.
Middlesex	3	Kent	3
Eastern Counties	16	Surrey	3

CLUB MATCH.

Cambridge Univ.	25	Watsonians	5

HOCKEY.

PEMBROKE WANDERERS H.C.

Until further notice all communications should be addressed to L. D. McMullan, 30 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin ('phone 44211), and not to the hon. secretary.

SCHOOLS' MATCHES.

Mountjoy School 4 (Franklin 2, Moyter and Best), Avoca School 0.

St. Moibhi College 2 (S. Adamson, A Adamson), College of Surgeons 1 (W. Keays).

CHANGE ON LEINSTER TRIAL TEAM.

N. A. Kinnear being unable to play in the Leinster Trial game on Tuesday next, his place will be taken by J. Pigott (Three Rock Rovers).

HOSPITALS' CUP TEAMS.

Adelaide—D. O. McClure; G. W. B. Pollock, P. M. Hanna, H. A. Wells, D. P. Beckett; J. W. Catheart (scrum), J. H. Armstrong (out); R. C. Cowan, W. G. Warwick, G. T. Keays, J. C. McNeilly, R. T. Michael, R. C. O'Grady, H. F. Boyce, W. Kyle.

Meath—A. C. Dyer; A. E. Warren, Harty, Tait, B. Beresford; Creay, D. Morrisey; P. K. O'Brien, M. J. Labitte, R. J. Matthews, G. Dunne, J. O'Ryan, W. O'Dwyer, T. O'Donnell, G. Adye Curran.

COLLEGE OF SURGEONS v. BALBRIGGAN.

This match will be played at Bird avenue, Clonskeagh, on Saturday at 2.30. Dundrum 'bus from O'Connell Bridge. Balbriggan team please note.

SCHOOLS MATCHES.

Wesley Coll. (J.C.T.)	13	Blackr'k Coll. (J.C.T.)	5
Sandford Park	13	St. Gerard's	5

TO-DAY'S FIXTURE.

HOSPITALS' CUP.

Meath v. Adelaide.—Donnybrook, 2.45.

BOXING.

TO-NIGHT'S BIG FIGHT.

HARVEY AND PETERSEN MEET FOR HEAVY-WEIGHT TITLE.

AT the Albert Hall, London, to-night, Jack Petersen, the holder, and Len Harvey will fight for the British heavy-weight championship. Petersen brought his training to an end at Barry, near Cardiff, yesterday, when he went out early by the sea, looking very fit and determined.

He expressed confidence in his ability to retain his title, and asked that his friends be told that he is as fit as ever, and looking forward to a great fight. "I would rather say nothing about the result," he added, "because Harvey and I are probably thinking the same thing." His father was more definite in his message. "Win? Of course, we shall win," he said.

COMPLETE PREPARATION.

Petersen's preparation for this fight has been most thorough and complete. It is understood that the champion will enter the ring weighing about 12st. 6lb., and Harvey 3lb. lighter.

There are many disappointed supporters of Petersen, for it was estimated that at least 5,000 Welshmen would have been present at the fight had the tickets been available. As it is, only a small party of Welshmen will travel to London. Even Petersen, it was stated yesterday, had paid £10 for two ringside seats for his friends.

Len Harvey's "camp" at Whetstone, Middlesex, was astir very early making preparations for the day. "Let's go hiking," suggested a member of the party, and so Harvey, Wally May, the trainer, and a friend made their way to the open roads.

"I can only say I am set for a great fight," said Harvey, "and I am sure it will be a great one."

Harvey intends to stay at Whetstone until a few hours before the fight. He is going to take a stroll over Hampstead Heath and then proceed to the Albert Hall.

The men will enter the ring at 9.40, and the fight will begin about 9.45.

THE BOXERS COMPARED.

Petersen.		Harvey.
12st. 6lb.	Weight	12st. 3lb.
6ft. 1¼ins.	Height	6ft.
80½ins.	Reach	75½ins.
17ins.	Neck	16½ins.
41-45ins.	Chest	40-43½ins.
14ins.	Biceps	15ins.
12½ins.	Forearm	13ins.
34ins.	Waist	31ins.
22ins.	Thigh	23ins.
15ins.	Calf	15ins.

WELL-MATCHED PAIR.

Eddie Phillips, who was beaten on points by Harvey last July, and has been helping Petersen in his training, is well qualified to judge the abilities of the men, but cannot make up his mind as to the likely winner. This is what he has to say of them:—

"Harvey is very difficult to hit, and he can hit, too. You've got to keep moving out of the way or bang goes his right, and then anything can happen. He's one of the most dangerous fighters in England, and I can tell you I found it just a little too much for me in trying to place one on him that would win me the cruiser championship. He'll give Petersen a real fight, you can take it from me.

"And what do I think of Petersen? Just the same as I do of Harvey," was Phillips's reply. "I don't know just as much about the champion as the man he is fighting, but I know enough to convince me he'll not let his title go without the biggest 'scrap' he has ever made. Petersen can box really well, and he can punch perhaps as hard, if not harder, than Harvey."

WATSON UNLUCKY AT NEWCASTLE.

DISQUALIFIED WITH HIS MAN BEATEN.

There was a surprising finish to the contest scheduled for twelve rounds between Seaman Watson (Newcastle), the British feather-weight champion, and Sonny Lee (Leeds), at Newcastle-on-Tyne, last night, Watson being disqualified in the second round.

Throughout the first round Lee was forced to fight on the retreat, and Watson mixed his telling body attack with much good leading. The second round went on much the same lines as the first, though Watson brought greater speed into his attack. However, he missed badly on three occasions with swings to the jaw.

Lee, outboxed and outpunched, had been forced into a neutral corner, and, as the Leeds man covered up, Watson swung his left to Lee's body. At once Lee collapsed, and he had to be carried to his corner. The end of the boxing, and the disqualification of Watson, came so suddenly that onlookers were utterly taken aback, and some minutes later Watson expressed his sorrow to Lee that the fight had ended in the way it had done. Undoubtedly the blow delivered by Watson was unintentional.

U.C.D. NOVICES PROVIDE GOOD BOUTS.

The annual Novices' Championships of the University College B.C., which took place at 86 St. Stephen's Green, last night, provided a series of keenly-contested bouts. While enthusiasm rather than skill was the main feature of most of the contests, the general standard of the boxing was remarkably good. T. O'Brien was rather faster than J. Holloway, who, however, put up a stout resistance, to a hard-hitting opponent, in the final of the bantam class.

In the light-weight final, Finegan and Guinan put up a splendid bout, in which Finegan's right-hand punching was the deciding factor. Another close contest was that between Rooney and O'Driscoll, in the middles. O'Driscoll held his own for two rounds, but completely faded out in the last, and the referee intervened in favour of Rooney.

J. Walsh had a good win over M. Holland in the cruisers semi-final, but was unfortunately unable to contest the final, owing to injury, and P. Donnelly, who qualified at the expense of J. Harman in the other semi-final, was allowed a walk-over. Details:—

Banham-weight—J. Holloway beat M. Power on points; W. O'Brien beat T. O'Beirne on points. Final—O'Brien beat Holloway on points.

Light-weight—V. Finegan beat P. McKenna in the second round; D. Guinan beat W. Redmond in the second round. Final—Finegan beat Guinan on points.

Welter-weight—M. E. Folan k.o. L. McAuley in the second round; J. Reid beat J. Quinn on points. Final—Folan beat Reid on points.

Middle-weight—R. O'Driscoll beat J. Skehan in the second round; T. Rooney w.o., E. J. O'Shea scr. Final—Rooney beat O'Driscoll in the third round.

Cruiser-weight—J. Walsh beat M. Holland in the second round; P. Donnelly beat J. Harman on points. Final—Donnelly w.o., Walsh scr.

ROSENBLOOM HELD TO A DRAW.

HOUSTON, TEXAS, Wednesday.

Maxie Rosenbloom, world's light-heavy-weight champion, was held to a draw here last night over ten rounds by Clyde Chastain, who was billed as the Australian light-heavy-weight champion, and who accompanied the late "Young" Stribling on his tour of Australia and South Africa. Among Chastain's opponents in Australia was Ambrose Palmer, the Australian heavy-weight champion, who beat him on the only occasion on which they met. Dave Carstens, who won the heavy-weight title at last year's Olympic Games, lost to Chastain during the latter's tour of South Africa.

BADMINTON.

BRILLIANT PLAY BY MISS STOKER.

CLOSE CHAMPIONSHIPS AT ELM PARK.

Misses Stoker and Hamilton had easy passages into the final of the women's singles at Elm Park last night, where the Irish close championship tournament was continued, Miss Stoker played brilliantly to defeat Miss Hanan, of Cork, by 11-2, 11-3. Miss Hamilton was always on top in her match with Mrs. Kelly, although allowing her eight points in the first set. In the second, however, she jumped into her best form, and won for the loss of a single stroke. Results:—

WOMEN'S SINGLES—SEMI-FINALS.

Miss Stoker beat Miss Hanan—11-2, 11-3.
Miss Hamilton beat Mrs. Kelly—11-8, 11-1.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES—SECOND ROUND.

Misses Hamilton and Stoker beat Mrs. Kelly and Miss G. Carty—15-12, 15-5.

MIXED DOUBLES—FIRST ROUND.

A. Hamilton and Miss Stoker beat P. Cooper and Miss E. Carty—15-3, 15-9.

SECOND ROUND.

W. Hamilton and Miss M. Spratt w.o.; G. and Mrs. Kelly scr.

MEN'S JUNIOR SINGLES—SECOND ROUND.

G. Kelly beat P. MacDermott—15-12, 15-6.

MIXED DOUBLES (JUNIOR)—FIRST ROUND.

C. Booth and Miss N. Conway beat J. Brown and Miss E. Carty—15-5, 15-7.

G. Kelly and Miss I. Smith beat F. Griffen and Miss Byrne—15-3, 15-9.

N. Wilson and Miss Hughes beat D. McCracken and Miss P. Conway—15-11, 10-15, 15-5.

G. Trapnell and Mrs. Montgomery beat C. Morton and Miss Dilworth—15-1.

HANDICAPS.

Mixed Doubles (Class I.)—Second Round—P. McDermott and Miss G. Carty (2) beat F. C. South and Miss P. Conway (minus 2)—15-12, 14-15, 15-9; J. E. Elmes and Miss Mack (2) beat J. Travers and Miss N. Conway (8)—15-11, 5-15, 15-14.

Third Round—P. McDermott and Miss G. Carty (2) beat A. Hamilton and Miss Stokes (minus 6) —15-13, 15-4; W. Hamilton and Miss Spratt (minus 10) beat J. Browne and Miss E. Carty (4) —15-11, 15-8; P. Pithkethly and Mrs. Blythe (9) beat G. and Mrs. Kelly (2)—15-12, 15-9; J. E. Elmes and Miss Mack (2) beat I. Webb and Miss Hanan (4)—15-13, 15-13.

Women's Doubles (Class I.)—Second Round—Mrs. MacDougald and Miss Smith (minus 2) beat Misses Stoker and Stewart (minus 4)—15-6, 15-6.

Men's Doubles (Class II.)—Second Round—G. Irwin and G. Reid (minus 1) beat G. Adamson and C. Winder (minus 3)—9-15, 15-10, 15-2; N. Wilson and S. Deighan (minus 4) beat J. Wilson and J. Moffett (minus 9)—15-7, 4-15, 15-8.

Women's Doubles (Class II.)—Semi-finals—Mrs. Fletcher and Miss Poole (4) beat Misses A. Smyth and Harrington (1)—15-7 15-14; Misses Goulding and Steele (minus 4) beat Mrs. Clarke and Miss Keeney (3)—15-9, 4-15, 15-14.

Mixed Doubles (Class II.)—First Round—F. Griffin and Miss A. Byrne (2) beat W. E. Cotter and Miss McWilliam (7)—15-12, 15-8.

Men's Doubles (Class III.)—Semi-finals—R. F. and C. A. Montgomery (4) beat W. J. Eason and R. F. Cruise (minus 2)—12-15, 15-5, 15-8; A. O'Byrne and R. Shackleton (6) beat W. Paltridge and G. Bowesman (minus 4)—15-2, 15-4.

Women's Doubles (Class III.)—Semi-finals—Mrs. Elliot and Miss K. Egan (minus 4) beat Misses Sexton and Dillon (6)—15-12, 15-10; Misses B. and L. Brady (8) beat Misses Doyle and Hayes (2)—15-7, 15-6.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

6.45—N. Good v. F. South; Miss Stokes v. Miss E. Carty; F. Green and Kelly v. Elmes and L. Hall or Armstrong and MacNaughton; Miss Mack and Mrs. Good v. Mrs. MacDougald and Miss Smith "A."

7.30—N. Wilson and Miss Hughes v. Roycroft and Mrs. Baily "B"; W. Paltridge and Miss Bolton v. Monks and Miss O'Neill "C"; J. S. and Mrs. Wilson v. Griffin and Miss Byrne "D"; Stuart and Miss Brian v. Eason and Miss Egan.

8 o'c.—Elmes and South v. W. Hamilton and Good; Mrs. Goulding and Miss Dilworth v. winners of "A"; Moore and Miss Casey v. S. Deighan and Miss Deighan; Killen and Paltridge v. Maconchy and Armstrong; Irwin and Reid v. Preston and O'Rourke.

8.30—Winners of "B" v. winners of "C"; G. O'Rourke and Miss Clarke v. winners of "D"; F. McGaver v. I. Webb; Doris v. Hill. All players remaining in mixed doubles junior championship.

9 o'c.—South and Miss Hanan v. A. Hamilton and Miss Stoker; F. Green and Miss G. Carty v. Elmes and Mrs. Goulding; N. Wilson and S. Deighan v. Leitbetter and Douglas; Miss C. Smith v. Miss V. Gillespie; Booth and MacDermott v. Trapnell and Webb; J. S. and Mrs. Wilson v. Doris and McKenna.

9.30—McGaver and Miss Doris v. A. N. Other and Miss Mack; McCracken and South v. Killen and Paltridge or Cooper and Brown.

GAELIC GAMES.

THE KELLEHER SHIELD.

In the semi-final of the Kelleher Shield at Cork yesterday Collins beat University College, Cork, by 3 goals 3 points to 2 goals 2 points. Collins will meet Avondhu in the final.

CAMOGUIDHEACHT.

MURPHY CUP COMPETITION.

At Croke Park yesterday:—

Mountrath	3-2	Tullow	2-0
Abbeyleix	4-0	Goresbridge	1-0

Streamlined giant combination sausage and mincing machines for busy butchers who cannot keep pace with their customers' appetites will be among the new features at the 1934 British Industries Fair.

WOMEN'S POSITION IN INDIA.

A DEFENCE OF EDUCATION.

The principle of the equality of men and women is being developed intensively even in India, where in the past the women have generally been distinguished by the modesty with which they have reconciled themselves to an inferior station.

A report has, for example, been received of the Mysore State Women's Conference, which has just concluded. Lady Mirza Ismail, wife of the Prime Minister, presided, and in her address stated that the object in view was to obtain for the women of India equal opportunities of service in the common cause of the advancement of the community. Women as women, she declared, should not be barred from any sphere of service, however expedient it might be that the majority of them should find their vocation in life as the makers of homes. She refused to countenance the argument that educated women added to the number of unemployed, and pointed out that the present unemployment among the educated classes was a passing phase, brought about by world-wide economic depression. If there were many unemployed among university graduates, it only meant that the number of men and women who received university training should be regulated, but never should the university close its doors against women.

"I attach," she said, "great importance to a vigorous Girl Guide movement in the State, and consider that by participation in the activities of the movement and by loyalty to its ideals the rising womanhood of this country will receive an education which will be a highly valuable supplement to their classroom training."

STEVENSON ON TRAIN TRAVEL.

A DESCRIPTION WHICH STILL HOLDS TRUE.

In praise of train travel, the Canadian National Railways Magazine quotes Robert Louis Stevenson, who wrote of railway journeying:—

"The speed is so easy and the train disturbs so little the scenes through which it takes us that our heart becomes full of the placidity and stillness of the country; and while the body is borne forward in the flying chain of carriages, the thoughts alight as the humour moves them at unfrequented stations; they make haste up the poplar alley that leads towards town; they are left behind with the signalman, as, shading his eyes with his hand, he watches the long train sweep away into to golden distance."

To-day there is the counter-attraction of the ninepenny novel and there are busier railway schedules, but who will deny that Stevenson's is still in the main a true description!

LICENCES FOR OPIUM-SMOKERS.

NEW ORDINANCE IN SINGAPORE.

All opium smokers in Singapore are required to carry special licences with a four-inch photograph of themselves affixed, under the terms of a new ordinance, states Reuter. And the opium must be purchased only from the Government shops.

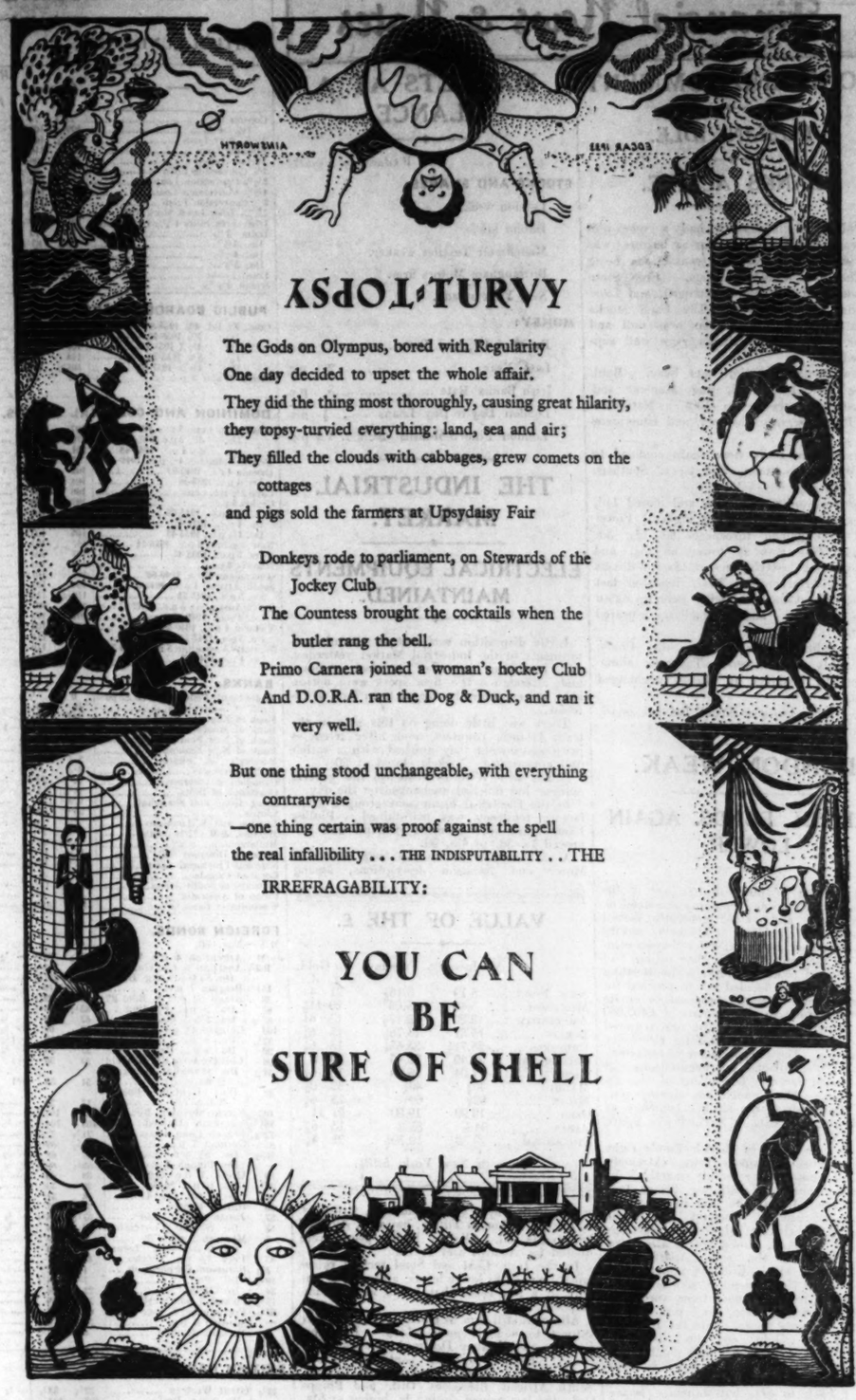
Other rules laid down are as follows:—No one under 21 will be allowed to buy opium, (2) no smoker will be permitted to buy opium from any other shop except the one in which he is registered, (3) no smoker may buy more than once a day from his shop, (4) licences are not transferable, (5) smokers will not be permitted to buy more opium at a time than the quantity registered on their licence.

INCREASE IN CONTINENTAL VISITORS.

The Travel Association announces that the British Home Office return of visitors on holiday from other countries to Great Britain and Ireland shows a general increase of ten per cent. on the same period last year, having risen from 10,241 to 11,248.

A feature of the return is that European visitors, particularly from Germany, France, Hungary and Holland, all show an increase.

An additional welcome fact is that, despite the fact that visitors from the United States of America still show a decrease on previous years, the decrease on this occasion is considerably less.



THE LORD HAILSHAM AFFAIR.

MORE QUESTIONS TO THE PRESIDENT.

COST OF BOUNTIES AND SUBSIDIES.

MR. DE VALERA, in reply to three questions by Mr. McGilligan in the Dail yesterday, concerning the allegation that General Mulcahy met and talked with Lord Haliham, British Minister for War, at Glasgow, said that he did not intend to add anything to his statement in the Dail on October 4th.

Professor O'SULLIVAN (U.I., Kerry) asked, since the President had declined to give information, could the members take it that no steps had been taken by Mr. de Valera to test the accuracy of the information before he published the libel on General Mulcahy.

There was no reply.

Mr. DE VALERA, replying to Professor O'Sullivan (for Mr. McGilligan), said that instructions given to State counsel appearing on behalf of the Attorney-General were not submitted for Government approval. He had been informed by the Attorney-General that counsel were not instructed to make any request to the Court in regard to the attitude of prisoners or their conduct. That was for the Court to decide.

Mr. DILLON (U.I., Donegal) asked did Mr. de Valera consider that it was in keeping with the dignity of the courts that prisoners should have to have their hats forcibly removed by policemen, or was such action to be regarded as a plea of "not guilty."

Mr. DE VALERA—The Court will interpret that.

LIMERICK CORPORATION.

The MINISTER FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT, replying to Mr. J. Reidy (F.F., Limerick) said that it was his intention to implement the recommendations contained in the report of the inspector of his Department relative to the affairs of the Limerick County Borough Council, adopted by the Council. Some difficulties might arise.

ROAD TRAFFIC.

The MINISTER FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT, replying to Mr. H. M. Dockrell, said that he hoped within a month's time to have prepared a set of regulations under the Road Traffic Act. Mr. Dockrell had asked that these regulations should provide that in road vehicles where seats are placed in front of each other there shall not be less than 2 feet 6 inches between the back of one seat and the front of another; that gangways shall not be less than 16 inches in width, and that suitable racks for holding light articles be provided.

ATTACKS ON INDIVIDUALS.

The MINISTER FOR JUSTICE, replying to several questions dealing with alleged attacks on members of the United Ireland Party, said that the police were endeavouring to procure evidence that would lead to conviction of the attackers.

Mr. S. BRODERICK (U.I., Galway) said that seven or eight weeks had elapsed since attacks had been made on Mr. Lawless, of Ballygar, and the house of Henry Goonan, of Ballinkill, and he stated that in relation to an attack on Henry Mangan, of Kilconly, Co. Galway, that Mangan was 73 years of age, and that his attackers had been armed.

Mr. M. KILLALEA (F.F., Galway) asked the Minister if he was aware that A.C.A. men, some from Galway, had taken a man from his home at night, stripped him, and left him naked, and pulled the nails from his fingers, five or six months ago.

Mr. MacDERMOT asked whether, if sufficient evidence was obtained against these offenders, the Minister would undertake that the trial would be such to provide a fair chance of justice being done.

The MINISTER FOR JUSTICE replied that they wanted justice to be done, and, further, he asked Mr. Broderick if he had any information that would be useful to give it to the police.

Mr. DILLON asked the Minister to request the Deputy on his own side to give any information to the police concerning the grave crime mentioned by him, so that the course of justice might be helped, or that the Deputy would be shown to be a liar.

FURNITURE FACTORIES.

Mr. LEMASS, replying to Mr. MULCAHY, stated that in five of seven furniture factories established in Dublin it had been ascertained that the businesses were either in the beneficial ownership of Free State nationals within the meaning of the Control of Manufactures Act, 1932, or were established prior to 1st June, 1932. Consequently no new manufacture licence was granted to any of the firms. In two other cases the businesses had ceased. He was not prepared to give the names of Free State firms whose affairs were subject to official investigation. Any such disclosure would be injurious to their interests.

Mr. MULCAHY

Financial News & Notes

TONE AND COMMENT

DUBLIN IDLE.

BANKS ACTIVE.

Dublin Stock Market had a very dull appearance yesterday, so far as business was concerned, the recorded transactions being confined to a few sections. Free State Funds were firm and unchanged, and Land Bonds rose to 108½. The Land stocks were irregular. War Loan was dull and lower. Corporation stocks were well supported.

The Banking section was busy. Bank stock rose 1 to 303, and Munster and Leinster threepence to 100s. Nationals and Royals were unchanged, and Hibernians lost ¼, to 9¾.

Dealings in Rails were again confined to the debenture stocks, and Great Southern rose ⅜ to 59⅝.

Guinness units were firm and closed 1¼d. better at 104s., after being higher. Power Pref. also gained threepence at 14s. 3d. Alliance Gas was ☆ lower at 13¼, and Dublin Brick lost sixpence at 13s. Williams (H.) and Harringtons Pref. repeated last prices. The Chocolate Debs. were up again to 9s. 6d. prem., and Fry-Cadbury repeated 23s. 6d.

The Industrial section was idle, Coats, Courtaulds and Imperial Tobaccos alone coming to business at almost unchanged prices.

The "other business done" list was small, but diversified as usual.

LONDON WEAK.

BRITISH FUNDS AGAIN LOWER.

The volume of business passing in the London Stock markets yesterday remained on meagre lines, and values generally moved adversely to holders. Markets rallied in the afternoon, however, a few buyers coming in at the reduced levels then ruling, and prices showed some recovery. The Reading Town Council has decided not to proceed for the time being with the proposal to create redeemable stock to the amount of £400,000 for the provision of part of the sum required for the purchase of the Reading electricity undertaking. The reason given is unfavourable market conditions, but negotiations will be continued for the borrowing of the required sum. The Council has already contracted to purchase the electric company as from January 1 next, at an inclusive figure of £443,000.

A dull tone ruled in British Funds right from the outset, business being extremely small and quotations receding smartly. In the later dealings a distinctly firmer tendency developed, but the late improvement was not sufficient to discount the initial losses, and the closing values were fractionally lower all round. India Stocks also were a trifle easier at the end. Apart from Chinese Bonds, which disclosed a weak tendency, Foreign Government Stocks preserved a satisfactory tone, and quotations were little changed. Among Chinese, the 5 p.c. 1912 at 57¼ were 1½ points lower, while the Imperial Railway 5 p.c. Gold and the Shanghai-Nanking 5 p.c. were each a full point down on the day. German 5½ p.c. failed to hold the whole of the previous day's advance, closing ½ back to 67½, but Japanese issues were fractionally firmer. Peruvian Corporations were content to repeat the reduced values ruling overnight. Despite the satisfactory character of the weekly traffic figures British Rails weakened, trading being at a minimum. Southerns were dull, the Pref.-Ord. closing a point lower at 63, while North Eastern Pref.-Ord. lost ½, and Midland Ord. and Great Western Ord. ¼ each. Certain of the junior stocks also went fractionally lower. Colonial and Foreign rails made a dull showing, Argentine issues weakening on the announcement of the new exchange plan. B.A. Western finished 2 points down at 23, and the Pacific and Great Southern were each a point lower, while Central Argentines were materially down. American Rails also were depressed.

Business in the Industrial market kept on extremely modest lines, and values were lowered sharply in a number of instances. Thornycroft, Triplex, Salt Union and Slaters all showed substantially lower values, while Textiles and Tobaccos went back. Bright spots were not lacking, however, and several of the Miscellaneous descriptions finished appreciably higher. Elsewhere, Oils finished on a dull note, and Rubber Shares failed to wholly make good the initial losses. Mines, however, were generally firmer.

DEALINGS IN LONDON MARKET.

The following dealings among active stocks and shares were "marked" in London yesterday:—

Consols—73 13/16, 7/8, 15/16, *5/8, 11/16, 3/4, 7/8, 15/16, *5/8, 3/4, 13/16. **Funding Loan**—110½, 3/4, 5/8, 11/16, 3/4, 13/16. **Conversion Loan 3½ p.c.**—100 5/8, 1/2, 9/16, 11/16, 3/4, 13/16, 7/8, 15/16, 1/2, 9/16, 11/16, 3/4, 13/16. **4 p.c. Conversion Loan**—106 11/16, 3/4, 13/16, 7/8, 15/16, 1/2, 9/16, 5/8, 11/16, 3/4, 13/16. **Free State Land Bonds** (x.d.)—108¼, ½. **Aerated Bread**—26, 6d. 5/6. **Amalgamated Press** (x.d.)—19/-, 3d. **Anglo-Dutch Rubber**—18 7/16, *9d., 6d., 9d/-. **Associated Cement**—30/-, 41/2d., 3d., 11/2d. **Associated Newspapers Def.**—19 7/16, 41/2d., 6d. **Averil Def.**—25 11/16. **Brazilian Traction**—111/2, 9/16, 5/8, 3/4, 11/16. **British American Tobacco**—£5 11/6, 5/16, £5 10/-. **British Celanese**—13/3, 12/6. **British Match Ord.**—34/6, 11/2d., 41/2d. **British Oil and Cake**—41 41/2, 6d., 1/2d. **British Oil and Southern**—3 1/2, 1/4, 3/4, 1/2, 7/8, 3/8, 2, 1/8, 1/4. **Cables and Wireless "A"**—2/2, 3/8, 1/4. **do. "B"**—10, 1/4. **do. 5½ p.c. Pref.**—70, 69¾, 7/8, 70¼, 3/8. **Calico Printers**—12/6, 41/2d. **Canadian Pacific**—12 9/16, 11/16, 1/4, 3/4. **Carreras**—8¼, 7/32, 5/32, 1/8. **Courtaulds**—41/2, 2-, 1/2d., 3d., *1/10d. **Crown Mines**—8 29/32, 15/16, 91/32, 1/32. **Cunard Ord.**—7/16, 3d. **"Daily Mail" Trust**—14 3/4, 2/10½, 3d., 7/12d. **"Daily Mirror" Ord.**—13/6, 7/12d. **Dunlop Ord.**—27 41/2, *6d., 1/2d., 3d., *7/-, *6/6. **Dunlop Plantations** (x.d.)—25/-, 1/2d., 3d., *4/9. **East Asiatic Rubber**—2/12, 1/4. **Electric and Musical Ord.**—14 7/12, 10/2d., 9d.; **do. Pref.**—22/4½, 6d. **Ford Motors**—23/-, 6d., 41/2d., 1/2d., 3d. **Gallaher Ord.**—48/6, 9d. **General Electric**—42/-, 1/6, 10/2d., *7/2d. 9d. **General Electric Debs.**—106¼. **Grand Central Rubber**—14/-, 13/9, 7/12d. **Great Western Rail**—53, 1/2, 3/8, 1/4, 1/2d. **Great Western 5 p.c. Pref.**—105⅝, 6¼, 1/2, 5/16, 3/8, 1/2. **Greg 4 Refugee**—38, 1/2. **Guinness Ord.**—£5 4/-, 5/16, £5 2/6, 3/8. **Harland and Wolff Pref.**—4/-, 5/10½. **Harrods Ord.**—67/6, 5/-, 7½d. **Highlands Rubber**—22/-, 6d. *2/-. **Hudson's Bay Ord.**—21/-, 41/2d., 1/2d. **Imperial Airways**—33 10½, 5d., 3d., 7½d. *5d., 3d. *4½d., 41/2d., 9d. *6d. **Imperial Chemical Ord.**—30/6, 7½d. *8d., 3d. *4½d., 41/2d., 9d. *6d. **Imperial Chemical Pref.**—8/6, 41/2d., 3d., 1/2d. **Imperial Tobacco**—£5 11/-, £5 11, 41/2d., 5/16, 1/8. **International Holdings**—12 13/32, 1/8. **International Nickel** (Colls.)—90½, 3/8, 5/16, 3/8. **L.P.T.B. 5 p.c. "A"**—124 7/8, 3/4, 1/4; **ditto 4½ per cent. "A"**—116, 18, 3/4, 1/2; **ditto 5 per cent. "B"**—111 1/4, 3/8, 1/2. **Lever 7 p.c. Pref.**—*28/9, 9d., 10½d. 3/8, 1/4. **do. "C"**—*80, 1/2d. **Lever 7 p.c. Pref.**—*28/9, 9d., 10½d. 3/8, 1/4. **do. "C"**—*80, 1/2d. **London, Midland and Scottish Ord.**—10 1/2, 3/8, 1/4, 1/2d. **London and N.E. Pref.-Ord.**—91 5/16, 3/4, 7/8, 1/4, 1/2. **London Lyons (J.) and Co. Ord.** (x.d.)—61 3/2, 5/16. **Marconi Marine**—3 1/2, 3d. **Peruvian Corporation Pref.**—7, 1/2. **Phillips (Godfrey) Ord.**—23/3, 1/2d. **P. and O. 5 p.c. Def.**—18, 17/6, 7½d., 9d., 3d., 41/2d. **Provincial Cinema Theatres**—24/-, 1/2d. **Roan Antelope**—*23/12, 7½d., 10½d., 6/-, 1½d., 3d. **Rubber Trust**—*25/7½, *9d., 7½d., 10½d., 6/-, 1½d., 3d. **Southern Rail Pref.-Ord.**—63¾, 1/4, *¾, 3/8, 1/2. **Southern Rail Def.-Ord.**—13¾, 5/8, 3/4, 1/2, 3/8, 1/4, 1/2, 1/8, 1/4, 19. **"Sunday Pictorial" Ord.**—40/9, 3d., 6d., 1/-. **"Sunday Match" B"**—9/7½, 6d. **Swedish Match 4½ p.c.**—92, 1/2, 3/8, 1/2. **Tobacco Securities Ord.**—55/9, 4 4/2, *2/6, 3/12½. **Tobacco Securities Def.**—34/-, *7/6, 9/-, 41/2d. **United Dairies**—53/-, 11/2d., 3d., 41/2d. **Unilever Ord.**—25 1/2, 1/4, 3/8, 1/2, 5/8, 3/4, 13/16, 7/8, 15/16, 1, 1/16, 1/8, 3/16, 1/4, 5/16, 3/8, 7/16, 1/2, 9/16, 5/8, 11/16, 3/4, 13/16, 7/8, 15/16, *1, 1/16, 1/8, 3/16, 1/4, 5/16, 3/8, 7/16, 1/2, 9/16, 5/8, 11/16, 3/4, 13/16, 7/8, 15/16, 2, 1/16, 1/8, 3/16, 1/4, 5/16, 3/8, 7/16, 1/2, 9/16, 5/8, 11/16, 3/4, 13/16, 7/8, 15/16, 3, 1/16, 1/8, 3/16, 1/4, 5/16, 3/8, 7/16, 1/2, 9/16, 5/8, 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(*Exceptional bargain at special price.)

PROVINCIAL MARKETS.

BANAGHER—A large fair of cattle and sheep. Numerous buyers, and lively business in all sections at improved rates. Conditioned stores and 14-year-old white-heads were in keen demand at prices from £27 to 30/- better than last September rates. Calves, £7 per cwt. Springers were sold at last month's prices, but wether hoggets, 35/- to 50/-. Average prices—Weanlings 55/- to £7. 2-year-olds £4 15/- to £6, 14-year-olds £6 to £8. 3-year-old beef heifers, 1st class, £12 10/-, 2nd class £10 to £11. 3-year-old bullocks 1st class, £10 to £11 10/-, 2nd class £9 10/- to £11 to £12 10/-; milchers £9 to £10 10/-, suck cows 15/- to 25/- each; fat wether hoggets 35/- to 42/6; ewes, old 20/- to 24/-, lambs 18/- to 30/-. Young pigs went as high as 50/- each. There was a good clearance and the tone of the fair was strong throughout, especially for weanlings, 12-year-olds and 14-year-olds.

MARKETS AT A GLANCE.

Wednesday Night.

STOCKS AND SHARES:

London weak.

Dublin idle.

Manchester Textiles weaker.

Birmingham Motors firm.

New York steady.

MONEY:

Bank of England Rate	2	p.c.
Last Year	2	p.c.
Irish Banks' Rate	3	p.c.
London Day-to-Day Loans	½	p.c.
London Fine 3-Months' Bills	1 7/16	p.c.

THE INDUSTRIAL MARKET.

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENTS MAINTAINED.

Little disposition was seen to extend commitments in the Industrial Market yesterday. Idle conditions prevailed in most sections, and, although a few firm spots were noticeable, prices generally sagged from lack of interest.

There was little doing on this side in the trans-Atlantic counters, and after irregular price movements they finished with a rather dull appearance. Nickels closed at 20½.

Cables and Wireless reflected the general dulness, but finished unchanged on the day.

In the Electrical Equipment group a satisfactory tendency was maintained. Philips Lamp came into renewed demand and improved 1s. 3d. to 43s. 9d.

A fair amount of interest was shown in Motor and Aviation descriptions, among which Rolls-Royce were prominent, rising 1s. to 57s. 6d. Thomas Tilling, however, declined 9d. to 81s. 6d. Slightly higher prices were quoted for Austins and Fords.

In the Iron, Coal and Steel section prices mostly moved to lower levels, although it was only in a few cases that losses were of importance.

Although still firm in places, Breweries were subject to a little profit-taking. Benskins, Courage and Watney Deferred all shed a few pence. Buyers, however, continued in evidence for Ind Coope, Mitchells and Butlers, South African Breweries Ord. and Phipps Ord., the last-named closing 1s. higher at 51s. Guinness were well maintained at 104s.

Of the Distillery issues, Distillers came on offer again and slipped back a few pence to 80s. 6d.

Tobaccos remained rather undecided in their movements. Carreras "A" changed hands once at 8¾, Triumphs recovered. Humber Preference rose to 19/10½ on annual meeting.

Austins	58/6	Rileys	53/3
Bluemels	23/-	Rolls	66/6
Dennis	23/3½	Rovers	6/1½
Guys	3/6	Singers	14 10½
Humbers	10/-	Standards	44/6
Leylands	36/9	Triumphs	6/10½
Lucas	55/4½	Dunlops	37/4½

MANCHESTER.

Little support for Textiles and prices generally easier.

Bleachers, 11/-11/6	Courtaulds, 41/6-42/6
Calicos, 12/6-13/-	Dunlops, 37/-37/6
Dyers, 16/-16/6	Turner & Newall, 35/-
Cottons, 42/6-43/6	35/3
Spinners, 14/3-14/9	Wall Paper Def., 51/6-
"Slubbers," 5/9-6/3	52/-
Coats, 61/6-62/-	A. & S. Henry, 11/9-12/-

INSURANCE SHARES.

BUSINESS DONE IN LONDON.—Alliance, 24¾; Atlas, 12 3/16, £12 4/3; Commercial Union, 21¼, 5/16, 1/8; Eagle Star Ord., 15¾; Employers', 57/-, 3d., 6/6; General Accident, 15⅞, 7/8, 16, £15 19/-; Guardian, 13¼; London and Lancashire Fire, £27 6/6. London Assurance, 11 9/16, £11 8/3; North British and Mercantile, 35⅛; Northern, 16 9/16, 7/8, 1/2; Phœnix (x.d.), 13⅜; do. £1 (fully paid) (x.d.), 14¾; Prudential, 30 5/16, 1/8, 7/8, 1, 1/16; do. "B" £1 (4/- paid), 77/-, 6¼d., 1/2d., 6d.; Royal Exchange, 77 1/16, 5/16; Royal Insurance, 71½, 7/8; Sun Insurance (x.d.), 78/-; Sun Life, 57/6, £5 17/-; Yorkshire, 75/6.

BUSINESS DONE IN LIVERPOOL.—Alliance Assurance, 24 13/16; Atlas Assurance, 12¾; Caledonian Insurance, £18 19/11½, 19¼, 3/8; Commercial Union Assurance, 21 5/16, 1/4, 3/16; Federated Employers' Insurance Association, 28/3; General Accident, Fire and Life Assurance, 16 1/16; London and Lancashire Insurance, 27⅜, 1/4; North British and Mercantile Insurance, £35 6/9, 5d., 4/5; Prudential Assurance "B" Shares, 77/9, 8/-; Royal Insurance Co., 149/-, 8/9, 11½d.; Sea Insurance, 87/-; Sun Insurance Office (x.d.), 77/9; Yorkshire Insurance, 7 9/16.

PRICES OF RECENT ISSUES.

Conversion 2½ p.c. "A"	1½ dis.
Dundee 3½ p.c.	½ prem.
Grosvenor House New Deb.	2½ dis.
India 3½ p.c. (54-59)	2½ dis.
Manchester 3 p.c.	½ dis.
Metropolitan Electric, New	½ dis.
New Zealand 3½ p.c.	11/6-12/- prem.
N. Eastern Electric 3½ p.c. Deb.	½ prem.
South Africa 3½ p.c.	½ prem.
South Rhodesia 3½ p.c.	½ prem.

IRISH RAILWAY RECEIPT.

	Last Week.	Total, 47 Weeks.
Northern Cos.	£3,557-350	£273,717-85,119

LATEST CLOSING AND STREET PRICES.

BRITISH FUNDS, ETC.

	Closing.	Rise or fall
Consols 2½ %	73 7/8	74 1/8	–1/16
Do. 4 %	103½	103⅝	–1/16
3½ % War Loan	103½	103⅝	–1/16
Funding Loan	110½	110⅝	–1/16
Victory Bonds	110⅝	110⅝	–1/16
3% Conversion Loan	103½	103⅝	–1/16
3½% Conversion Loan	99⅝	99⅞	–1/16
4½% Conversion Loan	106 15/16	107 1/16	–1/16
5% Conversion Loan	106⅞	106¾	–1/16
2½ % Conversion Loan	116⅜	116⅝	–1/16
Irish Free State 4½% Land Bonds	77	79	.....
India 3 %	107½	108½	.....
Do. 3½ %	77	78	–1/4
Do. 4½ %	84¾	85¼	.....
Do. 5½ %	107⅜	108⅜	.....
Local Loans	106½	107¼	.....
Sudan 5½ %	98¾	99	–1/8
	113	113*	.....

PUBLIC BOARDS STOCKS.

Cent. El. Bd. 4% 1958-89	103	103	.....
Do. 5% 1950-70	113	113	.....
Do. 4½ % 1951-73	107	108	.....
Do. 4% 1955-75	114	115	.....
Do. 4½% 1957-87	108½	110½	.....
Metro. Water 3 p.c. (a)	87	89	.....

DOMINION AND COLONIAL STOCKS.

Australian Com. 5 p.c. 1931-45	102	102½	.....
Do. do. 5 p.c. 1945-75	110¼	110⅝	.....
Do. do. 4 p.c. 1945-68	101	103	.....
British Columbia 4½ p.c., 1941	97	101	.....
Canada 4 p.c., 1940-60	102	103	–1
Do. 4 p.c. 1953-58	104	106	.....
Cape 3½ p.c. Cons.	100	102	.....
Ceylon 6 p.c.	107	109	.....
N.S.W. 5 p.c., 1945-65	108¼	108¾	.....
Do. 4 p.c., 1942-62	103	105

IMPORTANT NOTICE
TO
FARMERS & PIG FEEDERS

Prices per cwt. until further notice:
Delivered in Our Factory.
Dead Selection, Lean.

cwt.	qrs.	lbs.		cwt.	qrs.	lbs.
1	0	14	to	1	2	14

53/- per cwt.

Prime.

cwt.	qrs.	lbs.		cwt.	qrs.	lbs.
1	0	14	to	1	2	14

46/- per cwt.

Overweight and Unfinished.

cwt.	qrs.	lbs.		cwt.
1	0	14	to	2

38/- per cwt.

HENRY DENNY & SONS LTD.
WATERFORD

When you go home—travel Cunard

NEXT SAILING:
COBH
NEW YORK—BOSTON
LACONIA DEC. 10
LATER SAILINGS:
*FRANCONIA Dec. 16.
SCYTHIA ... Dec. 24 CARINTHIA Jan. 21
SCYTHIA Feb. 18.
*Not calling Boston.
BELFAST—HALIFAX, N.S.—NEW YORK
ANTONIA Jan. 6 ANTONIA Mar. 3
ANTONIA Feb. 3 ANTONIA Mar. 31
Apply Cunard Line Offices, Dublin, Cobh, Belfast, or Cunard agents in your district.

CONTRACTS.

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.

The Corporation of Dublin invites Tenders for the Construction and Erection of a Steel Footbridge and Covered Way across the Grand Canal at Basin Lane.

Specification, drawings, etc., can be inspected without fee at the office of the City Engineer, 28 Castle street, and copies thereof obtained on and after Friday 1st proximo, on application to the City Treasurer, Exchange Buildings, Lord Edward street, Dublin, on deposit with him of a fee of 5/-, which will not be returned.

Tenders, sealed and endorsed "Tender for Bridge across Grand Canal," should be addressed to the City Manager and Town Clerk, 29 Castle street, Dublin, and delivered before noon on the 15th December, 1933.

GERALD J. SHERLOCK,
City Manager and Town Clerk.
City Hall, Dublin, 30th November, 1933.

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.

The Corporation of Dublin invite Tenders for the SUPPLY and DELIVERY of a MOTOR AMBULANCE for the use of the Fire Brigade. Specification and conditions of Contract can be obtained on application to the Waterworks Section, 28 Castle street, Dublin.

Tenders, enclosed on cover: "Tender for Motor Ambulance," should be addressed to the City Manager, Waterworks Section, 28 Castle street, Dublin, and should be received not later than noon on Wednesday, 13th December, 1933.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

By Order,
GERALD J. SHERLOCK,
City Manager and Town Clerk.
City Hall, Dublin, 30th November, 1933.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

COMHLUCHT SIUICRE EIREANN, TEO.

Tenders will be received, not later than Wednesday, 13th December, 1933, for the construction of portion of the Company's Factory Buildings at Thurles and Mallow, as follows:—

(a) WORKSHOP, Mainly Steel and Corrugated Iron. Dimensions: 150 ft. x 50 ft. x 17 ft.

(b) STORE, Mainly Steel and Corrugated Iron. Dimensions: 150 ft. x 30 ft. x 17 ft.

Detailed Specifications and Plans may be inspected at the Offices of the Company between 9.30 and 5.30 p.m. on Friday, Saturday and Monday, 1st, 2nd and 4th of December.

Tenders will be considered for the Erection of one or more Workshops and/or Stores.

Tenders to be addressed to:
THE SECRETARY, Comhlucht Siuicre Eireann, Teo., 38 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.

LOUGHS COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH AND PUBLIC ASSISTANCE.

TENDERS FOR PORTARLINGTON WATERWORKS SCHEME.

Tenders are invited from experienced Public Works Contractors for the Installation of a complete Water Supply Scheme for the town of Portarlington in accordance with the Plans and Specification prepared by Mr. Nicholas O'Dwyer, B.E., M.I.C.E., M.Inst.W.E., Veritas House, Lower Leeson street, Dublin.

Conditions of Contract may be inspected at my office at the Engineer's office in Dublin during working hours.

Specification, Schedule of Quantities, Form of Tender may be obtained at either of the above offices on payment of a deposit of £5, which will be refunded to Contractors who submit a bona fide Tender not subsequently withdrawn and return the Contract Documents.

Tender, accompanied by the Schedule of Prices fully priced, must be enclosed in a envelope, endorsed "Tender for Portarlington Waterworks," and addressed to the Secretary, Loughs County Board of Health and Public Assistance, Secretary's Office, District Hospital, Abbeyleix, and delivered not later than 10 a.m. on Tuesday, 12th December, 1933.

The Board will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender, and should any Tender be accepted, it will be accepted subject to sanction of the Minister for Local Government and Public Health.

T. REILLY, Secretary.
Secretary's Office, District Hospital, Abbeyleix, 28th November, 1933.

DUBLIN BOARD OF HEALTH.

KILMACUD WATER SUPPLY.

TO CONTRACTORS.

At its Meeting to be held on Tuesday, December 19th, 1933, the Dublin Board of Public Health will consider Tenders for the laying of:—

1,800 yards of 6" and 800 yards lineal of 4" Cast Iron Water Main, complete with Sluice Valves, Hydrants, etc.,

at Sweet Briar lane, Dundrum, and Kilmacud Road, Stillorgan, in accordance with the plan and specification prepared by Mr. T. B. Byrne, B.A., B.A.I., Engineer to the Board, 15 Parnell square, Dublin.

Plan and Specification may be inspected at the office of the Engineer to the Board, and Schedules of Quantities and Forms of Tender may be obtained on deposit of £5 5s. Od., returnable on receipt of a bona fide Tender not subsequently withdrawn.

Sealed and endorsed Tenders, addressed to the Presiding Chairman, upon the prescribed Form and accompanied by priced Schedule of Quantities, will be received by the undersigned up to 11 a.m. on December 19th, 1933.

Solvent security in two persons, or the bond of approved Insurance Company, for the due performance of the work will be required.

The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order,
PATRICK J. MURPHY,
Secretary to the Board.
Offices: 11 Parnell square Dublin,
Dated: November 30th, 1933.

THREATENED CLOSING OF CINEMAS.

Representatives of the Irish Free State film-renters met officials of the Free State Department of Industry and Commerce yesterday in connection with the threatened dispute in the industry, which may close the cinemas.

It is understood that the Dublin representatives gave their reasons for turning down the Ministry's invitation to their association to meet the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union in conference.

No approach has been made to the union as a result of the conference, and the position remains unaltered.

FOOD AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Glasgow—Best quality Bullocks and Heifers met keen demand, and others easier sold, all classes Sheep in request. Edinburgh—Large show Irish Stores and fair demand. Rubber dearer. Tin and Copper easier. Wheat dull.

CATTLE.

GLASGOW.—380 home-fed animals offered, which included lots of outstanding quality, bullocks and heifers. These met keen demand; other classes also easier sold. Top quality handyweights, extreme 52/6, current 44/- to 48/-, secondary 38/- live cwt. 13,000 sheep offered. All classes in request at last week's rates. Down lambs to 45/-, crosses 43/- half-breds 40/-, half-bred ewes 36/-, Cheviots 30/-, blackfaced 38/-.

DONNELLY, LTD., DUBLIN.

Pigs under 5 stone ... 60/- per cwt., dead-weight.
" " 6 " ... 56/- " "
" " 7 " ... 52/- " "
" " 8 " ... 50/- " "
" " 9 " ... 48/- " "
" " 10 " ... 46/- " "
" " 11 " ... 45/- " "
" " 13 " ... 44/- " "
" " 14 " ... 43/- " "
" " 15 " ... 40/- " "
" " 16 " ... 38/- " "
Sows and Heavy Pigs .. 35/- " "
All subject to our terms of buying.
No Porkers accepted on Thursday.
No part of Ireland is too distant to send your Pigs to Donnelly's.—(Advt.)

EDINBURGH.—Large show of Irish store cattle, which met with a fair demand. Black-polled bullocks sold to £18, coloured polled bullocks to £17 10/-, stirks to £14, black-polled calves to £8. Milch cows were a sharper trade; best sold to £28-10/-.

WAKEFIELD.—Best English cattle 7d. to 7½d. lb., secondary quality 6½d.; fat cows and bulls 5½d. to 6d.; best small hogg sheep 10½d. to 11d., medium 10d., large 9d.; ewes 5/- to 6d., tups 3d., lambs 11d. Cattle, 56; sheep, 205.

Send your Pigs to **COSGRAVE, RANELAGH.** Highest Current Prices Paid. —(Advt.)

GRAIN.

FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES (BALTIC).—WHEAT—Cargo market opened dull, and prices easier, in sympathy with lower overnight Winnipeg cables. Later the tone was steadier on reports that the Argentine Government has created a Regulating Grain Board to purchase at officially fixed prices and sell to exporters at international values—official basis on waggon at dock. Wheat 5 dollars 75 cents, maize 4 dollars 40 cents, and linseed 11 dollars 50 cents, subject to periodical alterations. Meanwhile, Plate descriptions were not offered by shippers. Canadian grades marked a drop of 6d. per quarter, and Pacific kinds 3d., with Australian sorts 3d. to 4½d. lower. No. 1 Northern Manitoba Vancouver shipment December sellers 24/9, Pacific half soft half western white new crop December-January 21/-. South Australian bags part cargo old crop afloat 22/6, new crop December-January 22/10½, January-February 23/-. West Australian new crops December 22/10½, South Australian and/or Victorian bags December 20th 22/10½, New South Wales new crop December 28th 22/10½, February 23/-. Parcels quiet and generally lower to sell. MAIZE—Cargoes and parcels not definitely offered by shippers, and prices quite nominal pending further news from Argentina regarding stabilisation measures. Late Tuesday steamer 4,800 tons Plate 5th-20th January sold at 16/3. To-day parcels of Plate sailing 22nd December sold 16/9 per quarter of 480lb. c.i.f. BARLEY—Dull, and values for Canadian grades declined 3d. per quarter, but other sorts unaltered. Parcels of No. 3 Canadian Western Vancouver January sellers 15/4½. Plate 64-65 kilos old crop December 13/6, ditto new crop January-February 13/6. OATS—Slow, but Plate descriptions 1½d. per quarter dearer, with European kinds unchanged. Plate f.a.q. quality afloat sellers 11/4½, new crop 34-35lb. January February also February-March 10/10½. Danubian 35-36lb. December 10/3, Russian on sample December 10/3 to 11/- per quarter of 320lb. c.i.f.

MARK LANE CORN.—The mid-weekly market was thinly attended and trading restricted; prices easier for breadstuffs, but feeders firm to dearer. WHEAT easier. No. 1 Northern Manitoba (Vancouver) ex ship 26/6, Atlantic 26/9, No. 2 Vancouver 25/3, Atlantic 26/-, No. 3 Vancouver 24/6, No. 4 Manitoba 24/3, No. 5 do. 22/9, Australian 24/6 to 25/-, German 20/-, Hungarian 21/3 to 22/- duty paid per 496lb. English new 19/- to 21/- per quarter of 504lb. ex farm. FLOUR quiet of sale. London straight run 22/6 per sack for country deliveries and 21/6 London area. Country straights 16/6 to 17/6 ex store. Of imported Manitoba patents 22/- to 24/-, Australian do. 17/6 to 18/6, French 14/6 to 15/- ex store per 280lb., excluding quota payment of 4/6 per sack. MAIZE firmer on reports that the Argentine Government proposes to stabilise advices on a higher level. Plate landed 20/3, ex ship 19/3, 18/3 as to position. Forward positions nominally 18/3 to January-February per 480lb. Yellow maize meal £5 7/6 to £5 10/- per ton ex wharf London. BARLEY steady. Danubian landed 13/9, ex ship 14/9, Australian landed 16/-, No. 3 Canadian-Western (Vancouver) ex ship 16/9 per 400lb., Californian ex ship on sample 29/- to 40/-, Australian Chevalier December-January 27/-, Chilean 23/- to 29/- per quarter of 448lb., English new malting 30/- to 50/- per quarter of 448lb. ex farm. OATS quiet. Plate landed 15/6, ex ship 14/6, Chilean white landed 18/- to 18/6, do tawny 16/6, No. 2 Canadian-Western (Vancouver) landed 17/-, ex ship 16/-, No. 3 do. landed 16/-, English new 16/- to 18/- per quarter of 336lb. ex farm. MILLERS' WHEATFEED steady, with a good trade passing. Broad digestive bran 5/9 to 5/10, middlings 5/4 to 5/9, as to quality; ground oats 6/3 to 6/7 ex mill per cwt.

LIVERPOOL.—This market has been chiefly under the influence of a decree issued by the Argentine Government, stating that from yesterday a committee named has power to fix minimum prices and sell to exporters at international prices. Forward deliveries of wheat here after showing a moderate decline at the outset, owing to weak Winnipeg and better sterling exchange rates, moved upwards on shorts covering and good buying until a considerable advance had been realised. Then prices receded and fluctuated fairly, finishing under best, though marking a liberal gain on the day. C.i.f. parcels of No. 1 Manitoba afloat sold at 24/6, No. 2 December 21st 23/8, No. 3 Manitoba (Vancouver) afloat 22/6, No. 4 22/3, and Hungarian March-April 17/7½ to 17/9, the latter to Manchester. C.i.f. parcels of maize, River Plate, 6d. dearer, about due sold at 18/4½, December 16/3 to 16/7½, January 16/4½ to 16/6, Russian white December-January 18/4½, yellow November-December 16/9 per quarter. WHEAT on the spot firm and 1d. per cental dearer. MAIZE—Spot parcels of River Plate firm and dearer at 4/2½ to 4/3 per cental. FLOUR more firmly held. Graded wheat futures opened 3d. to 4d. per cental lower, but quickly improved, and 1½d. to 1⅝d. advance was afterwards realised, then lost 3d. of advance; later improved, fluctuated moderately, closing firm at 1d. to 1¼d. higher on the day. Values:—December 4/4, March 4/7⅜, May 4/9⅛ per cental. Sales 300 loads.

PROVISIONS.

LIVERPOOL.—BACON—Continental again freely offered, though with rather more inquiry holders are somewhat steadier; but purchases can still be made at liberal concessions from official quotations. Irish, American and Canadian unchanged. HAMS firm at fully late rates. Shoulders scarce and nominal. LARD on the spot 9d. to 1/- lower. Prime steam now 27/3 to 28/3. American refined 29/- to 31/- per cwt., with a moderate demand for the latter. CHEESE quiet, and New Zealand coloured 1/- lower at 41/- to 51/- per cwt. BUTTER remains quiet, and again partially lower. EGGS quiet, and Northern Irish easier; specials now 20/- to 20/6, standards 18/3 to 18/6, selected 16/3 to 16/6 per 120.

SMITHFIELD POULTRY AND GAME.—Market generally steady. Quotations:—Surrey chicken 9d. to 1/3, country 8d. to 1/-, Irish 9d. to 1/-, duck 11d. to 1/2, Hungarian 9d. to 11d.; English hens, old 5½d. to 7½d., country ducklings 9d. to 11d., English goslings 7½d. to 8½d., Argentine turkeys 9d. to 11d., Central European 6d. to 9d., Irish 9d. to 1/3 per lb. Partridges, best young 2/9 to 3/-, seconds 1/6 to 1/9, old 1/- to 1/1; pheasants, best 2/6 to 2/9, seconds 1/6 to 2/-; hares 1/6 to 2/-, leverets 1/- to 1/3; pigeons, Bristols 10d. to 1/4, Bordeaux 1/3 to 2/6 each. Eggs, English ordinary packing, grade 1, about 15 to 15½ lbs. 18/3 to 19/-; grade 2, about 14 to 14½ lbs. 15/- to 15/9 per 120.

LONDON CENTRAL MEAT.—Supplies to market—2,018 tons, being 575 tons British and Irish produce and 1,443 tons imported. Fair demand for fresh beef and pork. BEEF (national mark prices)—English long sides, select 4/- to 4/4, ditto prime 3/10 to 4/-, ditto good 3/8. General prices (including national mark)—English long sides 3/8 to 4/4, ditto hindquarters, forerib and flank, 3/10 to 4/6. Irish long sides 3/6 to 4/-, ditto Birkenhead-killed sides 3/8 to 4/2. PORK—English, under 10 stone 5/8 to 6/8, ditto 10 to 15 stone 5/4 to 6/-, ditto 15 to 20 stone 4/4 to 5/2, ditto over 20 stone 4/4 to 4/-; Irish, 15 stone and under 5/- to 6/4, ditto heavy 4/4 to 4/8.

CORK BUTTER.—Creameries, 5cwt. lots and upwards, 136/- cwt.; smaller quantities, 140/- cwt.

DUBLIN VEGETABLE.—Usual small mid-week supply met a fair sale, except swedes and mangolds which continue slow and cheaper. Yorks, 25/- to 45/-, large loads, small 10/- to 15/-; Savoy, large, 35/- to 50/-, small 20/- to 26/-; swedes, best, 1/- cwt, inferior 9d. to 10d.; mangolds, 10d.; sprouts, 1/6 to 2/- chip; apples 14/- to 26/- barrel; celery, 2/- bunch; carrots, 2/- to 4/- bag; turnips, 3d. to 6d. bunch.

DUBLIN POTATO.—Trade slow, with supplies in excess of all requirements at 3/6 to 3/9 per cwt., best table lots.

DUBLIN FISH.—Moderate supplies included 168 boxes mixed catch from 2 steam trawlers, 6 chests lobster, 110 boxes herrings, and a moderate supply from country and local senders. Sales fairly well supported at—Lobsters, 12/6 to 20/- per 13 large, smaller 6/- to 10/-; soles, 20/- to 25/- per 9 pairs large, medium 10/- to 15/-; slips, 5/- to 6/-; turbot, 1/- to 8/- each; brill, 6d. to 2/-; herrings, 7/- to 15/- box; pollock, 10/- to 15/- half box; cod, 15/- to 30/-; whiting 8/- to 25/-; ray, 12/- to 25/-; haddock, 12/- to 25/-; conger eels, 6/- to 20/-.

BILLINGSGATE FISH.—Soles, 10d. to 14d.; slips, 8d. to 12d.; red mullet, 12d. to 15d. per lb.; live eels, 13/- to 23/-, dead 10/- to 19/- per draught; turbot, 6/- to 9/-; brill, 7/- to 9/-; plaice, 6/- to 13/-; halibut, 6/- to 14/-; lemon soles, 8/- to 14/-; whiting, 2/- to 3/6; hake, 9/- to 12/-; haddocks, 3/- to 5/6; skate wings, 3/6 to 5/- per stone.

PRODUCE.

LONDON.—SUGAR market quiet unaltered. Fair deliveries of contract quantities. Foreign 96 p.c. November-December to the U.K. sellers 4/7½ c.i.f. Terminal quiet and easier. U.S.A. Atlantic meltings last week 38,000 tons, against 33,180 same time last year. COCOA dull and prices weak. Accra G/F. January-March sellers 17/3, 60 kilos c.i.f., and "A" clause to London at 18/3 ex wharf, Liverpool 17/9 ex quay, both per cwt. Terminal—150 tons sold: January 17/9 to 17/7½, March 18th, May 18/5, July 18/7½, September 19/1½ to 18/10½, October 19/-, per cwt. RUBBER—Undertone firmer, with sustained absorption by the trade the chief feature. Standard sheet spot and December sold 4/3⅜d., to 4/3⅝d., January-March 4/3⅝d. to 4/3⅞d., April-June 4/3⅞d. to 4/4⅛d. and 4/3⅝d., July-September 4/7⅜d. to 4/7⅝d. Standard crepe spot sold 4/4⅛d. to 4/3⅝d. per lb. JUTE market steadier, sellers during early hours showing more reserve, but closing tone proved quiet. There was no fresh development to note in the general situation. Basis November-December to Continent sold £14 5/-, December-January sellers £14 7/6, January-February £14 11/3, February-March £14 13/9, Lightnings December-January sellers £13 5/-, Hearts £12 7/6, Daisee £12 12/6, Tosas quoted £13 7/6 sold 13/9, Calcutta 10/3. Moderate sales. T.N. spot 60/- to 65/-, December sold 58/- to 60/-, March 58/- to 58/6, December-January c.i.f. sellers 53/- per cwt. TEA—Indian auctions amounted to 24,445 packages. The market in the main was very much the same as on Monday last. On the eve of the result of the quota being known, sellers resisted any drop in prices, and this culminated in a large quantity being withdrawn. Fannings appeared to be well competed for. Pekoe sold 11d. to 1/2, Broken 10d. to 1/8, Orange 11d. to 1/3, Broken Orange 11¼d. to 1/10, Fannings 11d. to 1/7½ per lb. OILSEEDS—Linseed market firmer following higher options, and Plate offers withdrawn owing to Argentine price stabilisation measures. Calcutta loading January-February £11 8/9, January-February £11 10/-. Rapeseed quiet. Cottonseed dull. Egyptian black to Hull December £4 6/3, January £4 7/6, February £4 8/9, March £4 10/-, April £4 11/3, white December £4 9/6, January £4 10/9, February £4 5/-, March £4 6/3, April £4 7/6. OILS—Linseed firmer on the seed position and higher Argentine options. Spot sellers 20/9, small quantities at 1/6 per cwt. extra. December 19/4½, January-April 19/10½. May-August 20/-. Spot quiet. Rape nominally idle. Crude spot 27/-, refined 28/6, Japanese crude drums December-January 24/3, refined 25/3. Cotton steady. Crude Egyptian spot 14/6, common edible 17/6, deodorised 19/-. Turpentine easier American spot 42/6 per cwt.

TALLOW—Public auctions of Australasian remain in abeyance owing to lack of suitable material. Privately the market continued quiet on the spot and without chance in values, while for shipment sellers' and buyers' ideas are usually too far apart to permit of business. Quotations: Mutton fine 24/6 to 25/-, good 23/- to 23/6, fair 21/- to 21/6, beef fine 22/6 to 23/6, good 21/6 to 22/-, fair 20/- to 20/6, mixed good 21/6, fair 20/- to 20/6 gut 18/- to 20/- per cwt. Arrivals during the week totalled 308 casks.

LIVERPOOL.—CANE SUGAR remains steady, with sellers November-December shipments c.i.f. U.K. at 4/10½ per cwt. No change recorded in the quotations for refined descriptions. The following are Tate and Lyle's quotations:—Crystals—Ones, 20/9. Granulated — Standard, 18/4½. Yellows—Thirds, 18/-, ex refinery Liverpool, less 1½ per cent. discount. COCOA—West African on spot continues idle and neglected by buyers. Forward shipments quiet, sellers offering new crop "A" clause November-January, December-February at 17/9, buyers 17/6, and sellers Lagos f.a.q. same shipments 17/3, buyers 16/9 per cwt. ex quay terms Liverpool. JAPANESE PEAS on spot steady at £18 10/-, with new crop October-November £14 12/6 and November-December shipments £14 2/6 per ton c.i.f. RICE BRAN in quiet demand, but unchanged at 60/- per ton February-April shipments ex ship terms. OIL CAKES — Imported brands attracting moderate notice, with linseed quoted £6 7/6 American c.i.f. and £7 5/- River Plate c.i.f. December-January shipment. Egyptian cotton cake limited enquiry. Quoted ex-November-December shipments £3 10/- repeated ex ship terms. PALM KERNELS quiet and barely steady. Sellers November-December and December-January shipments £7 18/9, and buyers 2/6 per ton less. Sales—December-January £7 17/6 per ton. TALLOW very quiet. South American forward shipments 20/- to 20/6 quoted c.i.f., and Australian good colour mixed forward arrival parcels 20/- to 20/6 per cwt. c.i.f.

LONDON METALS MARKET.

TIN AND COPPER LOWER.

TIN—Eastern cables were easier, and here the market opened dull features, and prices exhibited slight irregularity and weakness. On balance official quotations were 2/6 per ton lower for cash, but forward unaltered. Standard cash quoted £225 10/- to £225 12/6, three months £225 12/6 to £225 15/-; settlement price £225 10/-. Sales amounted to 175 tons; cash at £225 7/6, £225 15/- and £225 10/-, three months £225 10/-, £225 17/6 and £225 15/-. English ingots quoted £226 10/-. Business was reported in the East on the basis of £225 5/- c.i.f. COPPER market easier on liberal offerings, but tone improving, as buyers were well in evidence. On balance official quotations were reduced by 11/3 per ton both cash and forward. Standard cash quoted £29 11/3 to £29 12/6, three months £29 15/- to £29 16/3; settlement price £29 12/6. 1,300 tons changed hands; cash at £29 11/3 to £29 13/9, three months £29 15/- to £29 17/6. Electrols quoted £32 15/- to £33 15/-, wire bars £33 15/-; best selected £32 £5/- to £33 10/-. LEAD in fair support and market fairly steady. 400 tons sold; good soft foreign pig Nov. and Dec. £11 2/3, Feb. £11 15/-, March £11 17/6; settlement price £11 10/-. English quoted £13. SPELTER slightly easier, but a fair business transpired. 500 tons sold; Dec. £14 15/-, Feb. £14 18/9 to £15; settlement price £14 15/-. ANTIMONY quiet. English regulus spot £37. Chinese do. spot £26 10/-, Nov.-Dec. £22 and trade do. £17 10/- per ton c.i.f. Copper sheets lower at £42 per ton f.o.b. SECOND SESSION.—Tin quiet, 25 tons sold; cash quoted £225 12/6, three months sellers £225 17/6, 15th Dec. sold £225 15/-. Copper hardly steady, 350 tons sold; cash buyers £29 12/6, three months sold £29 15/- to £29 16/3. Lead about steady, 300 tons sold; good soft foreign pig Dec. £11 11/3, March £11 16/3. Spelter idle and unaltered.

* Asked; † Ex div.; ‡ Ex interest; § Ex rights.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Eng. equiv.	Stocks.	Closing Bid Wed.	Tues.
	Bell Telephone Co. of Canada	112	110½
	Brazilian T.L. and P. Co., Ltd.	11¾	11⅝
	British Columbia Power "A"	21½	22
	Do. "B"	4¼	4½
	Can. Car and Foundry Co.	4	4
	Do. Preferred	9¾	9¼
	Canadian Celanese Com.	18	18
	Do. Do. Pref.	102	102
	Canada Cement Co.	51	52
	Do. Preferred	23	25
	Canadian Pacific Railway	12⅞	12⅞
	Canada Steamship Preferred	2	2
	Corchard Plow Co.	7	7
	Con. Mining and Smelting	134½	131
	Dominion Bridge Co., Ltd.	22	23½
	Dominion Glass Co., Ltd.	78	78
	Dominion Textiles Co.	62½	63
	Hollinger Cons. Gold Mines	10⅝	10⅝
	Inter. Nickel of Canada	21¼	21¼
	Massey Harris Co.	4⅝	4¾
	Montreal Light, Heat	32⅜	32⅜
	Do. Debs.	44¾	44¾
	National Breweries, Ltd.	24⅜	23⅝
	National Steel Car Corp.	11¼	11⅞
	Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.	188	188
	Power Corporation of Canada	⅛	⅛
	Quebec Power Corporation	15¼	15½
	Shawinigan Water	16½	14⅝
	Southern Canada Power	10	8
	Steel Co. of Canada	27½	27
	Bank of Montreal	177	175
	Bank Nova Scotia	268	265
	Can. Bank Comm	133	133½
	Royal Bank of Canada	130	130
	CURB PRICES.		
	Distillers Corp. Seagrams, Ltd	19¼	18½
	Dome Mines, Ltd	33	31
	Hiram Walker Gooderham and Worts, Ltd.	39	37
	Imperial Oil, Ltd.	13¾	13½
	Imperial Tobacco Co. of Canada Ltd.	10½	10½
	International Petroleum	24½	19¾
	Lake Shore Mines, Ltd.	46½	45
	McIntyre Porcupine Mines	33	32¾
	Noranda Mines, Ltd.	33½	32¼
	Bulolo Gold	22½	23
	Can. Indus. Alcohol Com.	15¼	15
	Do. "B"	14½	14

Eng. Parity	Stocks.	Closing Bid Wed.	Tues.
	Atchison, Topeka Santa Fe	47½	46
	Do. Preferred	86½	86½
	Baltimore and Ohio	23½	22⅝
	Canadian Pacific (New Stock)	13⅝	12⅝
	Chesapeake and Ohio Com.	30	30¼
	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	4¼	4¼
	Chicago and North West	7⅛	7⅜
	Erie Shares	14½	13⅝
	Erie 1st Preferred	15	14¾
	Illinois Central	28	27
	Louisville and Nashville	44	43
	Missouri Pacific	3½	3½
	New York Central & Hudson R	34½	33½
	Norfolk and West Com.	150½	150
	Northern Pacific Com.	20	19⅛
	Pennsylvania Shares	26¼	25½
	Reading Shares	40¾	40¾
	Pacific	18½	18¼
	Southern Railway	22¼	21
	Union Pacific	108½	108½
	American Can. (New Stock)	96⅜	94⅞
	American Smelting (New Stock)	43⅝	41¼
	Anaconda Copper	14¾	14¼
	American Radiator	13½	12⅞
	American Tel. and Tel.	118⅝	118½
	Bethlehem Steel Com. Stock	33⅜	32¼
	Brazil Stab. 6½ p.c. 1957	24	24
	Consolidated Gas (New York)	37½	37⅝
	General Electric (New Stock)	19⅞	19¾
	General Motors (New)	32½	31⅝
	Inter. Mar. Marine Com. Certs.	3	3
	International Nickel	21⅝	21
	Montgomery Ward	22¼	21¼
	National Lead	133½	130
	North American Company	15	15⅛
	Radio Corporation	6⅝	6⅜
	Royal Dutch Petroleum	37½	37⅜
	Shell Transport and Trading	22	22
	Shell Union Oil	8⅜	8½
	U.S. Rubber	17⅛	16
	United States Steel Common	43⅞	42⅞
	Do. Preferred	81	80⅛
	Brazilian Traction	11¾	12
	Brit.-American Tobacco Coupon	28⅜	28⅜
	Hydro Electric	5¼	5¾
	International Pet. Canada (New)	20⅝	20⅛
	Silver Commercial Bars	43⅝	43
	BONDS.		
	U.K. 5½% Bonds, 1937	118½	118
	Do. Funding Loan 4%	114¾	114¼
	U.S. Treasury 3¾% Bds., '46-56	101⅜	101
	7% German External Loan	78	78
	Amer. S. Refining 5% '47	83½	96
	Bethlehem Steel 5% '42	96½	97⅞
	Chile Copper 5% '47	—	54

* Asked; † Ex div.; ‡ Ex interest; § Ex rights.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKETS.

WHEAT firm, 1½c. to 2½c. up.

	To-day.	Prev. day
No. 2 Amber Durum, spot	—	—
No. 2 Mixed Durum, spot	—	—
No. 1 Northern Manitoba, spot, f.o.b. New York	72⅝	70⅞
No. 2 Hard Winter, spot	95¼	93⅛
No. 2 Red Winter, spot	95¼	93⅛

MAIZE steady at 1c. rise.

	To-day	Prev. day
Western No. 2 Mixed, spot	45⅜	45½

OATS steady, 1c. higher. White clipped f.o.b. New York, 29c.

RYE firm, 1½c. higher. No. 2 spot, 49⅛.

BARLEY steady at 5c. gain. American malting c.i.f. New York No. 2, 51⅝.

FLOUR steady. Spring clears were quoted at 6.40 to 6.60.

LARD firm at 20 points rise. Prime Western steam, 5.60; Middle West, 5.45 to 5.55.

PETROLEUM steady.

Mid-Continent crude, 33 to 33.9; Baume at well, 34 cents.

Pennsylvania crude in South-West Pennsylvania pipe lines (lower price) 192 cents.

Do. (higher price), 212 cents.

COFFEE—

Closing options—	Dec.	Jan.	Mar.	May	1934 July	Sept.	Oct.
To-day	5.98	—	6.16	6.28	6.38	(5	
Prev. day	5.85	—	6.08	6.20	6.30	6.0	

SUGAR on spot closed steady and unchanged at 3.15. Futures advanced on covering and buying by commission houses due to the strength of the sterling exchange, but a set-back subsequently occurred under liquidation and renewed hedge selling. The market closed easy at 2 to 4 points loss. Approximate day's sales (futures), 15,000 tons.

Closing options—	Dec.	Jan.	Mar.	May	1934 July	Sept.	Oct.
To-day	1.15	1.18	1.23	1.30	1.35	1.40	—
Prev. day	1.17	1.22	1.26	1.32	1.37	1.42	—

TALLOW steady. Spot extra loose, 3½; spot special extra, 4⅜; spot in tierces, 3⅞.

COTTONSEED OIL—Futures steady, 1 point up to 1 down. Prime summer yellow spot unquoted. Closing options—Dec. 4.26, Jan. 4.38, March 4.60, May 4.85.

SHELLAC—T.N., 15¼.

TURPENTINE—Spot 47¼; Savannah spot, 42¼.

COTTON (New York)—Spot closed steady and 5 points higher at 10.10. Cotton (New Orleans)—Spot closed 7 points up at 9.77.

RUBBER firm. First latex thin crepe spot, 9⅞ buyers; smoked ribbed sheets spot, 8 15/16 buyers, 8 15/16 sellers.

COMMODITY EXCHANGE INC.

TIN steady at 25 to 60 points rise. Closing options—Dec. 52.75, March 53.50, May 54.00, July 54.50.

American standard COPPER steady, 5 points down to 5 up. Closing options—Dec. 6.55, Jan. 6.63, May 7.00, July 7.16.

OUTSIDE MARKETS—Straits Tin steady and unchanged. Spot and near by New York, 53.10. Future option—Dec., 53.30. Lead barely steady at 15 points fall. Spot New York, 4.15; spot East St. Louis, 4.00. Pig Iron steady. Eastern Pennsylvania, Northern 2x foundry, silicon 1.75 to 2.75, delivered New York, including freight rate 19.77; Buffalo, silicon 1.75 to 2.25, delivered Boston, including freight rate 18.50.

OUTSIDE U.S. MARKETS.

KANSAS.—Wheat firm. Spot 7c. and futures 15c. to 13¼c. up. No 2 hard winter spot, 81⅞. Closing options—Dec., 77⅜; May, 81.

ST. LOUIS.—Wheat firm, with spot 2¼c. and futures 1½c. to 1¾c. dearer. No. 2 red winter spot, 87¾. Closing options—Dec., 84¼; May, 87⅞.

MINNEAPOLIS.—Wheat firm. Spot 2½c. and futures 2c. to 1¾c. higher. No. 1 Northern Spring spot, 85½. Closing options—Dec., 80½; May, 84⅛. Barley steady at 5c. to 3½c. advance. Closing options—Dec., 37⅜; May, 42½.

DULUTH.—Linseed firm at 2½c. to 4c. gain. Closing options—Dec., 175; May, 182. Rye steady at 1c. rise. Closing option—Dec., 55¼. Wheat firm at 2⅞c. to 17c. improvement. Closing options—Dec., 81¼; May, 83.

ARGENTINE GRAIN OPTIONS.

BUENOS AIRES.

WHEAT.—Closing options—Dec., 5.42; Jan., unquoted; Feb., 5.67.

MAIZE.—Closing options — Dec., 4.27; Jan., 4.36; Feb., 4.42.

LINSEED.—Closing options — Nov., unquoted; Dec., 11.70; Feb., 11.68.

ROSARIO.

WHEAT.—Closing options—Dec., 5.05; Jan., unquoted.

MAIZE.—Closing options—Dec., 4.20; Jan., 4.25.

NORTHERN MONEY-LENDING ACTION.

EXCESSIVE INTEREST AND EXCESSIVE DRINK.

In the King's Bench Division, Belfast, yesterday, the Lord Chief Justice and a special jury heard an action in which Louis Epstein, registered mo

ANDREW J. KEOGH'S SALES

AT 10 LOWER ORMOND QUAY.

TO-DAY (THURSDAY), 2.30,

Executrix Sale—Patrick Ryan, Decd. (Late 110 Thomas Street).

104 CASKS JOHN POWER & SON WHISKEY IN BOND.

The above comprises:—Qr. Casks, Hhds., and Butts, Bonded 1922, 1923, 1924, 1927, 1930, 1931 and 1933. All at Distillers' Stores. Catalogues from Auctioneer.

TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 2 o'clock.

OUTSTANDING CENTRAL CITY BAR—

SLATTERY'S, 15 SUFFOLK STREET.

IMPORTANT POSITION, ONE DOOR FROM GRAFTON STREET.

MOST IMPOSING FACADE, ALSO ORNATE BAR APPOINTMENTS.

ESTABLISHED FOR MANY YEARS.

Held under yearly tenancy at the annual rent of £195, pending arrangement with the Corporation of Dublin for renewal of lease.

(OWING TO DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.)

Messrs. CARTAN O'MEARA and KIERAN, Solicitors, 27 South Frederick street.

ANDREW J. KEOGH, AUCTIONEER, 10 LR. ORMOND QUAY

SUPERIOR DUBLIN-MADE FURNITURE,

Two Splendid Upright Modern Pianos, Beds and Bedding, etc.

AUCTION TO-MORROW, 12.30 o'c., at 29 BACHELOR'S WALK,

COX'S AUCTION ROOMS,

Comprising in particular a very fine selection of splendidly made Mahogany Diningroom and Bedroom Furniture, also Drawingroom and Hall Furnishings; 5 Upright Pianos, including magnificent German Piano, cost 120 guineas, and Imperial do., cost 50 guineas (both in condition equal to new). The Furnishings comprise briefly:—Costly French design Bow-front Cabinet, superior 7-piece Chesterfield Set, 2 Chippendale design China Display Cabinets, Drawingroom Tables, 6ft. Domingo Mahogany Serpentine-front Sideboard, with Screw Dining Table (with 2 extra leaves) and Set of 8 Dining Chairs (all en suite); 5ft. Walnut Bow-front Mirror-back Sideboard; several splendid Sets of Mahogany Dining Chairs, including a Set of 6 Spoon-back Chairs; a large selection of Overmantel Glasses, 4 sweet-toned Cottage Pianos, H.M.V. Gramophone, two 7-piece Diningroom Suites, three Mahogany Carved-back Sideboards, three 4ft. Domingo Mahogany Bookcases, 6 Hall Stands, costly 4ft. Modern Italian Walnut Exhibition Bedroom Suite, 4ft. French design do.; two 6ft. Spanish Mahogany Glass-door Trio Ward-robes, three 4ft. Mahogany 2-door do., 4ft. Maple Bedroom Suite of 6 pieces, 3ft. Modern Figured Mahogany do., five 4ft. Oak Reflex Suites, 5 Domingo Mahogany Chests of Drawers, Duchesse Pairs, Toilet Glasses, etc.; 3 Bed Settees, Single and Double size Wooden and Brass and Iron Beds, and Wire Mattresses; Pure Curled Hair Mattresses, Bolsters, Pillows, etc.; Kitchen and Deal Furniture in great variety, Culinary Utensils, Linoleum, a few Carpets and Rugs, Berkel Bacon Slicer, and numerous Miscellaneous Effects.

GOODS ON VIEW TO-DAY FROM 11 A.M. TO 6 P.M. PIANOS SOLD 3.30 O'CLOCK.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

FURNITURE SALE TO-DAY, at 12 o'c.

69 SANDYMOUNT AVENUE, BALLSBRIDGE.

SALE TUESDAY, 12th DECEMBER,

AT 110 GRAFTON STREET.

£78 3s. 3d. PER ANNUM WELL-SECURED RENT.

The rent issues out of the Premises known as 41 Upper Fitzwilliam street, held from the Pembroke Estate for 150 years from March, 1829, at the apportioned yearly rent of £11 2s. 10d., now adjusted to £10 14s. 10d., and sub-leased for 142 years from 25th March, 1836, at a rent now adjusted to £88 18s. 1d., showing a profit rent of £78 3s. 3d.

Attention is drawn to the fact that the Vendor holds from the Pembroke Estate, and represents the building lessee. The security is an attractive one.

MONTGOMERY & CHAYTOR, Solicitors, 13 Molesworth street.

FOR PARTICULARS OF OTHER LOTS FOR THIS DATE SEE SATURDAY'S ADVERTISEMENT.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 110 GRAFTON ST

DUN LAOGHAIRE.

7 BRIGHTON TERRACE, SANDYCOVE.

LEASEHOLD PREMISES, WITH VACANT POSSESSION.

MESSRS. TALBOT COALL & SON WILL SELL BY AUCTION, ON THE ABOVE PREMISES, AT ONE O'CLOCK,

On TUESDAY, 12th DECEMBER,

The above desirable Residence, held under lease for a term of 99 years from 1907 at annual rent of £13. Contains:—3 reception rooms, 5 bedrooms, servants' accommodation, kitchen, bathroom, w.c., etc. Large gardens front and rear. There are two garages, one of which is let at £10 per annum. The structure and roof are in sound condition. Electric light. Key with Auctioneers.

CHARLES O'BRIEN, Esq., Solicitor, 54 Dawson street, Dublin.

ALSO ON THE SAME DATE WILL BE SOLD THE SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.

TALBOT COALL & SON, M.I.A.A., AUCTIONEERS, DUN LAOGHAIRE

WEDNESDAY, 13th DECEMBER, at One o'clock.

GROUND AND PROFIT RENT INVESTMENTS.

LOT 1—GROUND RENT OF £17 12s. 3d. PER ANNUM

Out of the modern Residences, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 ASHFIELD AVENUE, RANELAGH.

Held, with other property, for ever indemnified from rent, and sub-leased in four parts at rents amounting to £17 12s. 3d. P.L.V. £122.

LOT 2—GROUND RENT OF £30 0s. 0d. PER ANNUM

Out of 13 GRANBY ROW, DUBLIN.

Held under lease for lives renewable for ever (on payment of peppercorn fines) at £1 10s. 0d. per annum (which rent has not been demanded or paid for many years) and sub-leased for 61 years from 9th September, 1927. P.L.V. £60.

LOT 3—GROUND RENT OF £9 11s. 6d. PER ANNUM

Out of 147 RATHGAR ROAD.

Held, as to portion thereof, under Fee Farm Grant, and as to the remainder thereof under lease dated 12th March, 1834, for a term of 150 years indemnified from rent, and sub-leased for 144 years and 4 months from 1st August, 1838. P.L.V. £29.

LOT 4—PROFIT RENT OF £23 6s. 0d. PER ANNUM

Out of 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21 BLOOMFIELD AVENUE, S.C.R.

All held under lease for 150 years from 25th March, 1867, at an adjusted rent of £28 8s. 0d. per annum, but indemnified against £19 2s. 4d. thereof by adjoining premises, and sub-leased in five parts. Total P.L.V. £179.

LOT 5—GROUND RENT OF £6 5s. 0d. PER ANNUM

Out of 10 ANNAVILLE AVENUE, RANELAGH.

Held under Fee Farm Grant indemnified from rent, and sub-leased for 999 years from 29th September, 1917. P.L.V. £16.

These Rents are all thoroughly secured and form desirable investments.

Conditions of Sale of above 5 Lots from WEBB and WEBB, Solicitors, 1 Suffolk street, Dublin.

Further particulars, etc., from

W. J. HOLDEN & SON,

Auctioneers,

2 SAINT ANDREW STREET, DUBLIN.

COUNTY OF DUBLIN.

Estate of the late Patrick Thunder, Esq.

GRAZING LETTINGS,

AT BALLALY AND ROLESTOWN, LUSK.

JOSEPH LOWRY and SONS are favoured with instructions from F. M. Boylan, Esq. (the Agent), to LET BY AUCTION on the Lands, ON TUESDAY, 5th DECEMBER, 1933, At the Hour of 12 o'clock,

210 ACRES of the above Prime Fattening and Finishing Lands, for the Grazing of Horned Cattle and Sheep only,

for Season ending 1st December, 1934,

IN THE FOLLOWING DIVISIONS:—

BALLALY.

	A.	R.	P.
Marsh Meadow	18	3	0
Hawk's Hill and Parsonage	31	0	18
Big Fields	17	0	20
Long Meadow and Shamrock Lea	18	3	20
Four Acres	6	3	32
Ballymanus	14	2	20
Kiln Field and Mulrock Meadow	9	2	4
Dung Lands	21	0	11
House Field	6	0	0
ROLESTOWN.			
Chapel	16	1	26
Prime Acre	2	0	16
Backgate Division	24	0	33
Cover Division and Pigeon Field	24	0	31

The above Divisions are well sheltered, fenced and watered. A competent herd will take charge of the Stock, but the Agent will not be accountable for losses or accidents.

TERMS—A deposit of 10/- per Acre at Sale; balance by approved of bills, free of interest, payable on the 10th day of September next. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auctioneers' fees.

JOSEPH LOWRY & SONS,

M.I.A.A.,

Auctioneers, Valuers and Land Agents,

KELLS and NAVAN.

Kells, 11th November, 1933.

ESTATE OF MICHAEL McNALLY, Deceased.

TWO-DAY CLEARANCE SALE

OF HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, HAY, STRAW AND ENTIRE OUTDOOR EFFECTS.

TO-MORROW (FRIDAY),

AT OUR SALE MART, BALBRIGGAN,

Commencing at 11 o'clock,

180 HEAD, Beef Stores, Springers, and 2 PedigreeHereford Bulls, as already advertised.

Also Cross-bred and Cheviot Ewes running with Rams, Fat Ewes and Lambs.

SATURDAY NEXT, 2nd DEC.,

AT WALSHESTOWN, BALBRIGGAN,

Commencing at 11 o'clock,

Hay, Straw, Oats, Barley, Mangolds, Turnips, Potatoes, and the entire Outdoor Effects.

JOHN P. CUFFE, LIMITED,

Auctioneers, Valuers and Live Stock Salesmen,

31 MANOR STREET, DUBLIN.

MAGNIFIERS

See the Splendid Range of Magnifiers at

DIXON & HEMPENSTALL

12 SUFFOLK STREET.

"BATTERSBY'S AUCTIONS."

ESTABLISHED 1815.

TO-DAY (THURSDAY), at 2.30 o'c.,

AT OUR PROPERTY SALEROOMS, 39 WESTMORELAND ST.

54 GARVILLE AVE., RATHGAR.

SEMI-DETACHED. POSSESSION.

J. O'Connor and Co., Solicitors, 1 Dame street.

32 ARRAN QUAY.

(The sale of this property is postponed to our next sale.)

"MOUNT TOWN HOUSE," DUN LAOGHAIRE.

CHARMING RESIDENCE, 9¼ ACRES.

Moran and Devine, Solicitors, 12 Dame street.

118 PHIBSBOROUGH ROAD.

Investor's Lot. Well Let.

J. Hawthorne, Solicitor, 16 Eustace street.

BATTERSBY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, M.I.A.A., F.A.I.,

"SERVICE BUILT ON A CENTURY'S EXPERIENCE."

39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN

ESTABLISHED 1815.

JAMES S. McMAHON & CO.

PROPERTY SALE,

FRIDAY, 15th December, at 12, in our Salerooms, 132 Stephen's Green,

"MONTPELIER," ORWELL PARK, RATHGAR.

ON ONE ACRE—WITH POSSESSION.

A handsome, double-fronted, detached, non-basement Residence, of attractive pre-war design, and built of the finest materials. The House contains:—Well-proportioned double drawingrooms, with folding doors; diningroom, cloakrooms and pantry on hall floor, and halldoor of beautiful design. Upstairs there are five bedrooms, dressingroom, bathroom, lavatory accommodation, and hot linen press. On the hall level, at back, there is a tiled kitchen, pantries, maid's room. At back of hall is a splendid and well-proportioned vinery, heated by hot pipes; tennis ground, greenhouse, ornamental fountain, productive garden, with rear entrance from the Dodder road, and excellent garage. The views of the Dublin Mountains are unsurpassed and superb.

The Residence is held for about 500 years, subject to the moderate rent of £17, the P.L.V. being £60.

For Conditions of Sale apply to J. J. McDONALD, Esq., Solicitor, 116 Grafton street; or, with Orders to View, from the Auctioneers.

JAMES S. McMAHON & CO., M.I.A.A.,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,

132 STEPHEN'S GREEN AND 100 MAIN ST., BRAY.

HIGH-CLASS AUCTION OF A LARGE COLLECTION OF ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, ERARD CONCERT HARP, PIANOS, CARPETS AND EFFECTS,

AT TORMEY'S AUCTION ROOMS, 25 BACHELOR'S WALK, TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), at one o'clock.

Including:—Upright Iron-frame Piano, by Pigott; Sebastian Erard Concert Harp; costly Mahogany Chippendale and Sheraton Display Cabinets, Chesterfield and Drawingroom Suites; a Set of 50 Oak Chairs, covered in leather; Oak and Mahogany Roll-top Desks, Mahogany and Walnut Glass-back Sideboards, Mahogany Dumb Waiters, Walnut Chiffonier, Mahogany and Walnut Bookcases, Dining Tables, Cheval Glasses, Parlour and Diningroom Suites, Buhl Cabinets, Occasional Chairs and Tables, China, Ornaments, Glass Ware, Brass Fenders and Brasses, superior 6ft. Burr Walnut Bedroom Suite, original cost £150; Bedroom Suites, in mahogany, walnut, oak, Italian walnut; Beds and Bedding; Kitchen and Stained Wood Furniture, and numerous Miscellaneous Effects. GOODS ON VIEW.

J. J. TORMEY, AUCTIONEER & VALUER, 25 BACHELOR'S WALK.

'PHONE 43673.

HOUSES AND LANDS.

ALLEN & TOWNSEND.

J. H. Allen, F.S.I. H. H. Townsend, B.A.

SITES for Single Houses in all districts.

BLACKROCK.—Site on main road, open position, all services; suit builder or person requiring single site.

WELLINGTON ROAD.—Executor's Sale; 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, tiled kitchen, bathroom, large garden, stable, electric light; head rent only £5 10/-; long lease.

TERENURE.—Detached House, on tram and 'bus route, with ¾ acre; 4 reception, 5 bedrooms, maid's room; all in perfect order; garage, electric light and gas; price £2,250.

PALMERSTON ROAD.—Newly-built all-brick House; 2 reception, 5 bedrooms, garage; price £1,200.

SANDFORD ROAD. — Modern House, 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, garage, electricity; price £875.

INVESTMENTS. — Wanted, Ground and Profit Rents, occupied Houses, Cottage and Tenement Property.

ALLEN & TOWNSEND,

11 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

TELEPHONE 43308.

STEVENSON & CO. (NEWTOWNARDS), LTD.,

NEAR BELFAST.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR MANUFACTURERS.

Offers are invited for the Purchase, as a Going Concern, of the above old-established Business, comprising Newtownards and Balbriggan Factories. The Newtownards Factory, which is centrally situated in the town, is a most modern building, and held under a fee-farm grant, at a nominal rent. Full particulars will be furnished by the undersigned.

Tenders must be lodged at my Office on or before 2nd December, 1933.

Separate offers would also be considered for either Newtownards or Balbriggan Businesses.

Dated this 25th November, 1933.

T. C. G. MACKINTOSH, Solicitor for Company, Newtownards.

KILLOWEN, CO. DOWN.

FOR SALE by Private Treaty, TULLAHOGUE HOUSE and LANDS, containing about 8 acres, statute, and held for term of 999 years at yearly rent of £11 0s. 0d.

Beautifully situated on the shores of Carlingford Lough.

For particulars apply to:—

WRAY and TELFORD, Solicitors, Newry.

JOHN MURNEY,

Auctioneer, KILLOWEN.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN People is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning

GRAZING TO LET.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC WORKS invite Tenders for the Grazing of the Lands at Dalkey Quarry, containing about 15¾ Statute Acres, for the season ending 30th November, 1934.

Sealed Tenders, marked "Dalkey Quarry," and addressed to the Secretary, Office of Public Works, Dublin, will be received up to, but not later than, 12 noon on the 6th of December, 1933. The Commissioners will not be bound to accept the highest or any Tender. 10/P 963. W.H.Co.

BELFAST ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements for next day's issue are received at our Branch Office, 13 Donegall Street, up to 5.0 p.m. Telephone—Belfast, 1787.

This Dainty Fascinating Lingerie makes an Ideal Christmas Present

PIMS

Great Offer of Nightdresses, Slip & Knicker Sets, Dressing Gowns, etc.

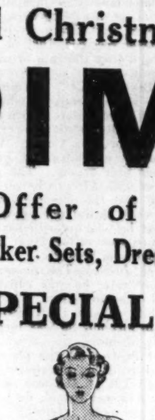
AT SPECIAL PRICES

Above is shown a practical Dressing Gown in quilted Rayon. Made with pretty floral lining—the predominating shade toning with the outside of gown. In very smart shades of saxe, red, black, geranium and almond. Wonderful Value 29/11

A FASCINATING SET, comprising Princess Slip, trimmed fine ecru lace and yoke front. A very graceful and clinging garment of perfect cut and finish. The Knickers to match are trimmed with motif at knees. In shades of ivory, apple, maize, parchment, peach, azure and sunrise. PRICE, THE SET 15/5

Really splendid value in these well-made Wool Dressing Jackets (as illustrated). Superior quality and nicely finished with crochet effect. In lovely shades of sky, pink, apple, peach-white, helio. SPECIAL PRICE, 4/11

Orders of 20/- or over Post Free.



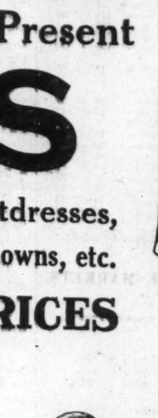
Qa left is sketched a very Dainty Slip and Knickers Set in good quality locknit. The Slip is very daintily trimmed with three rows of net at end. French shaped Knickers to match, also nicely trimmed with net, as illustrated. In sky, pink, peach, almond, lupin, and maize. THE SET 11/10

Irish-made Nightdresses in Spun Silk Schappe. Nicely embroidered V neck and sleeveless. Neck and armholes nicely finished with scalloped edges. In natural colour. PRICE 6/11

Also a large variety in better qualities, in pink, sky and natural, at 7/11, 9/6, 10/11 and 12/11.

On Right—Ladies' Slip and Knicker Set—in good quality Locknit—well cut and daintily trimmed. The Knickers have a basque front and motif on the leg. THE SET 9/10

In following shades—Azure, peach, maize, sunrise, parchment, lupin, almond and ivory.



Ladies' Cosy Ripple Cloth Dressing Gown (as illustrated). Made with good wrap-over and tie-at-side. Available in camel, red, mauve, and saxe. Beautiful quality. Perfectly cut and finished. SPECIAL PRICE 9/11

Attractive Locknit Slip and Knickers Set—Slip has Opera top, daintily trimmed with good quality lace. Well cut and figure fitting design. Knickers have elastic at waist and knees, and are trimmed to match. THE SET 7/11

In following shades:—Peach, ivory, sunrise, maize, sky, parchment and lupin.

Outstanding Value in Ladies' warm bed wraps, as shown above. Well made from best quality selected wool, and beautifully finished. Obtainable in nice shades of apple, yellow, coral, white piped pink, and plain white. SPECIAL PRICE 3/6

PIM BROTHERS LTD. GEORGE'S ST., DUBLIN

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.)

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK.

FOR Sale, 200 Horned Wethers, 12/- each.—Ferguson, Glenmore, Welchtown, Co. Donegal. 29 A

DOGS.

AGGSY Boarding Kennels—Pedigree Terriers for Sale; reasonable prices; inspection invited.—Mrs. Sewell Hicks, Glen Druic, Shankill 'Phone: Shankill 22.

FOX Kennel News, Articles, and best Reports of Dog Shows, also Irish Kennel Club Registrations, Official organ of the Irish Kennel Club. Published every Saturday. Price 2d. On Sale at all Newsagents and Bookstalls.

DOGS CONTINUED.

FOR Sale, pure bred Blue Cocker Spaniels, three months old, both sire and dam from celebrated field trial winning strain. Apply Farnham Estate Office, Cavan. 25 D

RETRIEVER Wanted, must be non-slip, good nose, and good in water.—Hamilton, Brownhall, Ballinrin, Co. Donegal 26 D

TWO promising Wire Fox Terrier Dog Pups, 5 months; sire Halliday Rescal, dam Kepso; both good winners.—Dennis, 48 Springarden street. 28 F

WANTED, Black Aberdeen Terrier Puppy, Dog or Bitch. Apply 58 Mid Abbey street. 27 E

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE AND WANTED.

ALBERT MacARTHUR, "The Housefinder," 17 D'OLIER STREET. T

HOUSES AND LANDS CONTINUED.

A BUNGALOW in Achill, Furnished, Ideal position, at Keel, for Sale. Apply R. G. Browne and Co., Auctioneers, Westport. 27 A

ADJACENT to Ailesbury road—An exceedingly nice House, garden, garage, etc.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 28 F

ATTRACTIVE Residence at Kinsara road, Clontarf; 4 bedrooms, bathroom, lavatory, 2 reception rooms, kitchen, scullery, garage and outoffices, gardens front and rear; immediate possession on small deposit, balance arranged; inspection invited. Particulars from M. and T. Somers, on Site, or at 48 Henry street. 'Phone 46099. 28 X

A SMALL initial deposit sufficient to secure semi-detached 6/7 roomed Houses, Maretimo Villas, Newtown avenue, Blackrock.—Archer, 12 Lower Fitzwilliam street. 'Phone 62023. 29 A

A Dun Laoghaire—Pre-war House in prominent position, suit two or private dwelling. £775.—Etchingham and Co., 11 Lower Baggot street. 29 A

AT Maretimo Villas, Newtown avenue, Blackrock—By selecting House now you can have choice of position, range, mantels, decorations; all particulars on site.—Archer. 28 F

BALLSBRIDGE—Compact House, 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, maid's room, hot and cold bath; price £800.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 28 F

BUSHY Park road—Desirable semi detached non basement House for Sale.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 28 F

BOROUGH Agency, Northumberland avenue, Dun Laoghaire, offer Houses for Sale and Letting, all districts and all prices. 29 A

CLONSKEAGH—Charming Bungalow Residence, on the 'bus route, containing 2 reception, 2 bedrooms, kitchenette, hot and cold bath, electric light and gas; garden, garage; remission of rates; price £850.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27 E

CLONSKEAGH—Attractive Bungalow; two reception, two bedrooms, large garden, garage; rates remission 14 years. Key from Browne and Dowse, Grafton street, opposite Woolworth's. 29 A

DUNBOYNE (nine miles from Dublin)—Detached Residence, on 13 acres; 10 apartments, bath room (h. and c.), stabling for 9 horses, groom's house, two garages; held in fee simple; price £1,250. Prim Bros., 21 Dawson street. 28 D

DRUMCONDRA—6 Roomed House, with bath, lavatory, electric light, and garden; price £585.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27 E

DONNYBROOK—For Sale, excellent well built House, garage, etc.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 28 F

DANTRY road—Attractive non basement House for Sale, every convenience.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 28 F

DRUMCONDRA (Whitehall), £875; freshly decorated; double garage; unique.—Arthur Jones, Stephen's Green. 28 F

GLENAGEARY—Detached non basement Residence for Sale, large gardens, garage, etc.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 28 F

"GILMOSS," Shore road, Sutton, semi-detached glorious view, on sea front; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, bathroom, etc., big garden, garage. Selling next Tuesday.—Auctioneer, Albert MacArthur, D'Olier street, "The Housefinder." 29 A

IONA Drive, Glasnevin—Comfortable Residence, desirable locality; possession; £1,050.—Holden, Auctioneers, Saint Andrew street. 27 E

INVESTMENT—5 Effra road for Sale by Auction, on 5th December, at 20 Lincoln place.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 28 F

INVESTMENT—Red brick House, 54 West road, North Strand, producing £78. Selling next Tuesday.—Auctioneer, Albert MacArthur, "The Housefinder." 29 A

KIMMAGE road, West—Modern House, 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, kitchen, hot and cold bath, garden, garage; electric light and gas; price £1,025.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27 E

LARGE modern House and Grounds, small House and Garden for Sale.—Craig, Waterville, Conyngham road. 27 E

"LISIEUX," Lea road, Sandymount—Semi-detached House, with garage. Auction next Tuesday. 29 A

"LISIEUX," Lea road—Nicely situated off Strand road, containing 7 apartments, bathroom, nice garden, etc. Seen any time. Auctioneer, Albert MacArthur, "The Housefinder." 29 A

MOUNTAINVIEW road, Ranelagh—Attractive modern House, on which over two hundred pounds has been spent in making two absolutely self-contained flats, for Sale at reasonable price. Apply Browne and Dowse, Grafton street, opposite Woolworth's. 27 E

MESPIL road—Price £1,000, long lease, very excellent order; electric light, 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, maid's, etc.; garden. Apply Probert and Franks, 23 Stephen's Green. 27 E

MODERN Semi-detached House, Blackrock district; two entertaining, three bedrooms, bathroom, lavatory, store cupboard, pantry, e.l., gas, garage well stocked garden, tool shed; recently decorated; £975.—X 850, this office. 28 F

NORTH City, £575—A neat brick built, pre-war House; 6 apartments, bath, outside lavatory and yard.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 25 D

NORTH City—A fine House, containing 12 apartments, hot and cold bath; garage; price £1,050. Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27 E

NORTH City—Commodious Residence, in good order, within easy walking distance of Nelson Pillar; suits for immediate Sale. Fuller particulars, North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

PALMERSTON road vicinity — Attractive, semi-detached, non-basement Residence; 2 reception, breakfast room, 6 bedrooms, hot and cold bath, 2 lavatories; good garden and garage; price £2,400.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27 E

RATHFARNHAM road, Terenure—Newly built substantial Houses, containing each seven apartments, tioneers, Saint Andrew street. 27 E

RATHGAR—An excellently built House, modern, semi-detached, non-basement; 2 reception, breakfast room, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, hot and cold bath; garage; electric light and gas; price £1,600. Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27 E

ROUTE, Rathmines, Ranelagh—Select, compact, 6 apartment House; £700, cash buyers; no agents. Address "Z 4682, House," this office. 27 D

RANELAGH—For Sale, 12 compact two storey Houses, let to excellent tenants, producing £48 monthly, price £340 each; sound investment. Apply Corrigan and Co., 60 Dawson street.

SANDFORD road, £750—Modern, non-basement; 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, hot and cold bath; space for garage.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents.

SOUTH Co. Dublin—An exceptionally well-built Residence, standing on 2 acres, with 2 reception, breakfast room, tiled kitchen, pantry and scullery, all on the hall level; upstairs, 4 family bedrooms, dressingroom, bath, separate lavatory and maid's room, electric light; garden, garage, stabling, paddock, and tennis court; a very well planned house, easy to run, in a nice open position, but not overlooked; for Sale. Particulars as to price, apply to Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27 E

SYDNEY parade avenue—Detached, non-basement, standing on acre; 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, hot and cold bath; garden, space for garage, tennis court; electric light; price £1,900.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27 E

SOUTH Circular road, 48 Lombard street, West—Fine corner House, 9 apartments, etc., 50 feet side garden on Arbutus place, with shed. Sold next time. Selling next Tuesday.—Auctioneer, Albert MacArthur, "The Housefinder." 29 A

TERENURE—A modern House, with nice garden, space for garage; 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, hot and cold bath, garden, conservatory, off diningroom, rear entrance, electric light throughout and gas laid on; price £950.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 27 E

WHY Pay Rent when you can Purchase a labour saving new House from Browne and Dowse, of Grafton street (opposite Woolworth's), for a deposit of from £150, repaying the balance over a long period at about £1 per week; call in and let us help you to choose from our large lists, no fees charged.

WANTED, Rathmines, 1 or 1 Acre Site for private residence, on or near Whitechurch 'bus route.—X 907, this office. 29 A

3 FAIRFIELD road, Glasnevin—Modern, two storey House; 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, bath (h. and c.), kitchenette, etc.; semi-detached, side entrance, good garden; splendid condition. 29 A

4 APARTMENT House, 2 Newcomen avenue, off North Strand road, now vacant; newly decorated. Selling next Tuesday. Keys, Auctioneer, Albert MacArthur, "The Housefinder." 29 A

7 CASTLETOWN road, Clonskea, adjacent Milltown Park; 6 apartments; modern; Sale Tuesday, 19th December.—Heron, 138 Pearse street, Dublin. 28 F

65 Leinster road, Rathmines, for Sale; 3 reception, 3 bedrooms, maid's room, bathroom (hot, cold), e.l.; gas; best position, near three trams, 'bus, churches; large garden, garage. Apply above. 28 F

124 LEINSTER road—For Sale by Auction, on 5th December, at 20 Lincoln place.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 28 F

£250 CASH, balance £48 yearly, purchases attractive new House near Palmerston road, Rathmines; seven rooms, garage; only two left.—Browne and Dowse, Grafton street, opposite Woolworths. 27 E

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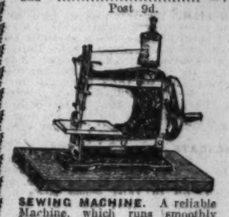

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